

# Converting Colors

`RYB(99, 99, 242)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(99, 99, 242) contains.

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# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(99, 99, 242)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6363F2
RGB	99, 99, 242
RGB Percent	39%, 39%, 95%
CMY	0.6118, 0.6118, 0.0510
CMYK	0.59, 0.59, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	240°, 85%, 67%
HSV	240°, 59%, 95%
XYZ	25.6344, 17.9871, 86.1252
YIQ	115.3020, -45.9030, 44.4730

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

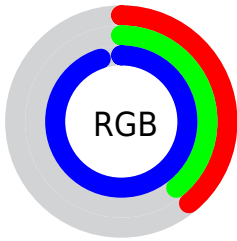
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	99, 99, 242
Decimal	6513650
CIE Lab	49.48, 40.80, -72.07
CIE LCh	49, 82.816, 299.518
Yxy	17.9871, 0.1976, 0.1386
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284703730 (0xFF6363F2)
YUV	115.3020, 62.4621, -14.2969
Hunter-Lab	42.4112, 33.6703, -90.7133

# Details

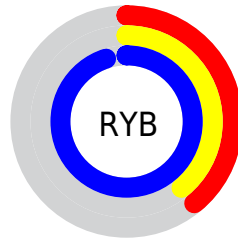
The RYB color **99, 99, 242** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6666FF**. A complement of this color would be **99, 242, 99**, and the grayscale version is **115, 115, 115**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **161, 150, 255**, and **11, 44, 185** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75, 75, 242**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **123, 123, 242**.

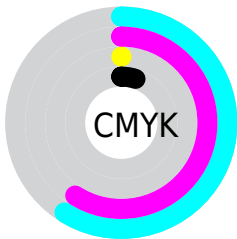
# Distribution



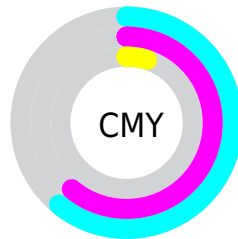
- Red (39%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (5%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 99, 99, 242 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 99, 99, 242 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





99, 99, 242



99, 99, 242

255, 255, 255



65, 74, 213



161, 150, 255



11, 44, 185



191, 177, 255



0, 26, 157



222, 204, 255



0, 11, 130



253, 233, 255



0, 0, 104



0, 9, 79



0, 5, 55



0, 2, 33




0, 0, 5

 99, 99, 242

 99, 99, 242


 75, 75, 242

 123, 123, 242


 51, 51, 242


 147, 147, 242

 26, 26, 242

 172, 172, 242

 2, 2, 242

 196, 196, 242

 0, 0, 242

 220, 220, 242

 242, 244, 242

 242, 255, 242

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 85, 255



99, 99, 242



197, 51, 190

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



99, 99, 242



197, 143, 0



0, 82, 146

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



99, 99, 242



99, 242, 99

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 113, 142



99, 99, 242



36, 144, 0

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



99, 99, 242



230, 28, 53



0, 133, 61



0, 82, 186

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



99, 99, 242



227, 0, 145



0, 133, 61



0, 89, 145



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



99, 99, 242



209, 209, 255



99, 171, 242



99, 99, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99, 99, 242



74, 74, 255



171, 99, 242



108, 108, 120



0, 0, 184



0, 0, 56



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



242, 99, 242



255, 74, 255



99, 242, 170



120, 108, 120



184, 0, 184

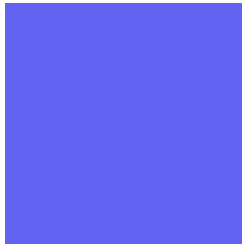


56, 0, 56



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 99, 99, 242 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

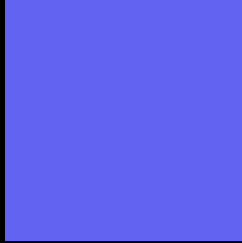
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 99, 99, 242 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

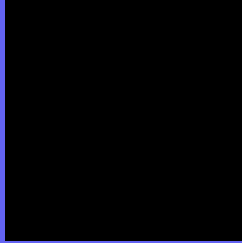
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## **RYB 99, 99, 242 Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 99, 99, 242.

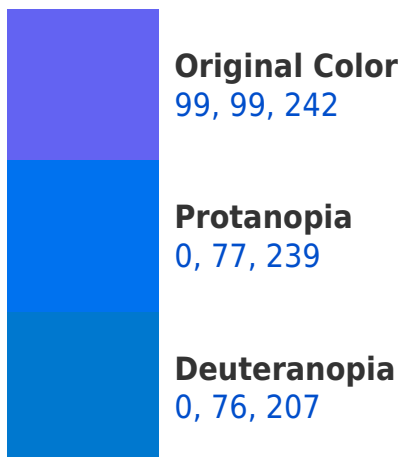


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 99, 99, 242.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





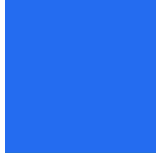
**Tritanopia**  
53, 93, 138

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

99, 99, 242



**Protanomaly**

36, 89, 240



**Deuteranomaly**

36, 90, 220



**Tritanomaly**

70, 103, 176

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

99, 99, 242



**Achromatopsia**

115, 115, 115



**Achromatomaly**

109, 109, 161

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 99, 99, 242 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(99, 99, 242)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(99, 99, 242)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 99, 242) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(99, 99, 242) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 99, 99, 242 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(99, 99, 242) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(99, 99, 242) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(99, 99, 242)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(99, 99, 242); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 99, 242);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 99,  
242) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 99, 99, 242 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(99, 99, 242) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(99, 99,  
242) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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