

Converting Colors

XYZ(0.7560, 1.2646, 1.0149)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(0.7560, 1.2646, 1.0149)
contains.

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Color

XYZ(0.7557, 1.2639, 1.0147)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	002317
RGB	0, 35, 23
RGB Percent	0%, 14%, 9%
CMY	1.0000, 0.8627, 0.9098
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.34, 0.86
HSL	159°, 100%, 7%
HSV	159°, 100%, 14%
XYZ	0.7557, 1.2639, 1.0147
YIQ	23.1670, -17.0080, -11.1520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	0, 21, 35
Decimal	8983
CIELab	11.02, -16.55, 4.50
CIELCh	11, 17.147, 164.787
Yxy	1.2639, 0.2491, 0.4165
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278199063 (0xFF002317)
YUV	23.1670, -0.0823, -20.3175
Hunter-Lab	11.2423, -7.6755, 2.5183

Details

The XYZ color **0.7557, 1.2639, 1.0147** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **0.7596, 0.3840, 0.3820**, and the grayscale version is **0.8240, 0.8669, 0.9441**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4.9342, 6.6886, 6.1852**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0.7557, 1.2639, 1.0147**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **0.8119, 1.2915, 1.0816**.

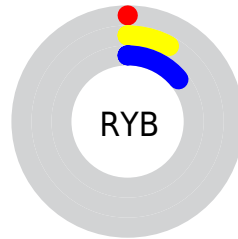
Distribution



Red (0%)

Green (14%)

Blue (9%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (8%)

Blue (14%)

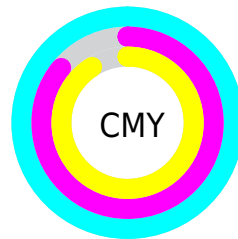


Cyan (100%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (34%)

Black (86%)



Cyan (100%)

Magenta (86%)

Yellow (91%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 0.7557, 1.2639, 1.0147 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 0.7557, 1.2639, 1.0147 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

0.7557, 1.2639,
1.0147

0.7557, 1.2639,
1.0147

88.2867, 102.6629,
104.4692

0.0000, 0.1130,
0.0000

4.9031, 6.6603,
6.1102

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

9.1592, 11.8774,
11.2368


15.3583, 19.2864,
18.6408


23.8658, 29.2717,
28.7406


35.0470, 42.2175,
41.9548


49.2673, 58.5084,


58.7020


 66.8921, 78.5287,
79.4006


 0.7557, 1.2639,
1.0147

 0.8119, 1.2915,
1.0816

 0.8685, 1.3192,
1.1513

 0.9258, 1.3472,
1.2241

 0.9894, 1.3783,
1.3000

 1.0631, 1.4146,
1.3795

■ 1.1473, 1.4563,
1.4624

■ 1.2425, 1.5035,
1.5489

■ 1.3490, 1.5566,
1.6391

■ 1.4673, 1.6156,
1.7329

Harmonies

Analogous

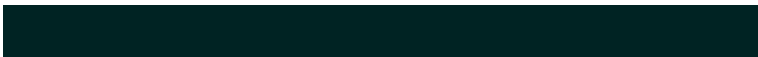
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0.8649, 1.2639, 0.4776



