

Converting Colors

XYZ(0.0097, 0.0144, 0.0069)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(0.0097, 0.0144, 0.0069)
contains.

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Color

XYZ(0.0109, 0.0217, 0.0036)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	000100
RGB	0, 1, 0
RGB Percent	0%, 0%, 0%
CMY	1.0000, 0.9961, 1.0000
CMYK	0.99, 0.00, 1.00, 1.00
HSL	120°, 100%, 0%
HSV	120°, 100%, 0%
XYZ	0.0109, 0.0217, 0.0036
YIQ	0.5870, -0.2750, -0.5230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	0, 1, 1
Decimal	256
CIELab	0.20, -0.40, 0.29
CIELCh	0, 0.491, 144.281
Yxy	0.0217, 0.3011, 0.5994
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278190336 (0xFF000100)
YUV	0.5870, -0.2894, -0.5148
Hunter-Lab	1.4731, -1.2571, 0.8863

Details

The XYZ color **0.0109, 0.0217, 0.0036** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **0.0179, 0.0086, 0.0294**, and the grayscale version is **0.0170, 0.0179, 0.0195**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **2.8507, 3.0384, 3.2325**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0.0109, 0.0217, 0.0036**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **0.0127, 0.0226, 0.0066**.

Distribution



Red (0%)

Green (0%)

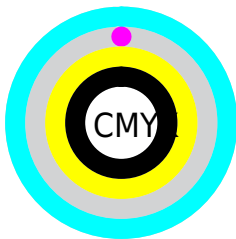
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (0%)



Cyan (99%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (100%)



Cyan (100%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 0.0109, 0.0217, 0.0036 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 0.0109, 0.0217, 0.0036 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 0.0109, 0.0217,
0.0036

■ 0.0109, 0.0217,
0.0036

■ 72.7369, 76.7274,
83.1516

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 2.8656, 3.0381,
3.2627

■ 5.9672, 6.3160,
6.8031

■ 10.7532, 11.3695,
12.2700

■ 17.5889, 18.5832,
20.0820

■ 26.8398, 28.3415,
30.6576

■ 38.8712, 41.0287,

44.4154

■ 54.0485, 57.0292,
61.7739

■ 0.0109, 0.0217,
0.0036

■ 0.0127, 0.0226,
0.0066

■ 0.0145, 0.0234,
0.0095

■ 0.0163, 0.0243,
0.0124

■ 0.0181, 0.0251,
0.0154

■ 0.0198, 0.0260,
0.0183

■ 0.0216, 0.0269,
0.0212

■ 0.0234, 0.0277,
0.0242

■ 0.0252, 0.0286,
0.0271

■ 0.0270, 0.0294,
0.0301

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0.0157, 0.0217, 0.0000



0.0109, 0.0217, 0.0036



0.0087, 0.0217, 0.0202

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



0.0109, 0.0217, 0.0036



0.0194, 0.0217, 0.0578



0.0315, 0.0217, 0.0095

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



0.0109, 0.0217, 0.0036



0.0179, 0.0086, 0.0294

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0.0325, 0.0217, 0.0270



0.0109, 0.0217, 0.0036



0.0256, 0.0217, 0.0549

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



0.0109, 0.0217, 0.0036



0.0136, 0.0217, 0.0515



0.0304, 0.0217, 0.0437



0.0276, 0.0217, 0.0000

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



0.0109, 0.0217, 0.0036



0.0090, 0.0217, 0.0321



0.0304, 0.0217, 0.0437



0.0322, 0.0217, 0.0152

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



0.0109, 0.0217, 0.0036



0.0599, 0.0708, 0.0618



0.0231, 0.0277, 0.0041



0.0571, 0.0695, 0.0573



21.2355, 22.3414, 24.3298



0.0736, 0.0774, 0.0843

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



0.0109, 0.0217, 0.0036



0.0279, 0.0554, 0.0092



0.0135, 0.0227, 0.0175



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



1.8238, 3.6410, 0.6067



18.6988, 37.3777, 6.2291

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



0.0179, 0.0086, 0.0294



0.0457, 0.0220, 0.0751



0.0153, 0.0076, 0.0155



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



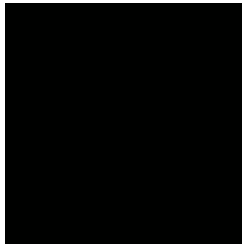
2.9933, 1.4370, 4.9329



30.7104, 14.7423, 50.6615

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 0.0109, 0.0217, 0.0036 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

