

Converting Colors

`RYB(99, 89, 248)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(99, 89, 248) contains.

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Color

R_YB(99, 89, 248)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6359F8
RGB	99, 89, 248
RGB Percent	39%, 35%, 97%
CMY	0.6118, 0.6510, 0.0275
CMYK	0.60, 0.64, 0.00, 0.03
HSL	244°, 92%, 66%
HSV	244°, 64%, 97%
XYZ	25.6612, 16.5747, 90.6537
YIQ	110.1160, -45.0790, 51.5690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

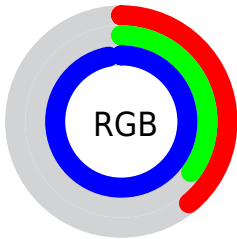
Format	Color
R_{YB}	99, 89, 248
Decimal	6511096
CIE _{Lab}	47.72, 48.51, -78.29
CIE _{LCh}	48, 92.097, 301.781
Yxy	16.5747, 0.1931, 0.1247
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284701176 (0xFF6359F8)
YUV	110.1160, 67.9768, -9.7487
Hunter-Lab	40.7121, 41.2644, -103.5228

Details

The RYB color **99, 89, 248** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6666FF**. The color can be described as middle muted purple. A complement of this color would be **89, 248, 99**, and the grayscale version is **109, 109, 109**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **162, 140, 255**, and **0, 34, 190** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **76, 64, 248**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **122, 114, 248**.

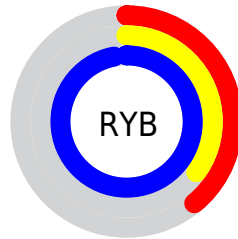
Distribution



Red (39%)

Green (35%)

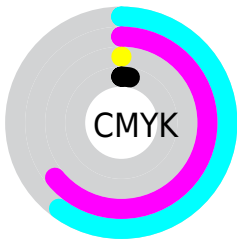
Blue (97%)



Red (39%)

Yellow (35%)

Blue (97%)

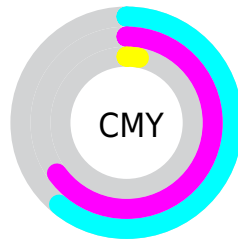


Cyan (60%)

Magenta (64%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (3%)



Cyan (61%)


















Magenta (65%)

Yellow (3%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 99, 89, 248 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 99, 89, 248 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 99, 89, 248	 99, 89, 248
 255, 255, 255	 63, 65, 219
 162, 140, 255	 0, 34, 190
 193, 167, 255	 0, 17, 162
 224, 194, 255	 0, 1, 135
 255, 222, 255	 0, 0, 109
 255, 251, 255	 0, 10, 83
	 0, 5, 59
	 0, 2, 37
	 0, 1, 13

■ 99, 89, 248

■ 99, 89, 248

■ 76, 64, 248

■ 122, 114, 248

■ 53, 39, 248

■ 145, 139, 248

■ 29, 15, 248

■ 169, 163, 248

■ 16, 0, 248

■ 192, 188, 248

■ 215, 213, 248

■ 238, 238, 248

■ 248, 255, 248

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 83, 255



99, 89, 248



205, 0, 188

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



99, 89, 248



194, 128, 0



0, 79, 143

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



99, 89, 248



89, 248, 99

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 116, 139



99, 89, 248



26, 134, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



99, 89, 248



233, 0, 36



0, 131, 84



0, 83, 194

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



99, 89, 248



234, 0, 138



0, 131, 84



0, 87, 142

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



99, 89, 248



210, 207, 255



89, 166, 248



100, 98, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99, 89, 248



71, 59, 255



176, 89, 248



113, 112, 125



12, 0, 189



4, 0, 61

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



248, 89, 238



255, 59, 243



89, 248, 176



125, 112, 124



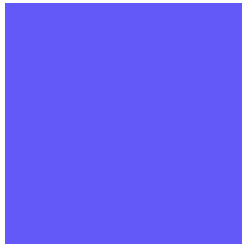
189, 0, 177



61, 0, 57

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 99, 89, 248 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

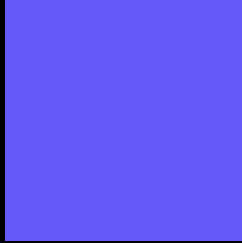
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 99, 89, 248 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

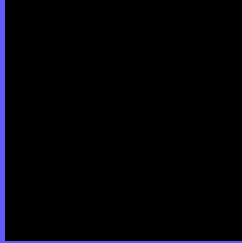
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 99, 89, 248 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 99, 89, 248.

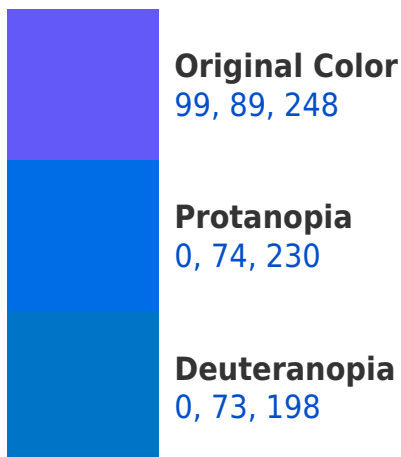


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 99, 89, 248.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





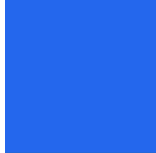
Tritanopia
45, 86, 133

Trichromacy



Original Color

99, 89, 248



Protanomaly

36, 86, 237



Deuteranomaly

36, 86, 216



Tritanomaly

65, 97, 175

Monochromacy



Original Color

99, 89, 248



Achromatopsia

110, 110, 110



Achromatomaly

106, 102, 160

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 99, 89, 248 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(99, 89, 248)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(99, 89, 248)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 89, 248) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(99, 89, 248) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 99, 89, 248 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(99, 89, 248) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(99, 89, 248) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(99, 89, 248)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(99, 89, 248); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 89, 248);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 89,  
248) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 99, 89, 248 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(99, 89, 248) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(99, 89,  
248) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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