

Converting Colors

XYZ(1.1012, 0.5573, 0.5220)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(1.1012, 0.5573, 0.5220)
contains.

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Color

XYZ(1.0898, 0.5510, 0.5391)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2B0010
RGB	43, 0, 16
RGB Percent	17%, 0%, 6%
CMY	0.8314, 1.0000, 0.9373
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.63, 0.83
HSL	338°, 100%, 8%
HSV	338°, 100%, 17%
XYZ	1.0898, 0.5510, 0.5391
YIQ	14.6810, 20.4920, 14.0920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

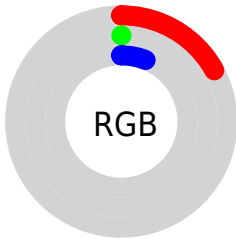
Format	Color
RYB	43, 0, 16
Decimal	2818064
CIELab	4.98, 22.33, 0.87
CIELCh	5, 22.346, 2.232
Yxy	0.5510, 0.4999, 0.2528
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281008144 (0xFF2B0010)
YUV	14.6810, 0.6503, 24.8358
Hunter-Lab	7.4229, 13.2164, 0.8900

Details

The XYZ color **1.0898, 0.5510, 0.5391** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330000**. A complement of this color would be **1.0618, 1.8069, 1.3299**, and the grayscale version is **0.4414, 0.4644, 0.5057**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **5.9443, 4.3662, 4.6671**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **1.0898, 0.5510, 0.5391**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **1.1580, 0.6530, 0.6677**.

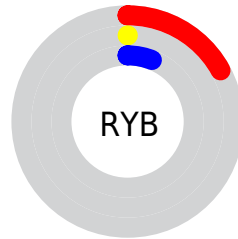
Distribution



Red (17%)

Green (0%)

Blue (6%)



Red (17%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (6%)

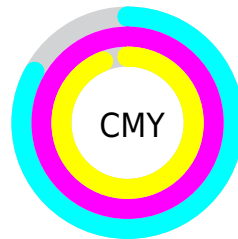


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (63%)

Black (83%)



Cyan (83%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (94%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 1.0898, 0.5510, 0.5391 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 1.0898, 0.5510, 0.5391 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

