

Converting Colors

XYZ(0.2483, 0.2633, 0.2430)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(0.2483, 0.2633, 0.2430)
contains.

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Color

XYZ(0.2487, 0.2688, 0.2398)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	090907
RGB	9, 9, 7
RGB Percent	4%, 4%, 3%
CMY	0.9647, 0.9647, 0.9725
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.22, 0.96
HSL	60°, 13%, 3%
HSV	60°, 22%, 4%
XYZ	0.2487, 0.2688, 0.2398
YIQ	8.7720, 0.6420, -0.6220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	7, 9, 7
Decimal	592135
CIE Lab	2.43, -0.28, 0.76
CIE LCh	2, 0.806, 110.181
Yxy	0.2688, 0.3284, 0.3549
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278782215 (0xFF090907)
YUV	8.7720, -0.8736, 0.2000
Hunter-Lab	5.1846, -0.5106, 0.8869

Details

The XYZ color **0.2487, 0.2688, 0.2398** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **0.2129, 0.2169, 0.2891**, and the grayscale version is **0.2533, 0.2665, 0.2902**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **3.4603, 3.6705, 3.7749**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0.2438, 0.2668, 0.2138**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **0.2536, 0.2708, 0.2658**.

Distribution



Red (4%)

Green (4%)

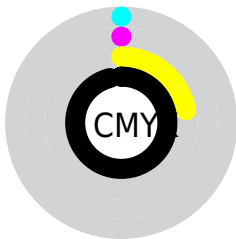
Blue (3%)



Red (3%)

Yellow (4%)

Blue (3%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (22%)

Black (96%)



Cyan (96%)

Magenta (96%)

Yellow (97%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 0.2487, 0.2688, 0.2398 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 0.2487, 0.2688, 0.2398 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 0.2487, 0.2688,
0.2398

■ 0.2487, 0.2688,
0.2398

■ 77.4844, 81.6678,
87.8475

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 3.4381, 3.6356,
3.8245

■ 6.8884, 7.2764,
7.7094

■ 12.1057, 12.7788,
13.6029

■ 19.4553, 20.5271,
21.9235

■ 29.3026, 30.9058,
33.0897

■ 42.0130, 44.2992,

47.5200

■ 57.9518, 61.0918,
65.6331

■ 0.2487, 0.2688,
0.2398

■ 0.2487, 0.2688,
0.2398

■ 0.2438, 0.2668,
0.2138

■ 0.2536, 0.2708,
0.2658

■ 0.2388, 0.2649,
0.1879

■ 0.2586, 0.2728,
0.2917

■ 0.2339, 0.2629,
0.1619

■ 0.2635, 0.2747,
0.3177

■ 0.2290, 0.2609,
0.1359

■ 0.2685, 0.2767,
0.3439

■ 0.2240, 0.2589,
0.1100

■ 0.2737, 0.2788,
0.3714

■ 0.2191, 0.2570,
0.0840

■ 0.2792, 0.2810,
0.4004

■ 0.2142, 0.2550,
0.0580

■ 0.2850, 0.2833,
0.4307

■ 0.2103, 0.2534,
0.0378

■ 0.2910, 0.2857,
0.4625

■ 0.2973, 0.2883,
0.4957

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0.2588, 0.2688, 0.2372



0.2487, 0.2688, 0.2398



0.2404, 0.2688, 0.2566

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



0.2487, 0.2688, 0.2398



0.2429, 0.2688, 0.3359



0.2749, 0.2688, 0.3023

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



0.2487, 0.2688, 0.2398



0.2129, 0.2169, 0.2891

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0.2706, 0.2688, 0.3288



0.2487, 0.2688, 0.2398



0.2521, 0.2688, 0.3482

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



0.2487, 0.2688, 0.2398



0.2370, 0.2688, 0.3121



0.2623, 0.2688, 0.3456



0.2739, 0.2688, 0.2732

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



0.2487, 0.2688, 0.2398



0.2370, 0.2688, 0.2736



0.2623, 0.2688, 0.3456



0.2740, 0.2688, 0.3118

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



0.2487, 0.2688, 0.2398



0.3686, 0.3914, 0.3994



0.2270, 0.2254, 0.2326



0.2173, 0.2309, 0.2352



23.0845, 24.2867, 26.4482



0.2207, 0.2322, 0.2529

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



0.2487, 0.2688, 0.2398



0.3540, 0.3856, 0.3230



0.2362, 0.2624, 0.2392



0.1443, 0.1537, 0.1539



4.5603, 5.4964, 0.8206



42.6517, 51.4086, 7.6749

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



0.2129, 0.2169, 0.2891



0.2886, 0.2905, 0.4132



0.2254, 0.2233, 0.2897



0.1352, 0.1404, 0.1664



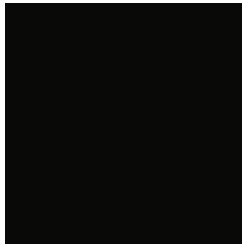
1.0699, 0.4280, 5.6321



10.0048, 4.0021, 52.6788

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 0.2487, 0.2688, 0.2398 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

