

Converting Colors

`RYB(96, 72, 145)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(96, 72, 145) contains.

RYB(96, 72, 145)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(96, 72, 145)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	604891
RGB	96, 72, 145
RGB Percent	38%, 28%, 57%
CMY	0.6235, 0.7176, 0.4314
CMYK	0.34, 0.50, 0.00, 0.43
HSL	260°, 34%, 43%
HSV	260°, 50%, 57%
XYZ	12.2521, 9.1659, 27.9115
YIQ	87.4980, -9.1290, 27.7910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

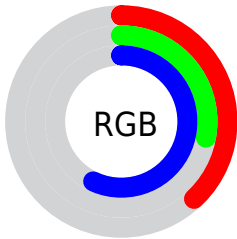
Format	Color
RYB	96, 72, 145
Decimal	6310033
CIELab	36.30, 27.14, -36.87
CIElCh	36, 45.784, 306.353
Yxy	9.1659, 0.2484, 0.1858
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284500113 (0xFF604891)
YUV	87.4980, 28.3485, 7.4563
Hunter-Lab	30.2752, 19.2557, -33.4684

Details

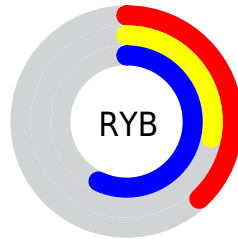
The RYB color **96, 72, 145** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **72, 145, 96**, and the grayscale version is **87, 87, 87**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **149, 121, 199**, and **45, 27, 94** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **86, 58, 145**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **106, 86, 145**.

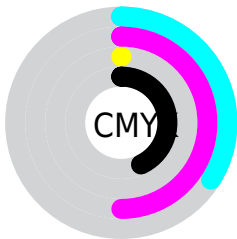
Distribution



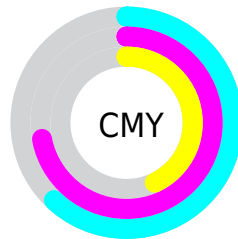
- Red (38%)
- Green (28%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (72%)
- Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 96, 72, 145 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 96, 72, 145 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



96, 72, 145



96, 72, 145

255, 255, 255



70, 49, 119



149, 121, 199



45, 27, 94



176, 147, 228



19, 6, 70



204, 174, 255



0, 0, 47



233, 201, 255



0, 1, 25



255, 229, 255



0, 0, 0



96, 72, 145



96, 72, 145



86, 58, 145



106, 86, 145



77, 43, 145



115, 101, 145

■ 67, 29, 145

■ 125, 116, 145

■ 57, 14, 145

■ 135, 130, 145

■ 48, 0, 145

■ 145, 145, 145

■ 145, 159, 150

■ 145, 174, 155

■ 145, 188, 159

■ 145, 203, 164

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 56, 159



96, 72, 145



135, 55, 116

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



96, 72, 145



111, 126, 12



0, 54, 102

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



96, 72, 145



72, 145, 96

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 65, 100



96, 72, 145



11, 96, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



96, 72, 145



146, 59, 44



19, 95, 57



0, 57, 128

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



96, 72, 145



148, 48, 91



19, 95, 57



0, 57, 102

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



96, 72, 145



170, 160, 189



72, 102, 145



83, 77, 94



222, 222, 222



94, 94, 94

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



96, 72, 145



113, 75, 189



132, 72, 145



67, 64, 71



44, 0, 135



3, 0, 8

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



145, 72, 121



189, 75, 151



72, 145, 132



71, 64, 69



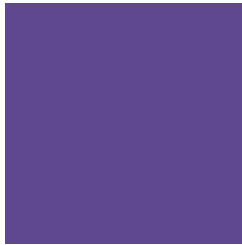
135, 0, 91



8, 0, 5

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 96, 72, 145 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 96, 72, 145 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYP 96, 72, 145 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYP color 96, 72, 145.

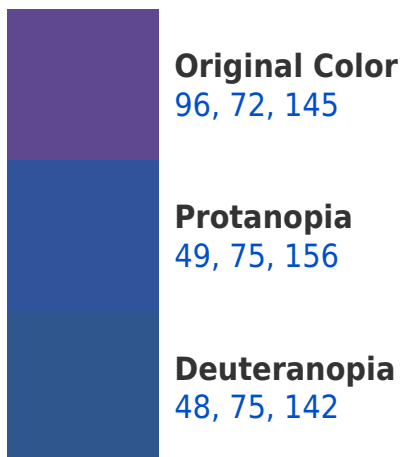



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYP color 96, 72, 145.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
85, 85, 92

Trichromacy



Original Color

96, 72, 145

Protanomaly

66, 77, 152

Deuteranomaly

65, 78, 143

Tritanomaly

89, 80, 111

Monochromacy



Original Color

96, 72, 145

Achromatopsia

87, 87, 87

Achromatomaly

90, 82, 108

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 96, 72, 145 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(96, 72, 145) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(96, 72, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(96, 72, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(96, 72, 145) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 96, 72, 145 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(96, 72, 145) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(96, 72, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(96, 72, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(96, 72, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 72, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 72,  
145) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 96, 72, 145 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(96, 72, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(96, 72,  
145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor