

# Converting Colors

`RYB(97, 103, 148)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(97, 103, 148) contains.

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# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(97, 103, 148)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	616894
RGB	97, 104, 148
RGB Percent	38%, 41%, 58%
CMY	0.6196, 0.5929, 0.4196
CMYK	0.34, 0.30, 0.00, 0.42
HSL	232°, 21%, 48%
HSV	232°, 34%, 58%
XYZ	15.2053, 14.5399, 30.0221
YIQ	106.9230, -18.2960, 12.2000

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

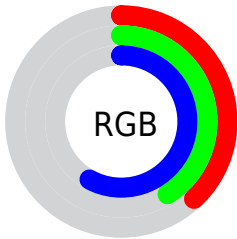
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	97, 103, 148
Decimal	6383764
CIE Lab	45.00, 8.51, -25.01
CIE LCh	45, 26.413, 288.791
Yxy	14.5399, 0.2544, 0.2433
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284573844 (0xFF616894)
YUV	106.9230, 20.2510, -8.7025
Hunter-Lab	38.1312, 4.4492, -19.9892

# Details

The RYB color **97, 103, 148** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **105, 148, 97**, and the grayscale version is **107, 107, 107**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **149, 154, 202**, and **48, 56, 97** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82, 90, 148**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **112, 116, 148**.

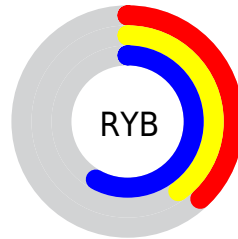
# Distribution



Red (38%)

Green (41%)

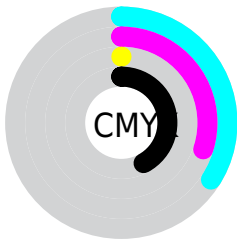
Blue (58%)



Red (38%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (58%)

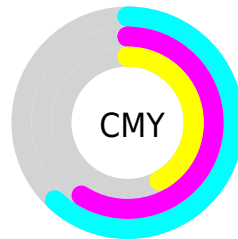


Cyan (34%)

Magenta (30%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (62%)

Magenta (59%)














Yellow (42%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 97, 103, 148 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 97, 103, 148 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 97, 103, 148	 97, 103, 148
 255, 255, 255	 72, 79, 122
 149, 154, 202	 48, 56, 97
 176, 181, 230	 23, 33, 73
 204, 209, 255	 0, 11, 50
 232, 236, 255	 0, 2, 29
	 0, 0, 0

 97, 103, 148	 97, 103, 148
 82, 90, 148	 112, 116, 148
 67, 77, 148	 127, 129, 148

■ 53, 64, 148

■ 141, 142, 148

■ 38, 50, 148

■ 149, 156, 148

■ 23, 38, 148

■ 151, 171, 148

■ 8, 25, 148

■ 154, 186, 148

■ 0, 18, 148

■ 156, 201, 148

■ 158, 215, 148

■ 161, 230, 148

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60, 92, 149



97, 103, 148



126, 96, 136

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



97, 103, 148



144, 104, 74



54, 92, 118

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



97, 103, 148



105, 148, 97

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77, 115, 110



97, 103, 148



106, 128, 63

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



97, 103, 148



150, 90, 93



64, 109, 66



23, 71, 120

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



97, 103, 148



139, 92, 123



64, 109, 66



64, 100, 117



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97, 103, 148



172, 175, 191



97, 124, 148



85, 87, 97



224, 224, 224



97, 97, 97



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97, 103, 148



113, 122, 191



116, 97, 148



67, 68, 74



0, 16, 138



0, 1, 10



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



148, 97, 104



191, 113, 123



97, 148, 116



74, 67, 68



138, 0, 18

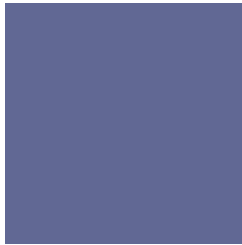


10, 0, 1



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 97, 103, 148 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

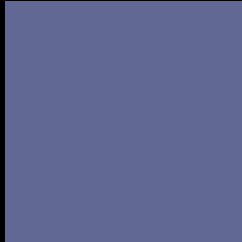
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 97, 103, 148 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

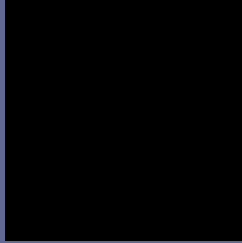
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## R Y B 97, 103, 148 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 97, 103, 148.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 97, 103, 148.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

97, 103, 148

### Protanopia

93, 103, 149

### Deuteranopia

93, 103, 148



**Tritanopia**  
90, 102, 118

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

97, 103, 148

**Protanomaly**

94, 103, 149

**Deuteranomaly**

94, 103, 148

**Tritanomaly**

93, 104, 129

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

97, 103, 148

**Achromatopsia**

107, 107, 107

**Achromatomaly**

103, 106, 122

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 97, 103, 148 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(97, 104, 148)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(97, 104, 148)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 104, 148) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(97, 104, 148) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 97, 103, 148 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(97, 104, 148) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(97, 104, 148) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(97, 104, 148)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(97, 104, 148); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 104, 148);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 104,  
148) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 97, 103, 148 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(97, 104, 148) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(97, 104,  
148) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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