

Converting Colors

XYZ(0.3422, 0.0000, 0.5938)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(0.3422, 0.0000, 0.5938)
contains.

XYZ(0.4484, 0.2176, 0.6345)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

XYZ(0.4484, 0.2176, 0.6345)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	160013
RGB	22, 0, 19
RGB Percent	9%, 0%, 7%
CMY	0.9137, 1.0000, 0.9255
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.14, 0.91
HSL	308°, 100%, 4%
HSV	308°, 100%, 9%
XYZ	0.4484, 0.2176, 0.6345
YIQ	8.7440, 7.0130, 10.5730

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	22, 0, 19
Decimal	1441811
CIE Lab	1.97, 9.90, -5.69
CIE LCh	2, 11.414, 330.117
Yxy	0.2176, 0.3448, 0.1673
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279631891 (0xFF160013)
YUV	8.7440, 5.0562, 11.6255
Hunter-Lab	4.6648, 8.9950, -4.7993

Details

The XYZ color **0.4484, 0.2176, 0.6345** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **0.3033, 0.5803, 0.1822**, and the grayscale version is **0.2507, 0.2638, 0.2873**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **3.9492, 3.5076, 4.8838**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0.4484, 0.2176, 0.6345**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **0.4749, 0.2664, 0.6560**.

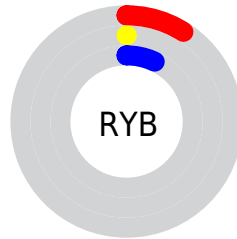
Distribution



Red (9%)

Green (0%)

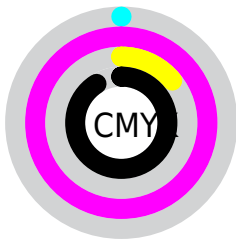
Blue (7%)



Red (9%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (7%)

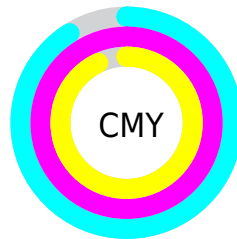


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (14%)

Black (91%)



Cyan (91%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (93%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 0.4484, 0.2176, 0.6345 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 0.4484, 0.2176, 0.6345 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 0.4484, 0.2176,
0.6345

