

Converting Colors

R_YB(99, 63, 174)

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(99, 63, 174) contains.

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Color

R_YB(99, 63, 174)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	633FAE
RGB	99, 63, 174
RGB Percent	39%, 25%, 68%
CMY	0.6118, 0.7529, 0.3176
CMYK	0.43, 0.64, 0.00, 0.32
HSL	259°, 47%, 46%
HSV	259°, 64%, 68%
XYZ	14.5631, 9.2637, 41.0649
YIQ	86.4180, -14.1750, 42.1530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

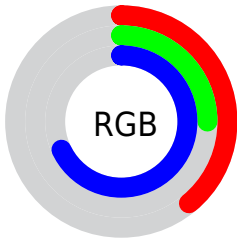
Format	Color
RYB	99, 63, 174
Decimal	6504366
CIELab	36.49, 41.31, -54.00
CIElCh	36, 67.996, 307.417
Yxy	9.2637, 0.2244, 0.1428
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284694446 (0xFF633FAE)
YUV	86.4180, 43.1779, 11.0344
Hunter-Lab	30.4363, 32.1449, -58.6893

Details

The RYB color **99, 63, 174** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663399**. A complement of this color would be **63, 174, 99**, and the grayscale version is **86, 86, 86**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **155, 113, 230**, and **42, 15, 121** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87, 46, 174**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **111, 80, 174**.

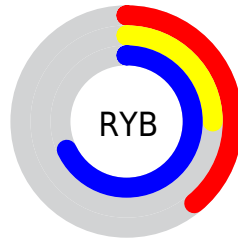
Distribution



Red (39%)

Green (25%)

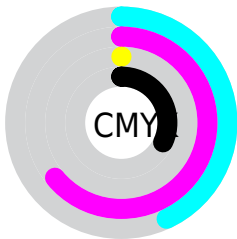
Blue (68%)



Red (39%)

Yellow (25%)

Blue (68%)

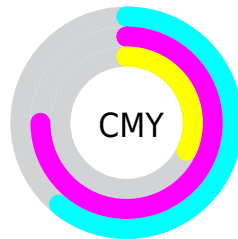


Cyan (43%)

Magenta (64%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (61%)

Magenta (75%)

Yellow (32%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 99, 63, 174 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 99, 63, 174 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



99, 63, 174



99, 63, 174

255, 255, 255



71, 39, 147



155, 113, 230



42, 15, 121



183, 139, 255



0, 0, 95



212, 165, 255



0, 0, 71



242, 193, 255



0, 4, 47



255, 221, 255



0, 1, 25



255, 250, 255



0, 0, 0



99, 63, 174



99, 63, 174



87, 46, 174



111, 80, 174

■ 75, 28, 174

■ 123, 98, 174

■ 64, 11, 174

■ 134, 115, 174

■ 56, 0, 174

■ 146, 133, 174

■ 158, 150, 174

■ 170, 167, 174

■ 174, 185, 178

■ 174, 202, 183

■ 174, 220, 189

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 61, 196



99, 63, 174



159, 15, 129

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



99, 63, 174



138, 130, 0



0, 56, 108

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



99, 63, 174



63, 174, 99

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 77, 106



99, 63, 174



6, 94, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



99, 63, 174



168, 29, 21



0, 100, 74



0, 63, 152

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



99, 63, 174



175, 0, 93



0, 100, 74



0, 62, 107

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



99, 63, 174



198, 184, 227



63, 108, 174



97, 88, 115



242, 242, 242



115, 115, 115

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99, 63, 174



109, 52, 227



154, 63, 174



81, 78, 87



49, 0, 150



7, 0, 23

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



174, 63, 138



227, 52, 170



63, 174, 154



87, 78, 84



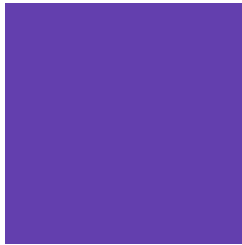
150, 0, 102



23, 0, 16

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 99, 63, 174 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 99, 63, 174 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

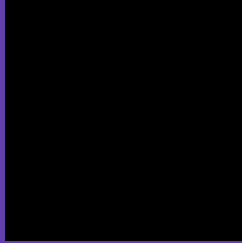
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 99, 63, 174 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 99, 63, 174.

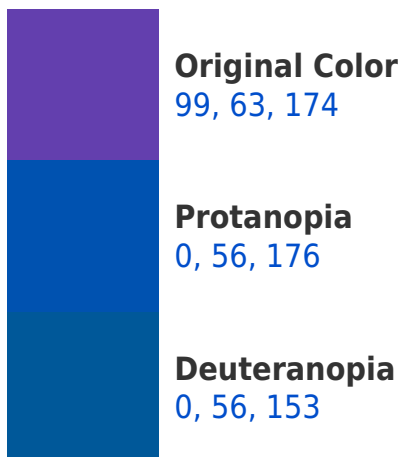


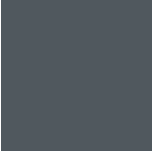
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 99, 63, 174.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia

80, 85, 94

Trichromacy



Original Color

99, 63, 174

Protanomaly

36, 67, 175

Deuteranomaly

36, 68, 161

Tritanomaly

87, 78, 123

Monochromacy



Original Color

99, 63, 174

Achromatopsia

86, 86, 86

Achromatomaly

91, 78, 118

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 99, 63, 174 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(99, 63, 174) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(99, 63, 174)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 63, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(99, 63, 174) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 99, 63, 174 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(99, 63, 174) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(99, 63, 174) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(99, 63, 174)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(99, 63, 174); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 63, 174);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 63,  
174) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 99, 63, 174 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(99, 63, 174) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(99, 63,  
174) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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