

Converting Colors

XYZ(0.9757, 1.4401, 0.9733)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(0.9757, 1.4401, 0.9733)
contains.

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Color

XYZ(0.9727, 1.4212, 0.9821)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0F2416
RGB	15, 36, 22
RGB Percent	6%, 14%, 9%
CMY	0.9412, 0.8588, 0.9137
CMYK	0.58, 0.00, 0.39, 0.86
HSL	140°, 41%, 10%
HSV	140°, 58%, 14%
XYZ	0.9727, 1.4212, 0.9821
YIQ	28.1250, -8.0220, -8.8060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

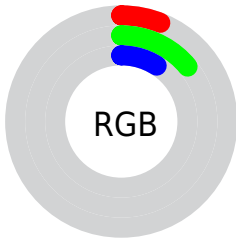
Format	Color
RYB	15, 31, 36
Decimal	992278
CIELab	12.10, -12.56, 6.81
CIELCh	12, 14.286, 151.518
Yxy	1.4212, 0.2881, 0.4210
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279182358 (0xFF0F2416)
YUV	28.1250, -3.0196, -11.5106
Hunter-Lab	11.9214, -6.2982, 3.4606

Details

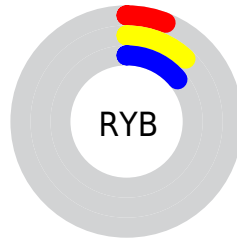
The XYZ color **0.9727, 1.4212, 0.9821** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **1.1202, 0.8055, 1.2590**, and the grayscale version is **1.1139, 1.1719, 1.2762**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **5.6128, 7.1546, 5.9356**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0.8970, 1.3848, 0.8633**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **1.0608, 1.4639, 1.1128**.

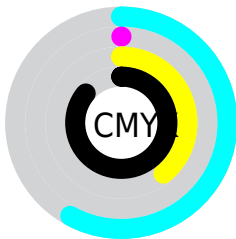
Distribution



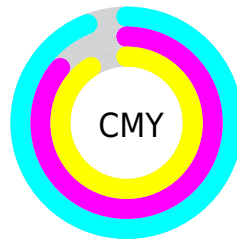
- Red (6%)
- Green (14%)
- Blue (9%)



- Red (6%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Blue (14%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Black (86%)



- Cyan (94%)
- Magenta (86%)
- Yellow (91%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 0.9727, 1.4212, 0.9821 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 0.9727, 1.4212, 0.9821 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 0.9727, 1.4212,
0.9821

