

Converting Colors

`RYB(97, 66, 103)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(97, 66, 103) contains.

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Color

R_YB(97, 66, 103)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	614267
RGB	97, 66, 103
RGB Percent	38%, 26%, 40%
CMY	0.6196, 0.7412, 0.5961
CMYK	0.06, 0.36, 0.00, 0.60
HSL	290°, 22%, 33%
HSV	290°, 36%, 40%
XYZ	9.3262, 7.4171, 13.7721
YIQ	79.4870, 6.5990, 18.0790

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

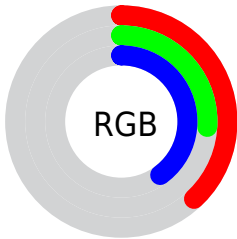
Format	Color
R_{YB}	97, 66, 103
Decimal	6373991
CIE _{Lab}	32.74, 20.54, -16.36
CIE _{LCh}	33, 26.260, 321.456
Yxy	7.4171, 0.3056, 0.2431
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284564071 (0xFF614267)
YUV	79.4870, 11.5919, 15.3589
Hunter-Lab	27.2343, 13.4657, -10.9182

Details

The RYB color **97, 66, 103** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **66, 103, 97**, and the grayscale version is **79, 79, 79**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **148, 115, 154**, and **50, 22, 56** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **95, 56, 103**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **99, 76, 103**.

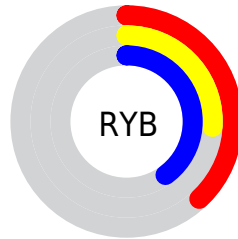
Distribution



Red (38%)

Green (26%)

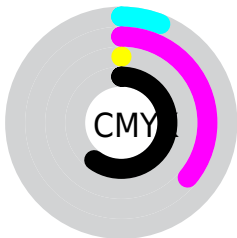
Blue (40%)



Red (38%)

Yellow (26%)

Blue (40%)

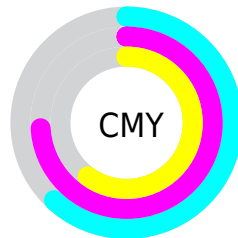


Cyan (6%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (60%)



Cyan (62%)

Magenta (74%)

Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 97, 66, 103 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 97, 66, 103 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



97, 66, 103



97, 66, 103

255, 255, 255



73, 43, 79



148, 115, 154



50, 22, 56



175, 140, 181



30, 0, 35



203, 167, 209



0, 0, 9



231, 194, 237



0, 0, 0



255, 222, 255



255, 251, 255



97, 66, 103



97, 66, 103



95, 56, 103



99, 76, 103

■ 94, 45, 103

■ 100, 87, 103

■ 92, 35, 103

■ 102, 97, 103

■ 90, 25, 103

■ 103, 107, 106

■ 89, 14, 103

■ 103, 118, 116

■ 87, 4, 103

■ 103, 128, 124

■ 86, 0, 103

■ 103, 138, 132

■ 103, 148, 141

■ 103, 159, 150

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



70, 74, 115



97, 66, 103



113, 61, 84

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



97, 66, 103



67, 95, 35



0, 45, 91

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



97, 66, 103



66, 103, 97

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15, 56, 87



97, 66, 103



37, 80, 42

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



97, 66, 103



110, 76, 45



50, 85, 84



0, 48, 109

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



97, 66, 103



116, 60, 70



50, 85, 84



0, 45, 88

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97, 66, 103



133, 120, 135



66, 71, 103



67, 60, 69



196, 196, 196



69, 69, 69

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97, 66, 103



126, 77, 135



103, 66, 91



50, 46, 51



96, 0, 115



203, 0, 242

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



103, 66, 72



135, 77, 86



66, 94, 103



51, 46, 47



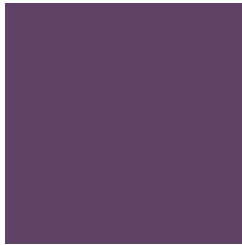
115, 0, 19



242, 0, 39

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 97, 66, 103 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

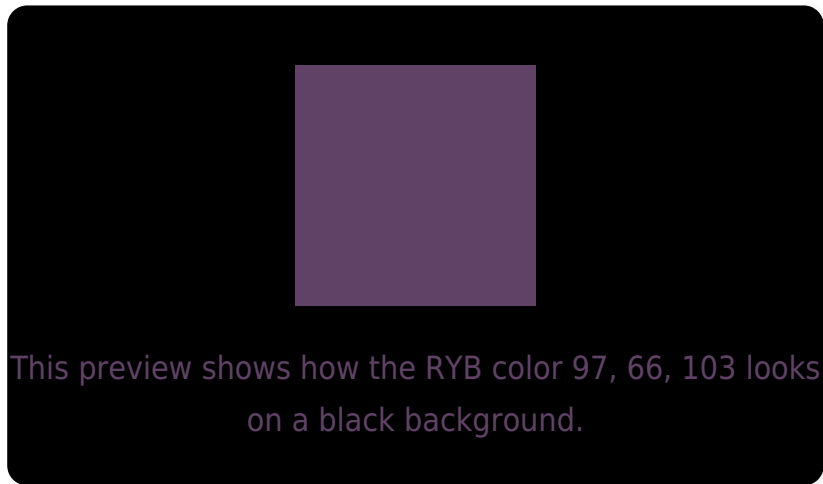
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

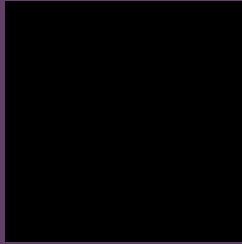
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 97, 66, 103 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 97, 66, 103.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 97, 66, 103.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

97, 66, 103

Protanopia

66, 74, 111

Deuteranopia

72, 76, 101



Tritanopia
93, 71, 77

Trichromacy



Original Color

97, 66, 103

Protanomaly

77, 72, 108

Deuteranomaly

81, 72, 102

Tritanomaly

94, 69, 86

Monochromacy



Original Color

97, 66, 103

Achromatopsia

79, 79, 79

Achromatomaly

86, 74, 88

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 97, 66, 103 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(97, 66, 103) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(97, 66, 103)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 66, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(97, 66, 103) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 97, 66, 103 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(97, 66, 103) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(97, 66, 103) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(97, 66, 103)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(97, 66, 103); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 66, 103);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 66,  
103) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 97, 66, 103 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(97, 66, 103) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(97, 66,  
103) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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