

Converting Colors

`RYB(99, 150, 164)`

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(99, 150, 164) contains.

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Color

RYB(99, 150, 164)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	63A475
RGB	99, 164, 117
RGB Percent	39%, 64%, 46%
CMY	0.6118, 0.3569, 0.5418
CMYK	0.40, 0.00, 0.29, 0.36
HSL	136°, 26%, 52%
HSV	136°, 40%, 64%
XYZ	21.6227, 30.4842, 21.5257
YIQ	139.2070, -23.6530, -28.3970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

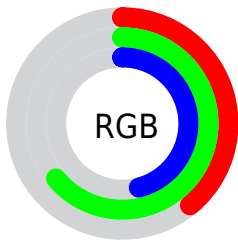
Format	Color
RYB	99, 150, 164
Decimal	6530165
CIELab	62.07, -31.28, 18.09
CIElCh	62, 36.134, 149.952
Yxy	30.4842, 0.2937, 0.4140
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284720245 (0xFF63A475)
YUV	139.2070, -10.9481, -35.2615
Hunter-Lab	55.2125, -26.7165, 15.5334

Details

The RYB color **99, 150, 164** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **164, 99, 146**, and the grayscale version is **139, 139, 139**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **152, 205, 219**, and **47, 96, 112** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **83, 147, 164**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **115, 153, 164**.

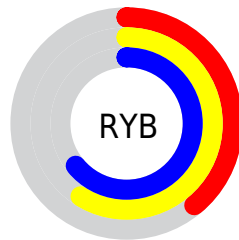
Distribution



Red (39%)

Green (64%)

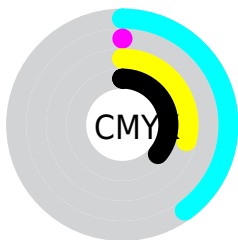
Blue (46%)



Red (39%)

Yellow (59%)

Blue (64%)

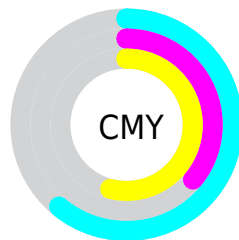


Cyan (40%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (29%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (61%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 99, 150, 164 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 99, 150, 164 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



99, 150, 164



99, 150, 164

255, 255, 255



73, 122, 137



152, 205, 219



47, 96, 112



180, 235, 248



19, 68, 87



208, 243, 255



0, 46, 63



237, 247, 255



0, 41, 41



0, 14, 14



0, 0, 0



99, 150, 164



99, 150, 164



83, 147, 164



115, 153, 164

■ 66, 143, 164

■ 132, 157, 164

■ 50, 140, 164

■ 148, 160, 164

■ 33, 136, 164

■ 165, 164, 164

■ 17, 133, 164

■ 181, 164, 176

■ 1, 129, 164

■ 197, 164, 188

■ 0, 129, 164

■ 214, 164, 200

■ 230, 164, 212

■ 247, 164, 224

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



93, 158, 113



99, 150, 164



52, 114, 167

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



99, 150, 164



102, 137, 214



211, 129, 120

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



99, 150, 164



164, 99, 146

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



209, 125, 151



99, 150, 164



153, 142, 205

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



99, 150, 164



35, 108, 205



190, 131, 183



197, 166, 95

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



99, 150, 164



0, 84, 171



190, 131, 183



212, 126, 130

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



99, 150, 164



188, 208, 214



99, 164, 116



92, 104, 107



235, 235, 235



107, 107, 107

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99, 150, 164



111, 191, 214



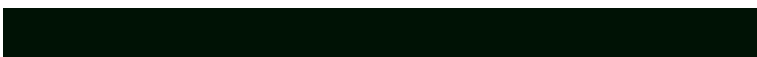
99, 136, 164



73, 80, 82



0, 114, 145



0, 14, 18

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



164, 99, 146



214, 111, 186



164, 99, 114



82, 73, 79



145, 0, 105



18, 0, 13

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 99, 150, 164 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 99, 150, 164 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 99, 150, 164 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 99, 150, 164.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 99, 150, 164.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
99, 150, 164

Protanopia
124, 160, 110

Deuteranopia
173, 159, 121



Tritanopia
110, 136, 170

Trichromacy



Original Color
99, 150, 164

Protanomaly
112, 154, 128

Deuteranomaly
119, 151, 124

Tritanomaly
106, 135, 160

Monochromacy



Original Color
99, 150, 164

Achromatopsia
139, 139, 139

Achromatomaly
124, 143, 148

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 99, 150, 164 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(99, 164, 117)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(99, 164, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 164, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(99, 164, 117) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 99, 150, 164 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(99, 164, 117) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(99, 164, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(99, 164, 117)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(99, 164, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 164, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 164,  
117) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 99, 150, 164 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(99, 164, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(99, 164,  
117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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