1.0898, 0.5510,
0.5391

1.0898, 0.5510,
0.5391

95.4344, 87.5642,
94.0475

0.0166, 0.0000,
0.0000

5.9881, 4.4081,
4.6245

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

10.7841, 8.4870,
8.9691


17.6319, 14.5254,
15.4261


26.8968, 22.9077,
24.4142


38.9441, 34.0184,
36.3518


54.1392, 48.2417,


51.6576


 72.8475, 65.9622,
70.7499

 1.0898, 0.5510,
0.5391

 1.1580, 0.6530,
0.6677

 1.2287, 0.7560,
0.8102

 1.3049, 0.8653,
0.9679

 1.3954, 0.9990,
1.1441

 1.5018, 1.1597,
1.3398

■ 1.6247, 1.3490,
1.5556

■ 1.7650, 1.5680,
1.7920

■ 1.9233, 1.8181,
2.0497

■ 2.1002, 2.1004,
2.3291

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



1.0173, 0.5510, 1.3754



1.0898, 0.5510, 0.5391



0.9934, 0.5510, 0.0000

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



1.0898, 0.5510, 0.5391



0.2328, 0.5510, 0.0000



0.2696, 0.5510, 2.3825

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



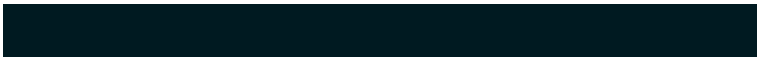
1.0898, 0.5510, 0.5391



1.0618, 1.8069, 1.3299

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0.0623, 0.5510, 1.5133



1.0898, 0.5510, 0.5391



0.0410, 0.5510, 0.0000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



1.0898, 0.5510, 0.5391



0.5025, 0.5510, 0.0000



0.0000, 0.5510, 0.6608



0.5450, 0.5510, 2.7243

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



1.0898, 0.5510, 0.5391



0.8579, 0.5510, 0.0000



0.0000, 0.5510, 0.6608



0.1896, 0.5510, 2.1232

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



1.0898, 0.5510, 0.5391



2.8549, 2.5061, 2.8699



0.8754, 0.4009, 2.3168



0.8378, 0.7355, 0.8422



31.3992, 33.0344, 35.9744



1.1069, 1.1645, 1.2682

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



1.0898, 0.5510, 0.5391



1.7707, 0.8973, 0.7832



1.0507, 0.6225, 0.0648



0.6374, 0.6448, 0.7123



3.9210, 1.9923, 1.4957



28.4526, 14.5059, 8.6491

Inverse Universe

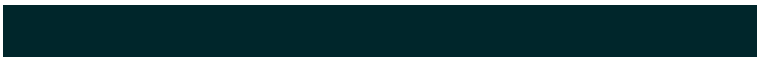
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



1.0898, 0.5510, 0.5391



1.7707, 0.8973, 0.7832



1.1287, 1.5596, 2.5271



0.6374, 0.6448, 0.7123



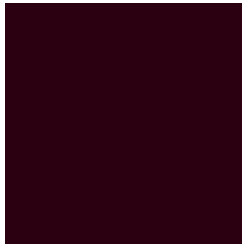
3.9210, 1.9923, 1.4957



28.4526, 14.5059, 8.6491

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 1.0898, 0.5510, 0.5391 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

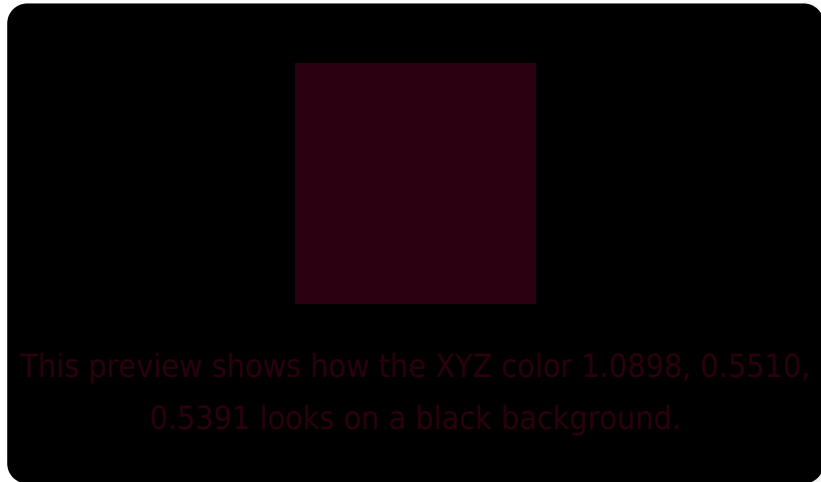
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

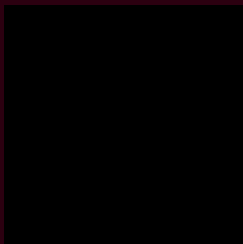
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 1.0898, 0.5510, 0.5391

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 1.0898, 0.5510, 0.5391.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 1.0898, 0.5510, 0.5391.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

1.0898, 0.5510, 0.5391

Protanopia

0.7724, 0.8063, 0.9255

Deuteranopia

0.7994, 0.8010, 0.5279



Tritanopia

1.0943, 0.6570, 0.2414

Trichromacy



Original Color

1.0898, 0.5510, 0.5391

Protanomaly

0.8187, 0.6406, 0.7423

Deuteranomaly

0.8573, 0.6457, 0.5314

Tritanomaly

1.0945, 0.6223, 0.3496

Monochromacy



Original Color

1.0898, 0.5510, 0.5391

Achromatopsia

0.4540, 0.4777, 0.5202

Achromatomaly

0.5957, 0.4582, 0.5090

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 1.0898, 0.5510, 0.5391 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(43, 0, 16)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(43, 0, 16)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(43, 0, 16) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(43, 0, 16) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 1.0898, 0.5510, 0.5391 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(43, 0, 16) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(43, 0, 16) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(43, 0, 16) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(43, 0, 16); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 0, 16); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 0, 16) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 1.0898, 0.5510, 0.5391 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(43, 0, 16) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(43, 0,  
16) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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