

# Converting Colors

`RYB(98, 86, 135)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(98, 86, 135) contains.

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# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(98, 86, 135)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	625687
RGB	98, 86, 135
RGB Percent	38%, 34%, 53%
CMY	0.6157, 0.6627, 0.4706
CMYK	0.27, 0.36, 0.00, 0.47
HSL	255°, 22%, 43%
HSV	255°, 36%, 53%
XYZ	12.7380, 11.0015, 24.3738
YIQ	95.1740, -8.5770, 17.7830

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

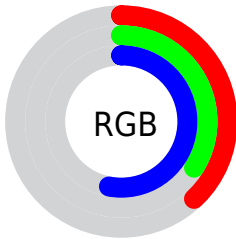
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	98, 86, 135
Decimal	6444679
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	39.58, 16.29, -25.60
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	40, 30.347, 302.467
Yxy	11.0015, 0.2647, 0.2287
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284634759 (0xFF625687)
YUV	95.1740, 19.6342, 2.4784
Hunter-Lab	33.1685, 10.5058, -20.3511

# Details

The RYB color **98, 86, 135** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **86, 135, 98**, and the grayscale version is **95, 95, 95**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **150, 136, 188**, and **50, 41, 85** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **88, 73, 135**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **108, 100, 135**.

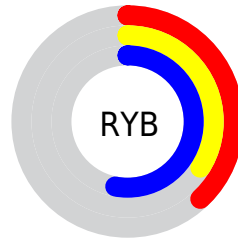
# Distribution



Red (38%)

Green (34%)

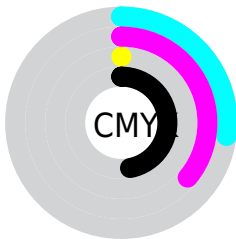
Blue (53%)



Red (38%)

Yellow (34%)

Blue (53%)

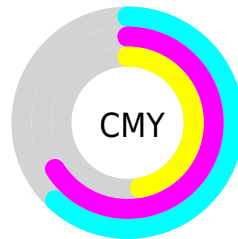


Cyan (27%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (47%)



Cyan (62%)

Magenta (66%)

Yellow (47%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 98, 86, 135 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 98, 86, 135 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





98, 86, 135



98, 86, 135

255, 255, 255



73, 63, 110



150, 136, 188



50, 41, 85



177, 162, 216



26, 20, 61



205, 189, 245



5, 0, 40



233, 217, 255



0, 1, 17



255, 245, 255



0, 0, 0



98, 86, 135



98, 86, 135



88, 73, 135



108, 100, 135



78, 59, 135



118, 113, 135

67, 46, 135

129, 127, 135

57, 32, 135

135, 140, 136

47, 19, 135

135, 154, 140

37, 5, 135

135, 167, 143

33, 0, 135

135, 181, 147

135, 194, 149

135, 208, 153

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56, 83, 142



98, 86, 135



126, 77, 117

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



98, 86, 135



127, 111, 50



0, 56, 106

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



98, 86, 135



86, 135, 98

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49, 89, 104



98, 86, 135



59, 106, 43

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



98, 86, 135



139, 77, 68



50, 100, 69



0, 56, 119

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



98, 86, 135



136, 73, 101



50, 100, 69



15, 66, 106



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



98, 86, 135



161, 157, 176



86, 107, 135



80, 78, 89



217, 217, 217



89, 89, 89



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



98, 86, 135



117, 99, 176



122, 86, 135



61, 60, 66



32, 0, 130



1, 0, 3



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



135, 86, 123



176, 99, 157



86, 135, 122



66, 60, 65



130, 0, 98



3, 0, 2



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 98, 86, 135 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 98, 86, 135 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

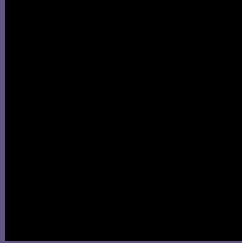
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## R<sub>Y</sub>B 98, 86, 135 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R<sub>Y</sub>B color 98, 86, 135.

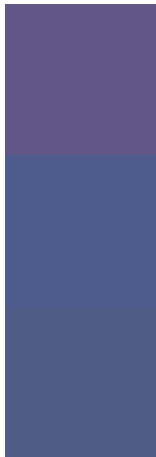


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R<sub>Y</sub>B color 98, 86, 135.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

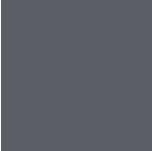
## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
98, 86, 135

**Protanopia**  
77, 89, 140

**Deuteranopia**  
78, 89, 134



**Tritanopia**  
91, 93, 100

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

98, 86, 135

**Protanomaly**

85, 90, 138

**Deuteranomaly**

85, 90, 134

**Tritanomaly**

94, 90, 113

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

98, 86, 135

**Achromatopsia**

95, 95, 95

**Achromatomaly**

96, 92, 110

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 98, 86, 135 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(98, 86, 135) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(98, 86, 135)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(98, 86, 135) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(98, 86, 135) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 98, 86, 135 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(98, 86, 135) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(98, 86, 135) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(98, 86, 135) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(98, 86, 135); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 86, 135);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 86,  
135) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 98, 86, 135 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(98, 86, 135) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(98, 86,  
135) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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