

Converting Colors

XYZ(1.2669, 1.1611, 1.2515)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(1.2669, 1.1611, 1.2515)
contains.

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Color

XYZ(1.2721, 1.1800, 1.2593)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	231A1C
RGB	35, 26, 28
RGB Percent	14%, 10%, 11%
CMY	0.8628, 0.8980, 0.8902
CMYK	0.00, 0.26, 0.20, 0.86
HSL	347°, 15%, 12%
HSV	347°, 26%, 14%
XYZ	1.2721, 1.1800, 1.2593
YIQ	28.9190, 4.7220, 2.5300

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

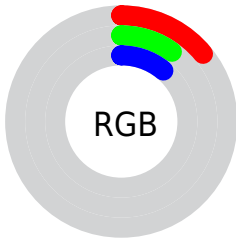
Format	Color
RYB	35, 26, 28
Decimal	2300444
CIELab	10.41, 4.88, 0.30
CIELCh	10, 4.890, 3.558
Yxy	1.1800, 0.3428, 0.3179
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280490524 (0xFF231A1C)
YUV	28.9190, -0.4531, 5.3330
Hunter-Lab	10.8628, 1.8936, 0.7306

Details

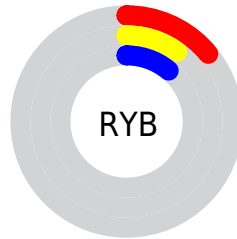
The XYZ color **1.2721, 1.1800, 1.2593** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **1.3016, 1.5314, 1.6659**, and the grayscale version is **1.1627, 1.2233, 1.3321**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **6.5737, 6.4166, 6.8533**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **1.1682, 1.0219, 1.0711**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **1.3885, 1.3583, 1.4662**.

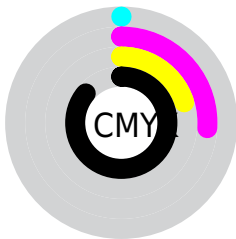
Distribution



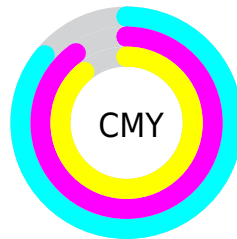
- Red (14%)
- Green (10%)
- Blue (11%)



- Red (14%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Blue (11%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (86%)



- Cyan (86%)
- Magenta (90%)
- Yellow (89%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 1.2721, 1.1800, 1.2593 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 1.2721, 1.1800, 1.2593 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 1.2721, 1.1800,
1.2593