0.7557, 1.2639, 1.0147



0.7549, 1.2639, 1.8016

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



0.7557, 1.2639, 1.0147



1.3419, 1.2639, 3.4303



1.6186, 1.2639, 0.4839

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



0.7557, 1.2639, 1.0147



0.7596, 0.3840, 0.3820

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



1.7908, 1.2639, 1.0236



0.7557, 1.2639, 1.0147



1.6152, 1.2639, 2.7609

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



0.7557, 1.2639, 1.0147



1.0674, 1.2639, 3.4249



1.7895, 1.2639, 1.8147



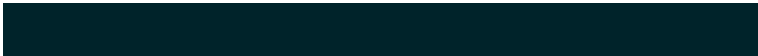
1.3460, 1.2639, 0.1716

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



0.7557, 1.2639, 1.0147



0.8158, 1.2639, 2.4379



1.7895, 1.2639, 1.8147



1.6919, 1.2639, 0.6445

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



0.7557, 1.2639, 1.0147



1.9762, 2.4167, 2.4765



0.7562, 1.2821, 0.2077



0.6247, 0.7607, 0.7812



29.1803, 30.6999, 33.4322



0.8118, 0.8540, 0.9300

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



0.7557, 1.2639, 1.0147



1.2095, 2.0407, 1.5692



0.7614, 1.0373, 1.7502



0.5317, 0.5797, 0.6240



3.6442, 6.2372, 4.4551



27.3690, 47.4676, 31.5367

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



0.7596, 0.3840, 0.3820



1.2138, 0.6152, 0.5348



0.7502, 0.4714, 0.0516



0.5316, 0.5391, 0.5932



3.6544, 1.8597, 1.2638



27.4828, 14.0339, 7.3403

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 0.7557, 1.2639, 1.0147 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

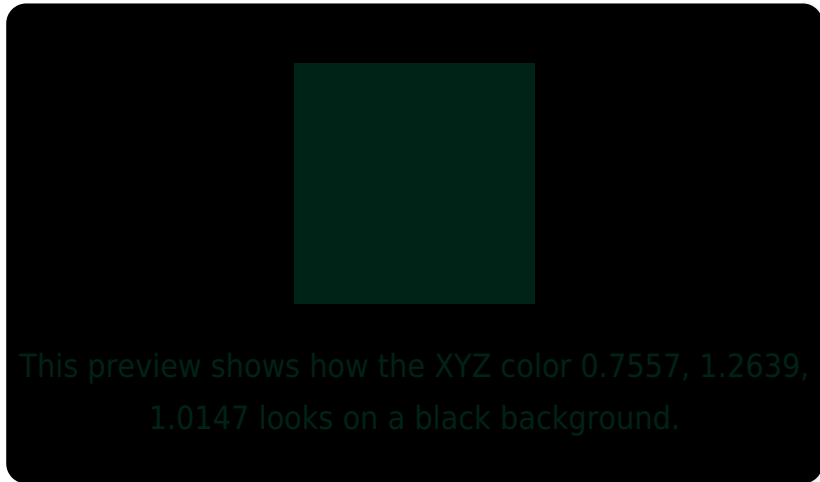
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

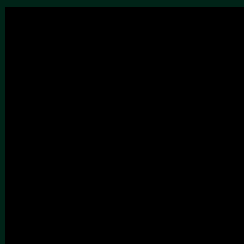
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 0.7557, 1.2639, 1.0147

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 0.7557, 1.2639, 1.0147.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 0.7557, 1.2639, 1.0147.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

0.7557, 1.2639, 1.0147

Protanopia

1.2268, 1.3060, 0.8969

Deuteranopia

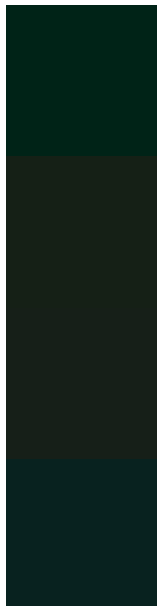
1.2974, 1.3020, 1.0471



Tritanopia

1.0139, 1.2933, 1.8652

Trichromacy



Original Color

0.7557, 1.2639, 1.0147

Protanomaly

0.9706, 1.2504, 0.9492

Deuteranomaly

0.9857, 1.2165, 1.0470

Tritanomaly

0.9195, 1.2946, 1.4977

Monochromacy



Original Color

0.7557, 1.2639, 1.0147

Achromatopsia

0.8144, 0.8568, 0.9331

Achromatomaly

0.7436, 0.9473, 0.9543

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 0.7557, 1.2639, 1.0147 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 35, 23)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 35, 23)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 35, 23) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 35, 23) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 0.7557, 1.2639, 1.0147 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 35, 23) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 35, 23) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 35, 23)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 35, 23); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 35, 23); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 35, 23) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 0.7557, 1.2639, 1.0147 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 35, 23) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 35,  
23) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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