

Converting Colors

`RYB(96, 59, 179)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(96, 59, 179) contains.

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Color

R_YB(96, 59, 179)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	603BB3
RGB	96, 59, 179
RGB Percent	38%, 23%, 70%
CMY	0.6235, 0.7686, 0.2980
CMYK	0.46, 0.67, 0.00, 0.30
HSL	258°, 50%, 47%
HSV	258°, 67%, 70%
XYZ	14.5245, 8.8694, 43.5943
YIQ	83.7430, -16.4680, 45.1640

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

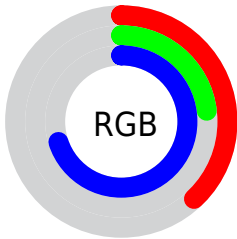
Format	Color
R_{YB}	96, 59, 179
Decimal	6306739
CIE _{Lab}	35.73, 44.33, -58.22
CIE _{LCh}	36, 73.175, 307.292
Yxy	8.8694, 0.2168, 0.1324
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284496819 (0xFF603BB3)
YUV	83.7430, 46.9617, 10.7494
Hunter-Lab	29.7815, 34.9371, -65.9417

Details

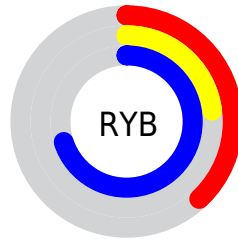
The RYB color **96, 59, 179** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663399**. A complement of this color would be **59, 179, 96**, and the grayscale version is **83, 83, 83**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **153, 109, 236**, and **35, 9, 125** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **84, 41, 179**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **108, 77, 179**.

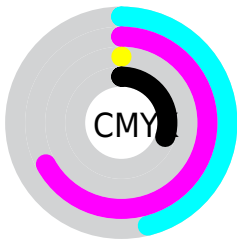
Distribution



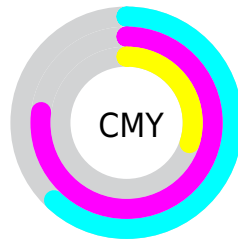
- Red (38%)
- Green (23%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (30%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (77%)
- Yellow (30%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 96, 59, 179 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 96, 59, 179 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



96, 59, 179



96, 59, 179

255, 255, 255



67, 35, 152



153, 109, 236



35, 9, 125



181, 135, 255



0, 0, 99



210, 161, 255



0, 0, 75



240, 189, 255



0, 4, 51



255, 217, 255



0, 2, 29



255, 246, 255



0, 0, 0



96, 59, 179



96, 59, 179



84, 41, 179



108, 77, 179

71, 23, 179

121, 95, 179

59, 5, 179

133, 113, 179

55, 0, 179

146, 131, 179

158, 149, 179

170, 166, 179

179, 184, 180

179, 202, 186

179, 220, 192

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 61, 203



96, 59, 179



161, 0, 131

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



96, 59, 179



138, 116, 0



0, 56, 107

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



96, 59, 179



59, 179, 96

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 79, 105



96, 59, 179



4, 91, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



96, 59, 179



171, 10, 14



0, 99, 89



0, 63, 155

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



96, 59, 179



179, 0, 92



0, 99, 89



0, 61, 106

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



96, 59, 179



200, 186, 232



59, 108, 179



98, 89, 117



245, 245, 245



117, 117, 117

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



96, 59, 179



104, 46, 232



155, 59, 179



83, 80, 89



47, 0, 153



8, 0, 26

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



179, 59, 142



232, 46, 175



59, 179, 155



89, 80, 86



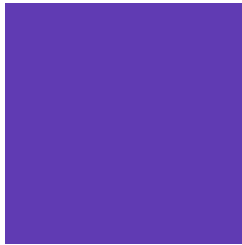
153, 0, 106



26, 0, 18

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 96, 59, 179 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 96, 59, 179 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

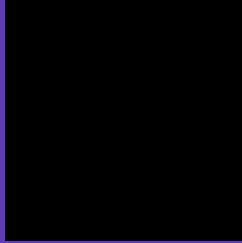
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 96, 59, 179 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 96, 59, 179.

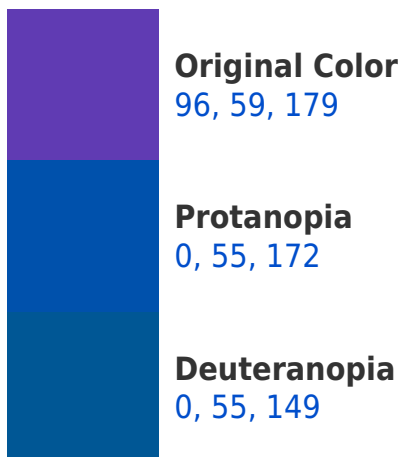


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 96, 59, 179.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia

73, 81, 93

Trichromacy



Original Color
96, 59, 179

Protanomaly
35, 65, 175

Deuteranomaly
35, 66, 160

Tritanomaly
81, 76, 124

Monochromacy



Original Color
96, 59, 179

Achromatopsia
84, 84, 84

Achromatomaly
88, 75, 119

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 96, 59, 179 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(96, 59, 179) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(96, 59, 179)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(96, 59, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(96, 59, 179) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 96, 59, 179 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(96, 59, 179) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(96, 59, 179) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(96, 59, 179)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(96, 59, 179); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 59, 179);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 59,  
179) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 96, 59, 179 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(96, 59, 179) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(96, 59,  
179) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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