

Converting Colors

`RYB(9, 144, 130)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(9, 144, 130) contains.

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Color

RYB(9, 144, 130)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	179009
RGB	23, 144, 9
RGB Percent	9%, 56%, 4%
CMY	0.9098, 0.4353, 0.9647
CMYK	0.84, 0.00, 0.94, 0.44
HSL	114°, 88%, 30%
HSV	114°, 94%, 56%
XYZ	10.3759, 20.1484, 3.6006
YIQ	92.4310, -28.7810, -67.6370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

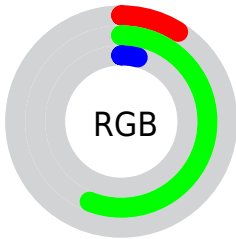
Format	Color
R_{YB}	9, 144, 130
Decimal	1544201
CIE Lab	52.00, -54.16, 53.05
CIE LCh	52, 75.815, 135.590
Yxy	20.1484, 0.3041, 0.5904
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279734281 (0xFF179009)
YUV	92.4310, -41.1315, -60.8910
Hunter-Lab	44.8870, -37.2908, 26.6649

Details

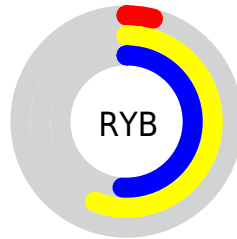
The RYB color **9, 144, 130** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339900**. A complement of this color would be **130, 9, 144**, and the grayscale version is **93, 93, 93**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71, 199, 176**, and **0, 92, 92** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 144, 129**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **23, 144, 131**.

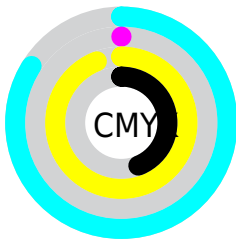
Distribution



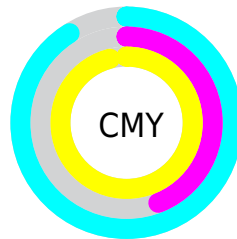
- Red (9%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (4%)



- Red (4%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (94%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (91%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (96%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 9, 144, 130 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 9, 144, 130 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



9, 144, 130



9, 144, 130

255, 255, 255



0, 118, 118



71, 199, 176



0, 92, 92



98, 228, 203



0, 67, 67



125, 255, 228



0, 45, 45



152, 255, 226



0, 13, 13



180, 255, 224



0, 0, 0



208, 255, 222



237, 255, 237



9, 144, 130



9, 144, 130

■ 0, 144, 129

■ 23, 144, 131

■ 38, 144, 133

■ 52, 144, 134

■ 67, 144, 136

■ 81, 144, 137

■ 95, 144, 139

■ 110, 144, 141

■ 124, 144, 142

■ 139, 144, 144

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 132, 13



9, 144, 130



0, 94, 150

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9, 144, 130



0, 90, 251



236, 40, 93

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9, 144, 130



130, 9, 144

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



222, 48, 158



9, 144, 130



0, 82, 251

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9, 144, 130



0, 89, 216



167, 88, 216



217, 93, 29

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9, 144, 130



0, 81, 152



167, 88, 216



235, 35, 115

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9, 144, 130



134, 186, 181



27, 144, 9



62, 94, 90



222, 222, 222



94, 94, 94

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9, 144, 130



0, 186, 167



9, 106, 144



64, 71, 70



0, 135, 121



0, 8, 7

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



130, 9, 144



167, 0, 186



144, 9, 92



71, 64, 71



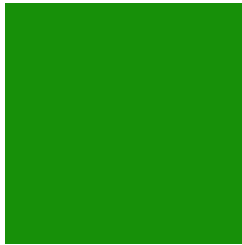
121, 0, 135



7, 0, 8

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 9, 144, 130 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

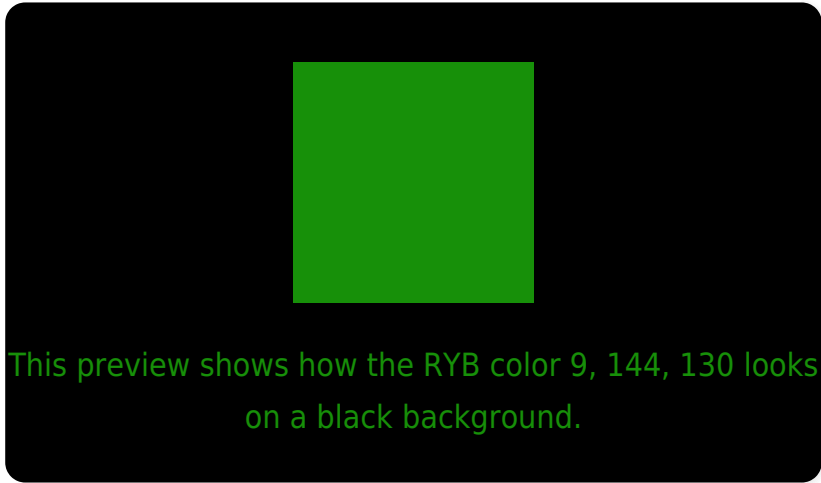
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

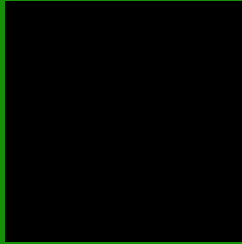
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 9, 144, 130 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 9, 144, 130.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 9, 144, 130.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9, 144, 130

Protanopia

17, 139, 0

Deuteranopia

87, 155, 32



Tritanopia
64, 102, 145

Trichromacy



Original Color

9, 144, 130



Protanomaly

3, 131, 37



Deuteranomaly

24, 127, 44



Tritanomaly

49, 107, 138

Monochromacy



Original Color

9, 144, 130



Achromatopsia

92, 92, 92



Achromatomaly

62, 111, 106

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 9, 144, 130 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(23, 144, 9)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(23, 144, 9)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(23, 144, 9) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(23, 144, 9) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 9, 144, 130 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(23, 144, 9) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(23, 144, 9) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(23, 144, 9) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(23, 144, 9); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(23, 144, 9);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(23, 144, 9)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 9, 144, 130 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(23, 144, 9) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(23, 144,  
9) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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