

Converting Colors

`RYB(98, 87, 120)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(98, 87, 120) contains.

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Color

R_YB(98, 87, 120)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	625778
RGB	98, 87, 120
RGB Percent	38%, 34%, 47%
CMY	0.6157, 0.6588, 0.5294
CMYK	0.18, 0.27, 0.00, 0.53
HSL	260°, 16%, 41%
HSV	260°, 27%, 47%
XYZ	11.8354, 10.7691, 19.2242
YIQ	94.0510, -4.0370, 12.5950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

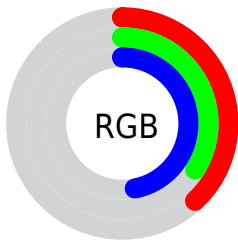
Format	Color
RYB	98, 87, 120
Decimal	6444920
CIELab	39.19, 11.80, -17.05
CIELCh	39, 20.731, 304.686
Yxy	10.7691, 0.2829, 0.2575
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284635000 (0xFF625778)
YUV	94.0510, 12.7929, 3.4633
Hunter-Lab	32.8163, 6.9482, -11.7613

Details

The RYB color **98, 87, 120** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **87, 120, 98**, and the grayscale version is **94, 94, 94**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **149, 137, 172**, and **51, 42, 71** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90, 75, 120**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **106, 99, 120**.

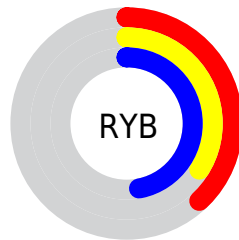
Distribution



Red (38%)

Green (34%)

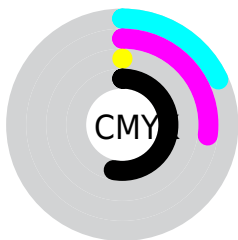
Blue (47%)



Red (38%)

Yellow (34%)

Blue (47%)

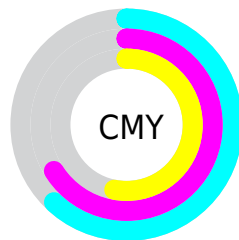


Cyan (18%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (62%)

Magenta (66%)

Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 98, 87, 120 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 98, 87, 120 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



98, 87, 120



98, 87, 120

255, 255, 255



74, 64, 95



149, 137, 172



51, 42, 71



176, 163, 200



29, 21, 49



203, 190, 228



4, 0, 28



232, 218, 255



0, 0, 0



255, 246, 255



98, 87, 120



98, 87, 120



90, 75, 120



106, 99, 120



82, 63, 120



114, 111, 120

■ 74, 51, 120

■ 120, 123, 121

■ 66, 39, 120

■ 120, 135, 125

■ 58, 27, 120

■ 120, 147, 129

■ 50, 15, 120

■ 120, 159, 133

■ 42, 3, 120

■ 120, 171, 137

■ 40, 0, 120

■ 120, 183, 141

■ 120, 195, 145

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



74, 88, 126



98, 87, 120



116, 82, 107

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



98, 87, 120



116, 105, 62



44, 75, 102

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



98, 87, 120



87, 120, 98

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63, 90, 100



98, 87, 120



70, 101, 59

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



98, 87, 120



125, 82, 74



64, 97, 78



35, 70, 111

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



98, 87, 120



123, 80, 96



64, 97, 78



50, 79, 101

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



98, 87, 120



147, 143, 156



87, 100, 120



74, 71, 79



207, 207, 207



79, 79, 79

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



98, 87, 120



121, 104, 156



115, 87, 120



57, 55, 61



42, 0, 125



84, 0, 252

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



120, 87, 109



156, 104, 138



87, 120, 115



61, 55, 59



125, 0, 83



252, 0, 168

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 98, 87, 120 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

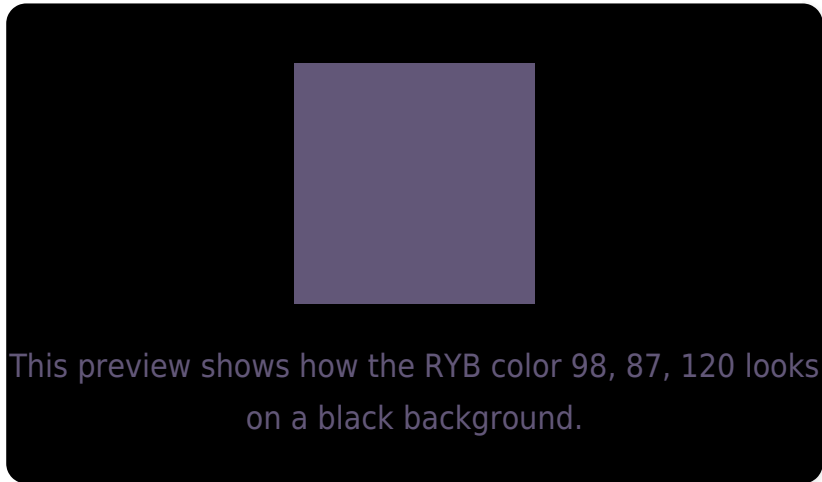
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R_YB 98, 87, 120 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R_YB color 98, 87, 120.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R_YB color 98, 87, 120.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

98, 87, 120

Protanopia

83, 90, 123

Deuteranopia

87, 91, 119



Tritanopia

94, 91, 98

Trichromacy



Original Color

98, 87, 120

Protanomaly

88, 90, 122

Deuteranomaly

91, 90, 119

Tritanomaly

95, 90, 106

Monochromacy



Original Color

98, 87, 120

Achromatopsia

94, 94, 94

Achromatomaly

95, 91, 103

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 98, 87, 120 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(98, 87, 120) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(98, 87, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(98, 87, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(98, 87, 120) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 98, 87, 120 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(98, 87, 120) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(98, 87, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(98, 87, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(98, 87, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 87, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 87,  
120) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 98, 87, 120 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(98, 87, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(98, 87,  
120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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