■ 0.4484, 0.2176,
0.6345

■ 81.6273, 80.6272,
96.0833

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 3.9740, 3.5059,
4.9011

■ 7.7316, 7.0699,
9.3976


■ 13.3255, 12.4777,
16.0398


■ 21.1210, 20.1137,
25.2460


■ 31.4837, 30.3623,
37.4350


■ 44.7787, 43.6078,


53.0251


 61.3714, 60.2346,
72.4351


 0.4484, 0.2176,
0.6345

 0.4749, 0.2664,
0.6560

 0.5013, 0.3152,
0.6777

 0.5279, 0.3640,
0.6996

 0.5544, 0.4128,
0.7217

 0.5813, 0.4622,
0.7440

■ 0.6108, 0.5170,
0.7673

■ 0.6437, 0.5781,
0.7920

■ 0.6798, 0.6460,
0.8179

■ 0.7194, 0.7206,
0.8451

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0.3466, 0.2176, 0.9272



0.4484, 0.2176, 0.6345



0.4854, 0.2176, 0.2353

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



0.4484, 0.2176, 0.6345



0.2063, 0.2176, 0.0000



0.0000, 0.2176, 0.6373

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



0.4484, 0.2176, 0.6345



0.3033, 0.5803, 0.1822

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0.0000, 0.2176, 0.2386



0.4484, 0.2176, 0.6345



0.0670, 0.2176, 0.0000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



0.4484, 0.2176, 0.6345



0.3456, 0.2176, 0.0000



0.0000, 0.2176, 0.0000



0.0680, 0.2176, 0.9288

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



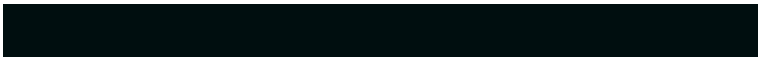
0.4484, 0.2176, 0.6345



0.4684, 0.2176, 0.0000



0.0000, 0.2176, 0.0000



0.0000, 0.2176, 0.5114

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



0.4484, 0.2176, 0.6345



0.9207, 0.8138, 1.1396



0.1816, 0.0769, 0.7642



0.3913, 0.3499, 0.4822



26.0283, 27.3838, 29.8210



0.4654, 0.4896, 0.5332

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



0.4484, 0.2176, 0.6345



0.6475, 0.3145, 0.9032



0.3751, 0.1883, 0.2482



0.2824, 0.2872, 0.3295



3.7420, 1.8226, 4.9861



31.8485, 15.5359, 41.3641

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



0.4484, 0.2176, 0.6345



0.6475, 0.3145, 0.9032



0.3657, 0.6053, 0.5106



0.2824, 0.2872, 0.3295



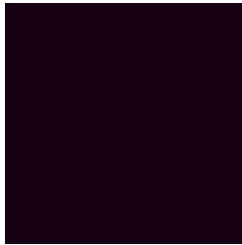
3.7420, 1.8226, 4.9861



31.8485, 15.5359, 41.3641

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 0.4484, 0.2176, 0.6345 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

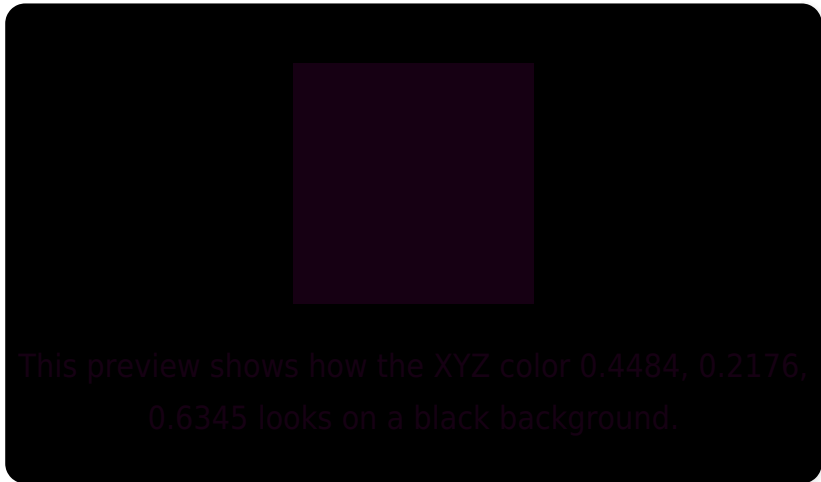
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 0.4484, 0.2176, 0.6345

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 0.4484, 0.2176, 0.6345.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 0.4484, 0.2176, 0.6345.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

0.4484, 0.2176, 0.6345

Protanopia

0.3069, 0.3331, 0.9678

Deuteranopia

0.3658, 0.3711, 0.6246



Tritanopia

0.4291, 0.3289, 0.2706

Trichromacy



Original Color

0.4484, 0.2176, 0.6345

Protanomaly

0.3416, 0.2872, 0.8480

Deuteranomaly

0.3771, 0.3107, 0.6124

Tritanomaly

0.4190, 0.2728, 0.3784

Monochromacy



Original Color

0.4484, 0.2176, 0.6345

Achromatopsia

0.2597, 0.2732, 0.2975

Achromatomaly

0.3189, 0.2527, 0.4127

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 0.4484, 0.2176, 0.6345 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(22, 0, 19)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(22, 0, 19)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(22, 0, 19) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(22, 0, 19) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 0.4484, 0.2176, 0.6345 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(22, 0, 19) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(22, 0, 19) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(22, 0, 19)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(22, 0, 19); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(22, 0, 19); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(22, 0, 19) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 0.4484, 0.2176, 0.6345 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(22, 0, 19) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(22, 0,  
19) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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