

Converting Colors

`RYB(97, 131, 165)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(97, 131, 165) contains.

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Color

R_YB(97, 131, 165)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	61A5A5
RGB	97, 165, 165
RGB Percent	38%, 65%, 65%
CMY	0.6196, 0.3529, 0.3529
CMYK	0.41, 0.00, 0.00, 0.35
HSL	180°, 27%, 51%
HSV	180°, 41%, 65%
XYZ	25.1764, 32.1683, 40.4795
YIQ	144.6680, -40.5280, -14.4160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

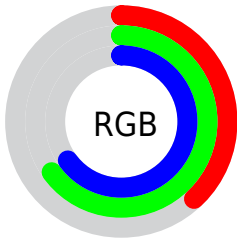
Format	Color
RYB	97, 131, 165
Decimal	6399397
CIELab	63.48, -21.48, -6.77
CIELCh	63, 22.525, 197.497
Yxy	32.1683, 0.2574, 0.3288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284589477 (0xFF61A5A5)
YUV	144.6680, 10.0237, -41.8048
Hunter-Lab	56.7171, -20.0196, -2.6138

Details

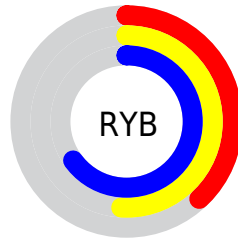
The RYB color **97, 131, 165** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **165, 97, 97**, and the grayscale version is **145, 145, 145**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **151, 186, 220**, and **42, 78, 113** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80, 123, 165**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **113, 139, 165**.

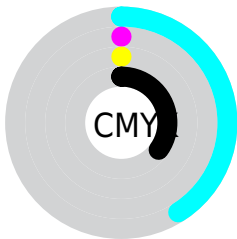
Distribution



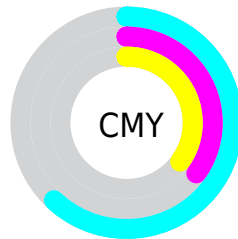
- Red (38%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 97, 131, 165 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 97, 131, 165 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



97, 131, 165



97, 131, 165

255, 255, 255



70, 105, 139



151, 186, 220



42, 78, 113



179, 214, 249



5, 47, 89



208, 232, 255



0, 33, 65



237, 246, 255



0, 21, 43



0, 11, 23



0, 0, 0



97, 131, 165



97, 131, 165



80, 123, 165



113, 139, 165

■ 64, 115, 165

■ 130, 148, 165

■ 47, 106, 165

■ 146, 156, 165

■ 31, 98, 165

■ 163, 164, 165

■ 14, 90, 165

■ 179, 165, 165

■ 0, 83, 165

■ 196, 165, 165

■ 212, 165, 165

■ 229, 165, 165

■ 245, 165, 165

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



112, 144, 164



97, 131, 165



99, 135, 183

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



97, 131, 165



171, 145, 181



160, 176, 115

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



97, 131, 165



165, 97, 97

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



190, 150, 125



97, 131, 165



188, 140, 163

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



97, 131, 165



146, 151, 192



195, 140, 143



115, 156, 115

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



97, 131, 165



110, 141, 190



195, 140, 143



182, 173, 117

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97, 131, 165



188, 201, 214



97, 165, 165



92, 100, 107



235, 235, 235



107, 107, 107

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97, 131, 165



109, 162, 214



97, 120, 165



73, 78, 82



0, 73, 145



0, 9, 18

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



165, 97, 165



214, 109, 214



165, 165, 97



82, 73, 82



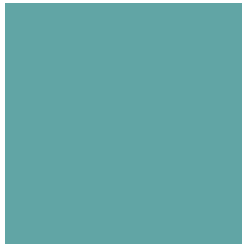
145, 0, 145



18, 0, 18

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 97, 131, 165 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 97, 131, 165 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

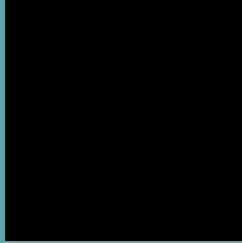
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 97, 131, 165 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 97, 131, 165.

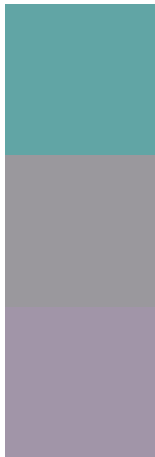


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 97, 131, 165.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
97, 131, 165

Protanopia
154, 152, 157

Deuteranopia
161, 149, 168



Tritanopia
100, 134, 176

Trichromacy



Original Color

97, 131, 165

Protanomaly

133, 146, 160

Deuteranomaly

138, 149, 167

Tritanomaly

99, 133, 172

Monochromacy



Original Color

97, 131, 165

Achromatopsia

145, 145, 145

Achromatomaly

128, 140, 152

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 97, 131, 165 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(97, 165, 165)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(97, 165, 165)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 165, 165) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(97, 165, 165) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 97, 131, 165 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(97, 165, 165) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(97, 165, 165) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(97, 165, 165)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(97, 165, 165); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 165, 165);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 165,  
165) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 97, 131, 165 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(97, 165, 165) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(97, 165,  
165) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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