

# Converting Colors

`RYB(97, 132, 162)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(97, 132, 162) contains.

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# Color

**$\text{RYB}(97, 132, 162)$**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	61A299
RGB	97, 162, 153
RGB Percent	38%, 64%, 60%
CMY	0.6196, 0.3647, 0.4011
CMYK	0.40, 0.00, 0.06, 0.36
HSL	171°, 26%, 51%
HSV	171°, 40%, 64%
XYZ	23.5763, 30.6725, 34.6912
YIQ	141.5390, -35.8510, -16.5790

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

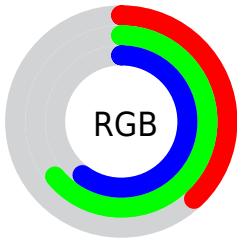
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	97, 132, 162
Decimal	6398617
CIELab	62.23, -23.04, -1.72
CIELCh	62, 23.105, 184.269
Yxy	30.6725, 0.2651, 0.3449
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284588697 (0xFF61A299)
YUV	141.5390, 5.6503, -39.0607
Hunter-Lab	55.3828, -20.9329, 1.6293

# Details

The RYB color **97, 132, 162** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **162, 97, 106**, and the grayscale version is **141, 141, 141**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **151, 187, 217**, and **44, 79, 110** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **81, 125, 162**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **113, 139, 162**.

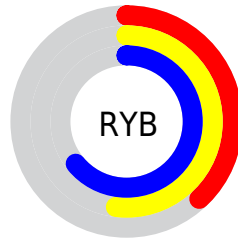
# Distribution



Red (38%)

Green (64%)

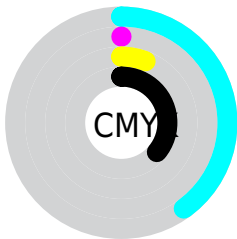
Blue (60%)



Red (38%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (64%)

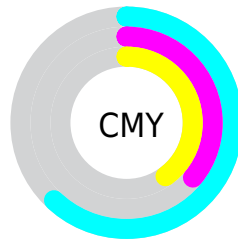


Cyan (40%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (6%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (62%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (40%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 97, 132, 162 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 97, 132, 162 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





97, 132, 162



97, 132, 162

255, 255, 255



71, 106, 136



151, 187, 217



44, 79, 110



178, 215, 246



12, 50, 85



207, 231, 255



0, 33, 62



235, 245, 255



0, 21, 39



0, 8, 15



0, 0, 0



97, 132, 162



97, 132, 162



81, 125, 162



113, 139, 162

■ 65, 117, 162

■ 129, 147, 162

■ 48, 109, 162

■ 146, 155, 162

■ 32, 102, 162

■ 162, 162, 162

■ 16, 95, 162

■ 178, 162, 164

■ 0, 87, 162

■ 194, 162, 167

■ 210, 162, 169

■ 227, 162, 171

■ 243, 162, 174

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



117, 149, 160



97, 132, 162



90, 128, 173

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



97, 132, 162



157, 144, 184



181, 165, 114

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



97, 132, 162



162, 97, 106

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



191, 140, 128



97, 132, 162



179, 138, 169

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



97, 132, 162



129, 145, 191



191, 136, 148



127, 163, 110

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



97, 132, 162



96, 133, 183



191, 136, 148



185, 153, 118



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97, 132, 162



186, 200, 212



97, 162, 152



92, 100, 107



235, 235, 235



107, 107, 107



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97, 132, 162



110, 165, 212



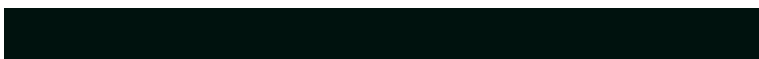
97, 123, 162



73, 78, 82



0, 78, 145



0, 10, 18



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



162, 97, 106



212, 110, 125



162, 133, 97



82, 73, 75



145, 0, 21

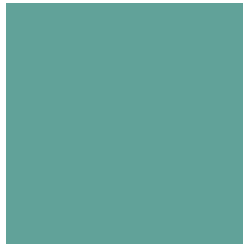


18, 0, 3



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 97, 132, 162 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 97, 132, 162 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## **RYB 97, 132, 162 Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 97, 132, 162.

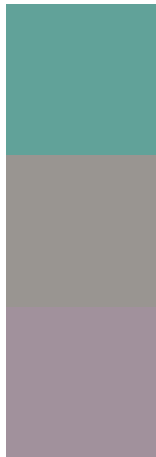


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 97, 132, 162.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
97, 132, 162

**Protanopia**  
153, 153, 145

**Deuteranopia**  
161, 145, 156



**Tritanopia**  
102, 133, 172

# Trichromacy



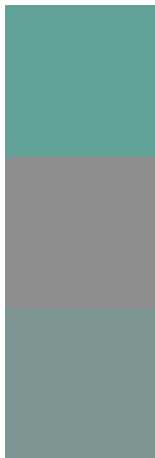
**Original Color**  
97, 132, 162

**Protanomaly**  
133, 145, 154

**Deuteranomaly**  
138, 145, 155

**Tritanomaly**  
100, 131, 165

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
97, 132, 162

**Achromatopsia**  
142, 142, 142

**Achromatomaly**  
126, 138, 149

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 97, 132, 162 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(97, 162, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(97, 162, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 162, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(97, 162, 153) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 97, 132, 162 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

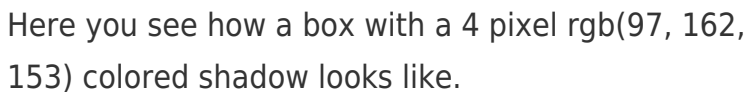
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(97, 162, 153) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(97, 162, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(97, 162, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 162, 153); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 162, 153); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 162, 153) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 97, 132, 162 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(97, 162, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(97, 162,  
153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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