■ 1.2721, 1.1800,
1.2593

98.8864, 101.0615,
109.5404

■ 0.1622, 0.0453,
0.0281

■ 6.5430, 6.4037,
6.8935

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 11.6013, 11.4993,
12.4039

■ 18.7618, 18.7632,
20.2679

■ 28.3900, 28.5798,
30.9040

■ 40.8512, 41.3336,
44.7308

■ 56.5107, 57.4088,

62.1667

■ 75.7341, 77.1900,
83.6304

■ 1.2721, 1.1800,
1.2593

■ 1.2721, 1.1800,
1.2593

■ 1.1682, 1.0219,
1.0711

■ 1.3885, 1.3583,
1.4662

■ 1.0762, 0.8832,
0.9011

■ 1.5178, 1.5575,
1.6924

■ 0.9959, 0.7632,
0.7488

■ 1.6603, 1.7781,
1.9383

■ 0.9266, 0.6611,
0.6135

■ 1.8164, 2.0208,
2.2043

■ 0.8673, 0.5747,
0.4945

■ 1.9864, 2.2862,
2.4910

■ 0.8117, 0.4916,
0.3892

■ 2.1706, 2.5749,
2.7988

■ 0.7584, 0.4095,
0.2958

■ 2.3695, 2.8874,
3.1281

■ 0.7356, 0.3743,
0.2566

■ 2.5834, 3.2242,
3.4793

■ 2.8124, 3.5859,
3.8528

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



1.2560, 1.1800, 1.4781



1.2721, 1.1800, 1.2593



1.2464, 1.1800, 1.0693

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



1.2721, 1.1800, 1.2593



1.0435, 1.1800, 0.9698



1.0584, 1.1800, 1.6923

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



1.2721, 1.1800, 1.2593



1.3016, 1.5314, 1.6659

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



1.0054, 1.1800, 1.5275



1.2721, 1.1800, 1.2593



0.9970, 1.1800, 1.1092

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



1.2721, 1.1800, 1.2593



1.1126, 1.1800, 0.9135



0.9834, 1.1800, 1.3107



1.1305, 1.1800, 1.7439

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



1.2721, 1.1800, 1.2593



1.2096, 1.1800, 0.9797



0.9834, 1.1800, 1.3107



1.0379, 1.1800, 1.6475

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



1.2721, 1.1801, 1.2593



2.3951, 2.4254, 2.6316



1.2968, 1.1819, 1.7498



0.7510, 0.7601, 0.8246



29.1803, 30.6999, 33.4322



0.8118, 0.8540, 0.9300

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



1.2721, 1.1801, 1.2593



1.9308, 1.7143, 1.8060



1.3044, 1.2816, 1.1561



0.5299, 0.5385, 0.5845



3.5551, 1.8200, 0.7411



26.8243, 13.7705, 3.8725

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



1.2721, 1.1801, 1.2593



1.9308, 1.7143, 1.8060



1.2622, 1.4066, 1.7949



0.5299, 0.5385, 0.5845



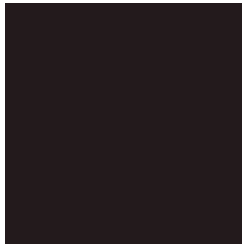
3.5551, 1.8200, 0.7411



26.8243, 13.7705, 3.8725

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 1.2721, 1.1800, 1.2593 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

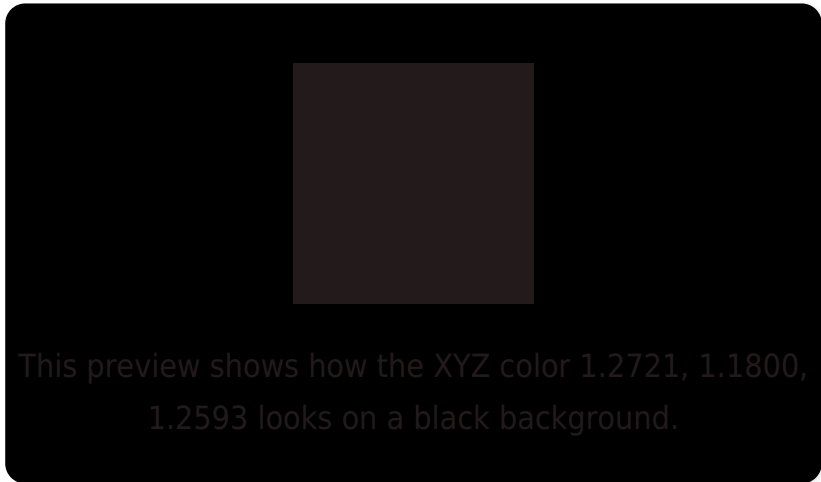
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

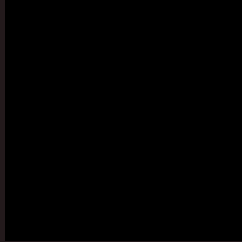
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 1.2721, 1.1800, 1.2593

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 1.2721, 1.1800, 1.2593.

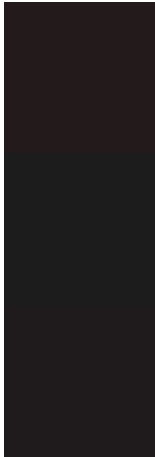


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 1.2721, 1.1800, 1.2593.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

1.2721, 1.1800, 1.2593

Protanopia

1.1437, 1.1804, 1.3300

Deuteranopia

1.1666, 1.1590, 1.2608



Tritanopia

1.2721, 1.1800, 1.2593

Trichromacy



Original Color

1.2721, 1.1800, 1.2593

Protanomaly

1.1788, 1.1639, 1.3249

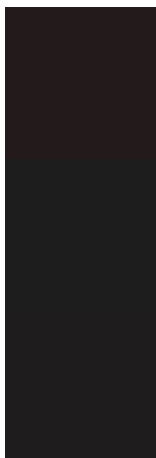
Deuteranomaly

1.1972, 1.1748, 1.2623

Tritanomaly

1.2721, 1.1800, 1.2593

Monochromacy



Original Color

1.2721, 1.1800, 1.2593

Achromatopsia

1.1678, 1.2286, 1.3380

Achromatomaly

1.2021, 1.2105, 1.3327

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 1.2721, 1.1800, 1.2593 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(35, 26, 28) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(35, 26, 28)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(35, 26, 28) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(35, 26, 28) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 1.2721, 1.1800, 1.2593 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(35, 26, 28) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(35, 26, 28) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(35, 26, 28)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(35, 26, 28); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(35, 26, 28);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(35, 26, 28)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 1.2721, 1.1800, 1.2593 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(35, 26, 28) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(35, 26,  
28) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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