

Converting Colors

`RYB(99, 158, 251)`

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(99, 158, 251) contains.

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Color

R_YB(99, 158, 251)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	63C3FB
RGB	99, 195, 251
RGB Percent	39%, 76%, 98%
CMY	0.6118, 0.2336, 0.0157
CMYK	0.61, 0.22, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	202°, 95%, 69%
HSV	202°, 61%, 98%
XYZ	42.1698, 48.8409, 98.4714
YIQ	172.6800, -75.1920, -2.9360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

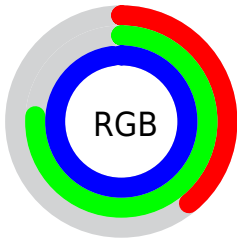
Format	Color
RYB	99, 158, 251
Decimal	6538235
CIELab	75.35, -12.41, -35.91
CIELCh	75, 37.990, 250.935
Yxy	48.8409, 0.2226, 0.2578
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284728315 (0xFF63C3FB)
YUV	172.6800, 38.6118, -64.6174
Hunter-Lab	69.8863, -14.5930, -34.6206

Details

The RYB color **99, 158, 251** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **251, 188, 99**, and the grayscale version is **173, 173, 173**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **161, 207, 255**, and **11, 87, 194** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **74, 143, 251**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **124, 173, 251**.

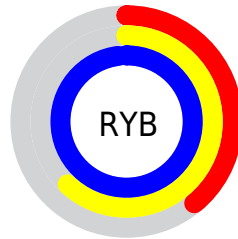
Distribution



Red (39%)

Green (76%)

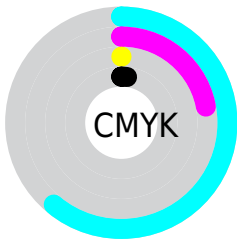
Blue (98%)



Red (39%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (98%)

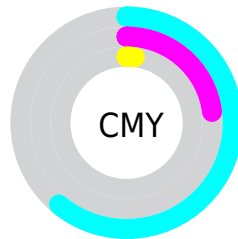


Cyan (61%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (61%)

















Magenta (23%)

Yellow (2%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 99, 158, 251 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 99, 158, 251 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 99, 158, 251	 99, 158, 251
 255, 255, 255	 65, 127, 222
 161, 207, 255	 11, 87, 194
 191, 223, 255	 0, 68, 167
 222, 239, 255	 0, 56, 140
 252, 254, 255	 0, 43, 115
	 0, 30, 90
	 0, 19, 66
	 0, 3, 43
	 0, 1, 22

■ 99, 158, 251

■ 99, 158, 251

■ 74, 143, 251

■ 124, 173, 251

■ 49, 127, 251

■ 149, 189, 251

■ 24, 112, 251

■ 174, 204, 251

■ 0, 97, 251

■ 199, 219, 251

■ 225, 235, 251

■ 250, 250, 251

■ 251, 255, 251

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53, 134, 230



99, 158, 251



157, 179, 254

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



99, 158, 251



254, 159, 174



132, 197, 171

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



99, 158, 251



251, 188, 99

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



125, 196, 116



99, 158, 251



249, 172, 141

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



99, 158, 251



240, 162, 209



220, 228, 120



115, 172, 203

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



99, 158, 251



191, 176, 246



220, 228, 120



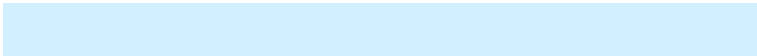
124, 194, 147

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



99, 158, 251



209, 227, 255



99, 212, 251



99, 110, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99, 158, 251



69, 141, 255



99, 119, 251



112, 117, 125



0, 73, 189



0, 24, 61

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



251, 99, 195



255, 69, 187



126, 251, 99



125, 112, 120



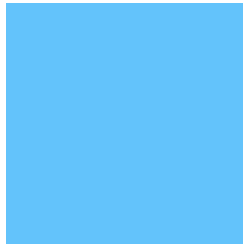
189, 0, 120



61, 0, 39

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 99, 158, 251 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

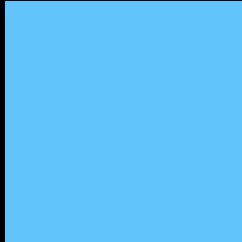
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 99, 158, 251 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

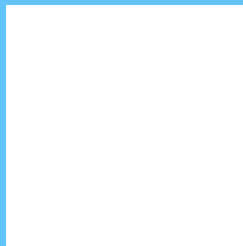
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 99, 158, 251 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 99, 158, 251.

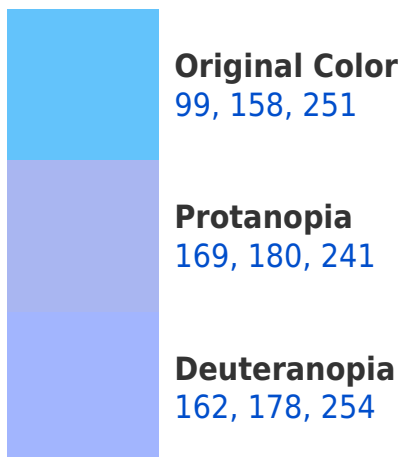


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 99, 158, 251.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
84, 146, 218

Trichromacy



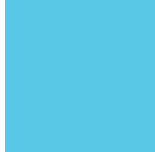
Original Color
99, 158, 251



Protanomaly
144, 174, 245



Deuteranomaly
139, 173, 253



Tritanomaly
89, 151, 230

Monochromacy



Original Color
99, 158, 251



Achromatopsia
173, 173, 173



Achromatomaly
146, 167, 201

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 99, 158, 251 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(99, 195, 251)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(99, 195, 251)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 195, 251) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(99, 195, 251) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 99, 158, 251 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

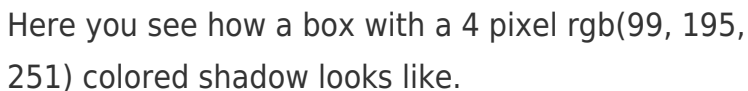
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(99, 195, 251) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(99, 195, 251) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(99, 195, 251)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 195, 251); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 195, 251); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 195, 251) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 99, 158, 251 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(99, 195, 251) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(99, 195,  
251) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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