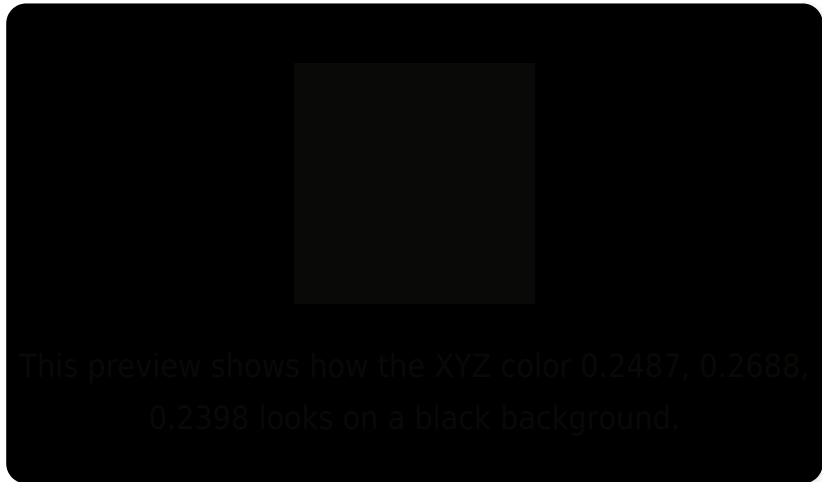
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

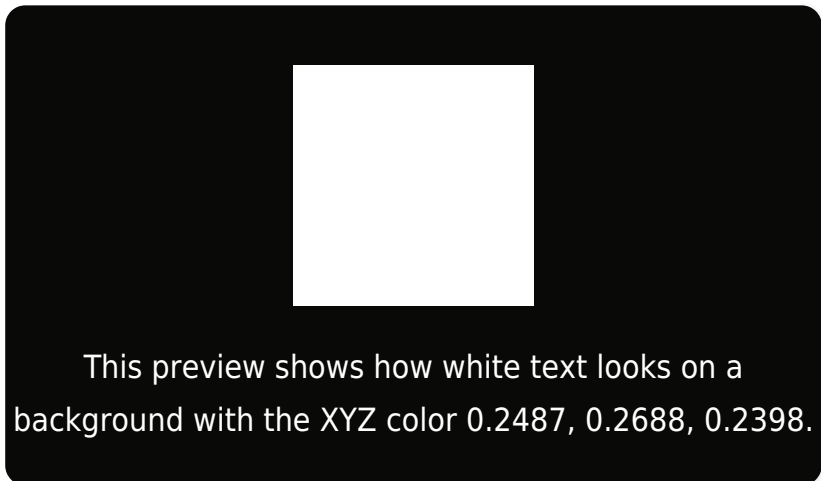
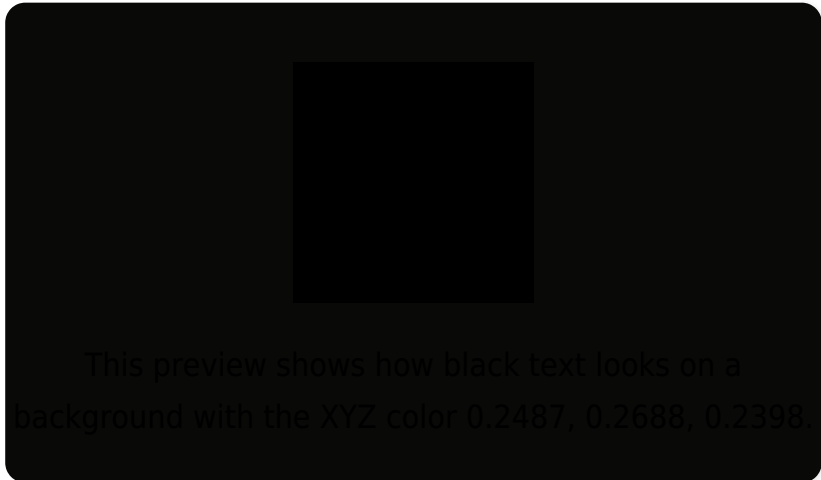
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 0.2487, 0.2688, 0.2398

Background



Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

0.2487, 0.2688, 0.2398

Protanopia

0.2487, 0.2688, 0.2398

Deuteranopia

0.2612, 0.2752, 0.2404



Tritanopia

0.2597, 0.2732, 0.2975

Trichromacy



Original Color

0.2487, 0.2688, 0.2398

Protanomaly

0.2487, 0.2688, 0.2398

Deuteranomaly

0.2612, 0.2752, 0.2404

Tritanomaly

0.2542, 0.2710, 0.2686

Monochromacy



Original Color

0.2487, 0.2688, 0.2398

Achromatopsia

0.2597, 0.2732, 0.2975

Achromatomaly

0.2542, 0.2710, 0.2686

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 0.2487, 0.2688, 0.2398 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(9, 9, 7)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(9, 9, 7)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(9, 9, 7) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(9, 9, 7) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 0.2487, 0.2688, 0.2398 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(9, 9, 7) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(9, 9, 7) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(9, 9, 7)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(9, 9, 7); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(9, 9, 7); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(9, 9, 7) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 0.2487, 0.2688, 0.2398 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(9, 9, 7) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(9, 9, 7)  
}
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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