■ 0.9727, 1.4212,
0.9821

■ 93.0571, 105.5248,
103.7470

■ 0.0000, 0.2323,
0.0000

■ 5.6175, 7.1287,
6.0018

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 10.2335, 12.5635,
11.0739


■ 16.8656, 20.2316,
18.4123


■ 25.8794, 30.5174,
28.4355


■ 37.6401, 43.8051,
41.5620


■ 52.5130, 60.4794,


58.2104


 70.8636, 80.9245,
78.7992


 0.9727, 1.4212,
0.9821


 0.9727, 1.4212,
0.9821


 0.8970, 1.3848,
0.8633


 1.0608, 1.4639,
1.1128


 0.8313, 1.3532,
0.7559


 1.1618, 1.5128,
1.2556


 0.7683, 1.3228,
0.6593

 1.2761, 1.5685,
1.4110

 0.7072, 1.2932,
0.5731

 1.4043, 1.6310,
1.5790

 0.6972, 1.2883,
0.5597

 1.5469, 1.7006,
1.7602

■ 1.7042, 1.7776,
1.9547

■ 1.8768, 1.8621,
2.1628

■ 2.0649, 1.9544,
2.3848

■ 2.2690, 2.0546,
2.6208

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



1.1160, 1.4212, 0.6068



0.9727, 1.4212, 0.9821



0.9271, 1.4212, 1.5840

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



0.9727, 1.4212, 0.9821



1.3635, 1.4212, 3.3591



1.8007, 1.4212, 0.9362

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



0.9727, 1.4212, 0.9821



1.1202, 0.8055, 1.2590

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



1.8872, 1.4212, 1.5115



0.9727, 1.4212, 0.9821



1.6164, 1.4212, 3.0325

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



0.9727, 1.4212, 0.9821



1.1354, 1.4212, 3.0896



1.8160, 1.4212, 2.2964



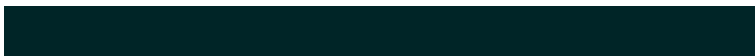
1.5918, 1.4212, 0.5804

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



0.9727, 1.4212, 0.9821



0.9531, 1.4212, 2.1059



1.8160, 1.4212, 2.2964



1.8461, 1.4212, 1.0976

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



0.9727, 1.4213, 0.9821



2.1710, 2.5181, 2.4419



1.2338, 1.5626, 0.6886



0.6869, 0.7930, 0.7735



29.1803, 30.6999, 33.4322



0.8118, 0.8540, 0.9300

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



0.9727, 1.4213, 0.9821



1.3205, 2.1057, 1.2273



1.0907, 1.4684, 1.6032



0.5272, 0.5779, 0.6002



3.1873, 6.0545, 2.0494



23.9206, 46.0883, 13.3779

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



1.1202, 0.8055, 1.2590



1.5824, 1.0089, 1.7164



1.0147, 0.7633, 0.7033



0.5361, 0.5409, 0.6170



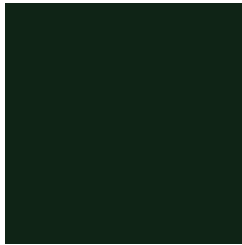
4.1204, 2.0461, 3.7179



31.0132, 15.4461, 25.9313

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 0.9727, 1.4212, 0.9821 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

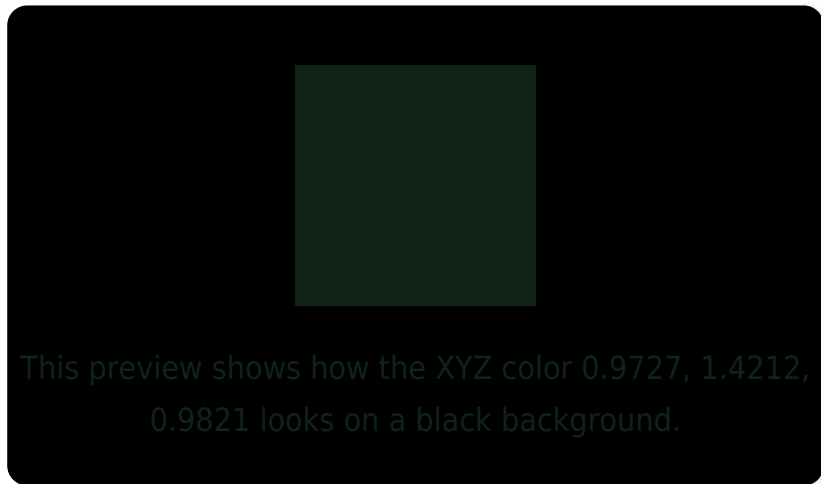
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 0.9727, 1.4212, 0.9821

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 0.9727, 1.4212, 0.9821.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 0.9727, 1.4212, 0.9821.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

0.9727, 1.4212, 0.9821

Protanopia

1.3359, 1.4409, 0.8695

Deuteranopia

1.4183, 1.4025, 1.0066



Tritanopia

1.1745, 1.4161, 1.9617

Trichromacy



Original Color

0.9727, 1.4212, 0.9821

Protanomaly

1.1581, 1.3887, 0.9165

Deuteranomaly

1.2066, 1.3709, 1.0116

Tritanomaly

1.1112, 1.4349, 1.5849

Monochromacy



Original Color

0.9727, 1.4212, 0.9821

Achromatopsia

1.1037, 1.1612, 1.2646

Achromatomaly

1.0298, 1.2367, 1.1617

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 0.9727, 1.4212, 0.9821 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(15, 36, 22)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(15, 36, 22)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(15, 36, 22) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(15, 36, 22) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 0.9727, 1.4212, 0.9821 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(15, 36, 22) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(15, 36, 22) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(15, 36, 22)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(15, 36, 22); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(15, 36, 22);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(15, 36, 22)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 0.9727, 1.4212, 0.9821 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(15, 36, 22) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(15, 36,  
22) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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