

Converting Colors

XYZ(1.2956, 4.6580, 30.5906)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(1.2956, 4.6580, 30.5906)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(8.7608, 8.4535,
30.8757)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	005398
RGB	0, 83, 152
RGB Percent	0%, 33%, 60%
CMY	0.9999, 0.6745, 0.4039
CMYK	1.00, 0.45, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	207°, 100%, 30%
HSV	207°, 100%, 60%
XYZ	8.7608, 8.4535, 30.8757
YIQ	66.0490, -71.6170, 3.8630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	0, 54, 152
Decimal	21400
CIELab	34.91, 6.42, -43.62
CIELCh	35, 44.090, 278.372
Yxy	8.4535, 0.1822, 0.1758
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278211480 (0xFF005398)
YUV	66.0490, 42.3738, -57.9250
Hunter-Lab	29.0749, 2.9042, -42.6098

Details

The XYZ color **8.7608, 8.4535, 30.8757** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336699**. A complement of this color would be **15.0791, 10.9355, 1.3169**, and the grayscale version is **5.1317, 5.3990, 5.8795**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **23.1699, 22.8923, 62.2290**, and **3.0258, 2.3711, 12.3548** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.7598, 8.4515, 30.8756**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **9.5162, 9.6662, 31.0702**.

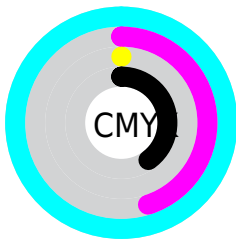
Distribution



- Red (0%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 8.7608, 8.4535, 30.8757 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 8.7608, 8.4535, 30.8757 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 8.7608, 8.4535,
30.8757

■ 8.7608, 8.4535,
30.8757

■ 175.8284,
179.2470, 320.2987

■ 4.6413, 4.3865,
20.2465

■ 23.1084, 22.8428,
62.1216

■ 2.0710, 1.8920,
12.3885

■ 34.0672, 33.9339,
83.5754

■ 0.6734, 0.5436,
6.8831

■ 48.0366, 48.1351,
109.4746

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
3.3118

■ 65.3818, 65.8308,
140.2375

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
1.2559

■ 86.4682, 87.4055,
176.2829

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0253

■ 111.6612,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

113.2435, 218.0292

0.0000

141.3262,
143.7292, 265.8949

■ 8.7608, 8.4535,
30.8757

■ 8.7608, 8.4535,
30.8757

■ 8.7598, 8.4515,
30.8756

■ 9.5162, 9.6662,
31.0702

■ 10.4721, 11.0626,
31.2893

■ 11.6982, 12.6805,
31.5370

■ 13.2231, 14.5367,
31.8149

■ 15.0709, 16.6458,
32.1246

■ 17.2636, 19.0208,
32.4674

■ 19.8206, 21.6736,
32.8447

■ 22.7601, 24.6153,
33.2576

■ 26.0989, 27.8563,
33.7072

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



6.3787, 8.4535, 29.0558



8.7608, 8.4535, 30.8757



11.4318, 8.4535, 24.9229

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8.7608, 8.4535, 30.8757



12.4612, 8.4535, 3.0000



4.3212, 8.4535, 4.9803

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8.7608, 8.4535, 30.8757



15.0791, 10.9355, 1.3169

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



5.3878, 8.4535, 2.0504



8.7608, 8.4535, 30.8757



9.9553, 8.4535, 1.3942

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8.7608, 8.4535, 30.8757



13.8418, 8.4535, 7.3290



7.3501, 8.4535, 1.1718



4.1327, 8.4535, 11.3753

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8.7608, 8.4535, 30.8757



12.9043, 8.4535, 18.5620



7.3501, 8.4535, 1.1718



4.5763, 8.4535, 3.6786

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8.7612, 8.4537, 30.8759



34.6941, 37.9591, 57.9319



12.2848, 22.8793, 9.3044



7.4734, 8.2040, 13.1071



72.9764, 76.7769, 83.6100



11.9732, 12.5967, 13.7178

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8.7612, 8.4537, 30.8759



15.2823, 14.5586, 54.4383



5.7507, 2.4328, 29.8724



6.1499, 6.5571, 7.8705



7.3761, 7.1488, 25.8988



0.1466, 0.1795, 0.3993

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.5106, 7.3006, 8.8280



25.5205, 12.8485, 15.1000



22.9834, 26.7440, 3.9516



6.3428, 6.2763, 7.1851



12.1819, 6.1270, 7.4826



0.2005, 0.0989, 0.2084

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.7608, 8.4535, 30.8757 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.7608, 8.4535, 30.8757 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 8.7608, 8.4535, 30.8757

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.7608, 8.4535, 30.8757.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.7608, 8.4535,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

8.7608, 8.4535, 30.8757

Protanopia

9.5124, 8.5356, 29.5800

Deuteranopia

8.5156, 8.4788, 29.2047



Tritanopia

5.9457, 8.3640, 12.8563

Trichromacy



Original Color

8.7608, 8.4535, 30.8757

Protanomaly

9.0125, 8.3782, 29.9963

Deuteranomaly

8.5951, 8.5106, 29.6235

Tritanomaly

6.7597, 8.2875, 18.3829

Monochromacy



Original Color

8.7608, 8.4535, 30.8757

Achromatopsia

5.1784, 5.4480, 5.9329

Achromatomaly

5.4299, 5.9900, 12.1793

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 8.7608, 8.4535, 30.8757 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 83, 152)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 83, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 83, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 83, 152) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 8.7608, 8.4535, 30.8757 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 83, 152) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 83, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 83, 152)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 83, 152); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 83, 152);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 83, 152)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 8.7608, 8.4535, 30.8757 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 83, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 83,  
152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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