

# Converting Colors

`RYB(99, 217, 227)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(99, 217, 227) contains.

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# **Color**

**RYB(99, 217, 227)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	63E36E
RGB	99, 227, 110
RGB Percent	39%, 89%, 43%
CMY	0.6118, 0.1098, 0.5692
CMYK	0.56, 0.00, 0.52, 0.11
HSL	125°, 70%, 64%
HSV	125°, 56%, 89%
XYZ	35.4208, 58.7133, 24.1743
YIQ	175.3900, -38.7310, -63.5230

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

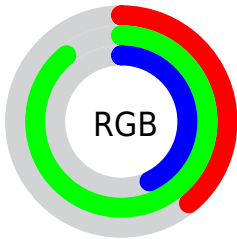
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	99, 217, 227
Decimal	6546286
CIELab	81.13, -58.87, 46.37
CIElCh	81, 74.935, 141.774
Yxy	58.7133, 0.2994, 0.4963
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284736366 (0xFF63E36E)
YUV	175.3900, -32.2373, -66.9940
Hunter-Lab	76.6246, -51.5788, 34.9318

# Details

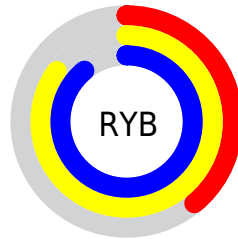
The RYB color **99, 217, 227** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC66**. A complement of this color would be **227, 99, 216**, and the grayscale version is **176, 176, 176**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **159, 250, 255**, and **23, 142, 170** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **76, 215, 227**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **122, 219, 227**.

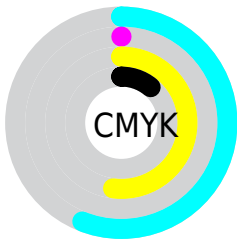
# Distribution



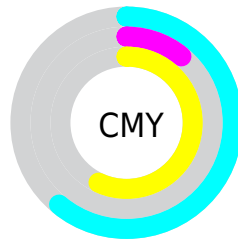
- Red (39%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Black (11%)

















- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (57%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 99, 217, 227 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 99, 217, 227 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 99, 217, 227	 99, 217, 227
 255, 255, 255	 66, 182, 198
 159, 250, 255	 23, 142, 170
 189, 253, 255	 0, 118, 143
 219, 254, 255	 0, 117, 117
 249, 255, 255	 0, 91, 91
	 0, 66, 66
	 0, 43, 43
	 0, 8, 8
	 0, 0, 0

 99, 217, 227

 99, 217, 227

 76, 215, 227

 122, 219, 227

 54, 214, 227

 144, 221, 227

 31, 211, 227

 167, 222, 227

 8, 210, 227

 190, 224, 227

 0, 209, 227

 212, 225, 227

 235, 227, 235

 255, 227, 255

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57, 213, 82



99, 217, 227



0, 133, 234

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



99, 217, 227



0, 117, 255



255, 139, 154

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



99, 217, 227



227, 99, 216

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 137, 224



99, 217, 227



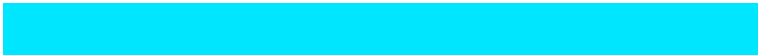
167, 186, 255

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



99, 217, 227



0, 121, 255



255, 161, 255



255, 218, 92

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



99, 217, 227



0, 119, 235



255, 161, 255



255, 135, 177

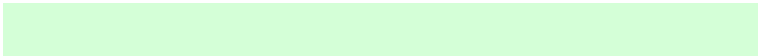


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



99, 217, 227



212, 252, 255



99, 227, 110



102, 126, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99, 217, 227



82, 242, 255



99, 180, 227



103, 114, 115



0, 165, 179



0, 47, 51



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



227, 99, 216



255, 82, 240



227, 99, 152



115, 103, 114



179, 0, 163

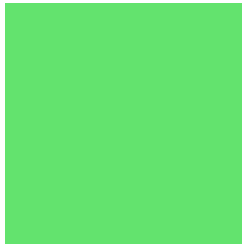


51, 0, 47



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 99, 217, 227 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 99, 217, 227 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## **RYB 99, 217, 227 Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 99, 217, 227.

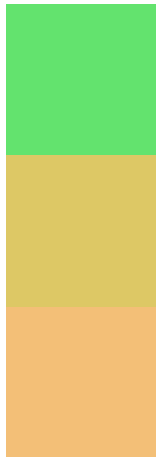


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 99, 217, 227.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
99, 217, 227

**Protanopia**  
126, 221, 101

**Deuteranopia**  
209, 243, 119



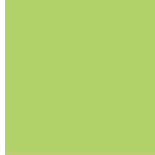
**Tritanopia**  
128, 175, 231

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

99, 217, 227



**Protanomaly**

104, 210, 137



**Deuteranomaly**

116, 204, 129



**Tritanomaly**

117, 177, 219

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

99, 217, 227



**Achromatopsia**

175, 175, 175



**Achromatomaly**

147, 190, 194

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 99, 217, 227 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(99, 227, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(99, 227, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 227, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(99, 227, 110) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 99, 217, 227 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(99, 227, 110) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(99, 227, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(99, 227, 110)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(99, 227, 110); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 227, 110);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 227,  
110) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 99, 217, 227 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(99, 227, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(99, 227,  
110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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