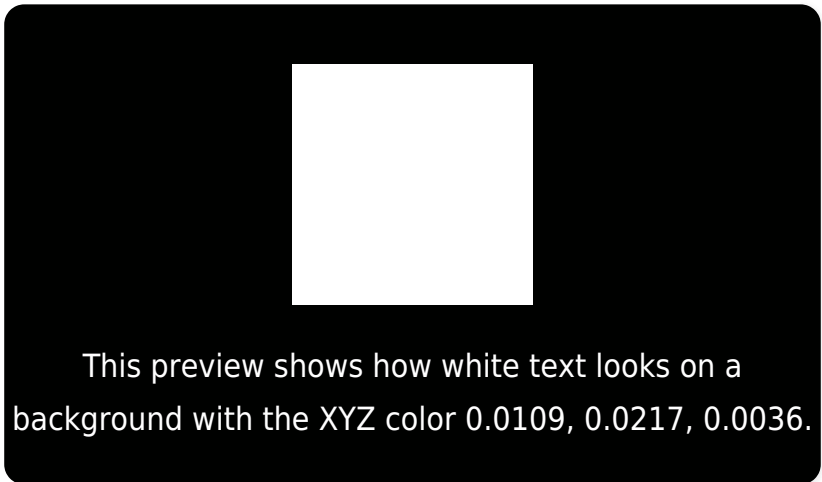
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 0.0109, 0.0217, 0.0036

Background

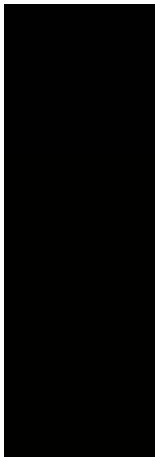


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 0.0109, 0.0217, 0.0036.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

0.0109, 0.0217, 0.0036

Protanopia

0.0234, 0.0282, 0.0042

Deuteranopia

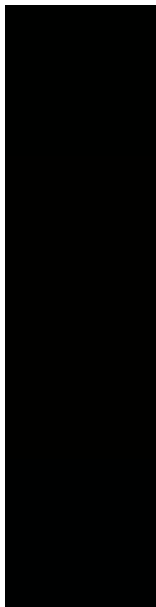
0.0234, 0.0282, 0.0042



Tritanopia

0.0163, 0.0239, 0.0325

Trichromacy



Original Color

0.0109, 0.0217, 0.0036

Protanomaly

0.0234, 0.0282, 0.0042

Deuteranomaly

0.0234, 0.0282, 0.0042

Tritanomaly

0.0163, 0.0239, 0.0325

Monochromacy



Original Color

0.0109, 0.0217, 0.0036

Achromatopsia

0.0289, 0.0304, 0.0331

Achromatomaly

0.0289, 0.0304, 0.0331

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 0.0109, 0.0217, 0.0036 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 1, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 1, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 1, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 1, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 0.0109, 0.0217, 0.0036 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

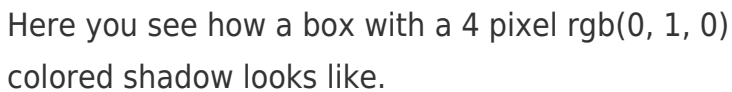
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 1, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 1, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 1, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 1, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 1, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 1, 0) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 0.0109, 0.0217, 0.0036 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 1, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 1, 0)  
}
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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