

Converting Colors

`RYB(98, 109, 141)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(98, 109, 141) contains.

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Color

R_YB(98, 109, 141)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	62718D
RGB	98, 113, 141
RGB Percent	38%, 44%, 55%
CMY	0.6157, 0.5577, 0.4471
CMYK	0.30, 0.20, 0.00, 0.45
HSL	219°, 18%, 47%
HSV	219°, 30%, 55%
XYZ	15.7255, 16.2813, 27.5131
YIQ	111.7070, -17.9280, 5.5280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

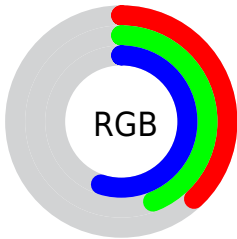
Format	Color
R _Y B	98, 109, 141
Decimal	6451597
CIE Lab	47.34, 1.47, -17.23
CIE LCh	47, 17.295, 274.863
Yxy	16.2813, 0.2642, 0.2735
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284641677 (0xFF62718D)
YUV	111.7070, 14.4414, -12.0210
Hunter-Lab	40.3500, -1.0464, -12.1824

Details

The RYB color **98, 109, 141** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **121, 141, 98**, and the grayscale version is **111, 111, 111**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **150, 161, 195**, and **50, 61, 91** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **84, 99, 141**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **112, 119, 141**.

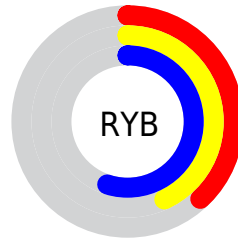
Distribution



Red (38%)

Green (44%)

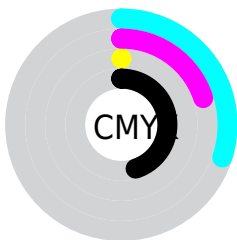
Blue (55%)



Red (38%)

Yellow (43%)

Blue (55%)

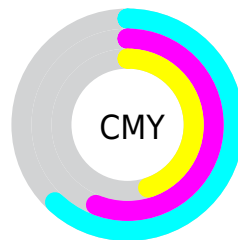


Cyan (30%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (45%)



Cyan (62%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 98, 109, 141 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 98, 109, 141 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



98, 109, 141



98, 109, 141

255, 255, 255



73, 84, 115



150, 161, 195



50, 61, 91



177, 188, 223



26, 38, 67



204, 215, 251



3, 17, 45



233, 242, 255



0, 1, 24



0, 0, 0



98, 109, 141



98, 109, 141



84, 99, 141



112, 119, 141



70, 88, 141



126, 130, 141

■ 56, 78, 141

■ 140, 141, 141

■ 42, 67, 141

■ 147, 154, 141

■ 28, 57, 141

■ 157, 169, 141

■ 13, 46, 141

■ 164, 183, 141

■ 0, 36, 141

■ 170, 197, 141

■ 178, 211, 141

■ 185, 225, 141

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80, 103, 138



98, 109, 141



118, 108, 136

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



98, 109, 141



141, 104, 96



88, 111, 119

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



98, 109, 141



121, 141, 98

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88, 116, 99



98, 109, 141



134, 123, 86

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



98, 109, 141



141, 102, 110



95, 121, 83



75, 100, 121

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



98, 109, 141



129, 105, 129



95, 121, 83



94, 118, 119

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



98, 109, 141



167, 171, 184



98, 124, 141



82, 84, 92



219, 219, 219



92, 92, 92

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



98, 109, 141



116, 133, 184



104, 98, 141



64, 66, 71



0, 34, 135



0, 2, 8

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



141, 98, 113



184, 116, 139



98, 141, 104



71, 64, 67



135, 0, 46



8, 0, 3

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 98, 109, 141 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 98, 109, 141 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

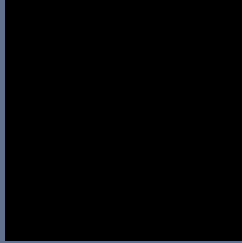
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

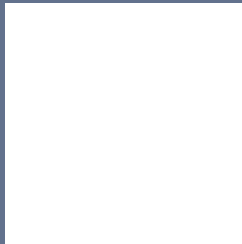
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 98, 109, 141 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 98, 109, 141.

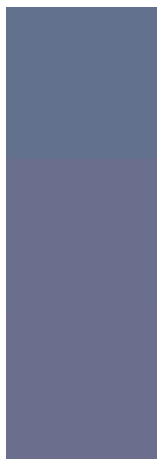


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 98, 109, 141.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

[98](#), [109](#), [141](#)

Protanopia

[105](#), [110](#), [140](#)

Deuteranopia

[108](#), [110](#), [142](#)



Tritanopia

94, 107, 125

Trichromacy



Original Color
98, 109, 141

Protanomaly
102, 110, 140

Deuteranomaly
104, 110, 142

Tritanomaly
95, 108, 131

Monochromacy



Original Color
98, 109, 141

Achromatopsia
112, 112, 112

Achromatomaly
107, 111, 123

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 98, 109, 141 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(98, 113, 141) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(98, 113, 141)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(98, 113, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(98, 113, 141) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 98, 109, 141 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(98, 113, 141) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(98, 113, 141) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(98, 113, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(98, 113, 141); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 113, 141);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 113,  
141) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 98, 109, 141 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(98, 113, 141) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(98, 113,  
141) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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