

Converting Colors

R_YB(98, 85, 134)

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(98, 85, 134) contains.

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Color

R_YB(98, 85, 134)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	625586
RGB	98, 85, 134
RGB Percent	38%, 33%, 53%
CMY	0.6157, 0.6667, 0.4745
CMYK	0.27, 0.37, 0.00, 0.47
HSL	256°, 22%, 43%
HSV	256°, 37%, 53%
XYZ	12.5886, 10.8149, 23.9783
YIQ	94.4730, -7.9810, 17.9950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

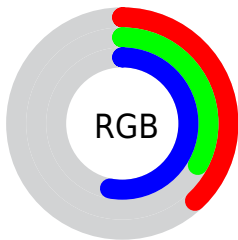
Format	Color
RYB	98, 85, 134
Decimal	6444422
CIELab	39.27, 16.65, -25.49
CIElCh	39, 30.444, 303.152
Yxy	10.8149, 0.2657, 0.2283
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284634502 (0xFF625586)
YUV	94.4730, 19.4868, 3.0932
Hunter-Lab	32.8860, 10.7783, -20.2100

Details

The RYB color **98, 85, 134** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **85, 134, 98**, and the grayscale version is **94, 94, 94**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **150, 135, 187**, and **50, 40, 84** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **88, 72, 134**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **108, 98, 134**.

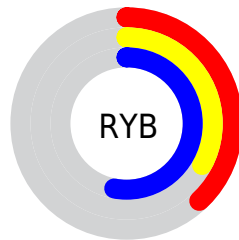
Distribution



Red (38%)

Green (33%)

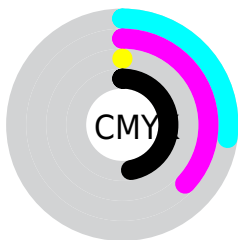
Blue (53%)



Red (38%)

Yellow (33%)

Blue (53%)

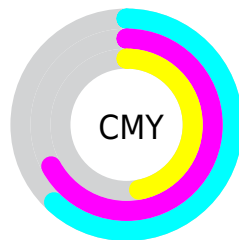


Cyan (27%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (47%)



Cyan (62%)

Magenta (67%)

Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 98, 85, 134 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 98, 85, 134 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



98, 85, 134



98, 85, 134

255, 255, 255



73, 62, 109



150, 135, 187



50, 40, 84



177, 161, 215



26, 19, 61



204, 188, 244



4, 0, 39



233, 216, 255



0, 1, 16



255, 244, 255



0, 0, 0



98, 85, 134



98, 85, 134



88, 72, 134



108, 98, 134



78, 58, 134



118, 112, 134

68, 45, 134

128, 125, 134

59, 31, 134

134, 139, 136

49, 18, 134

134, 152, 139

39, 5, 134

134, 165, 142

36, 0, 134

134, 179, 146

134, 192, 149

134, 206, 153

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56, 82, 142



98, 85, 134



125, 76, 115

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



98, 85, 134



125, 111, 49



0, 55, 105

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



98, 85, 134



85, 134, 98

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47, 87, 103



98, 85, 134



58, 105, 42

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



98, 85, 134



138, 76, 67



50, 99, 70



0, 56, 119

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



98, 85, 134



136, 73, 99



50, 99, 70



11, 63, 105

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



98, 85, 134



159, 154, 173



85, 106, 134



78, 75, 87



214, 214, 214



87, 87, 87

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



98, 85, 134



117, 97, 173



122, 85, 134



61, 60, 66



35, 0, 130



1, 0, 3

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



134, 85, 121



173, 97, 153



85, 134, 122



66, 60, 65



130, 0, 96



3, 0, 2

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 98, 85, 134 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 98, 85, 134 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 98, 85, 134 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 98, 85, 134.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 98, 85, 134.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


98, 85, 134

Protanopia

76, 88, 139

Deuteranopia

77, 89, 133



Tritanopia

91, 92, 99

Trichromacy



Original Color

98, 85, 134

Protanomaly

84, 89, 137

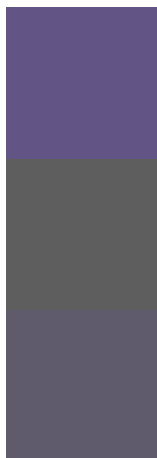
Deuteranomaly

85, 89, 133

Tritanomaly

94, 89, 112

Monochromacy



Original Color

98, 85, 134

Achromatopsia

94, 94, 94

Achromatomaly

95, 91, 109

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 98, 85, 134 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(98, 85, 134) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(98, 85, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(98, 85, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(98, 85, 134) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 98, 85, 134 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(98, 85, 134) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(98, 85, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(98, 85, 134)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(98, 85, 134); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 85, 134);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 85,  
134) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 98, 85, 134 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(98, 85, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(98, 85,  
134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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