

Converting Colors

XYZ(1.4566, 1.1260, 0.1086)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(1.4566, 1.1260, 0.1086)
contains.

XYZ(1.4691, 1.1287, 0.1404)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

XYZ(1.4691, 1.1287, 0.1404)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	301400
RGB	48, 20, 0
RGB Percent	19%, 8%, 0%
CMY	0.8118, 0.9216, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.58, 1.00, 0.81
HSL	25°, 100%, 9%
HSV	25°, 100%, 19%
XYZ	1.4691, 1.1287, 0.1404
YIQ	26.0920, 23.1080, -0.2840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

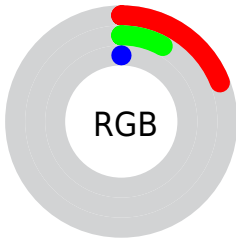
Format	Color
RYB	48, 34, 0
Decimal	3150848
CIELab	10.02, 12.39, 15.27
CIELCh	10, 19.664, 50.939
Yxy	1.1287, 0.5365, 0.4122
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281340928 (0xFF301400)
YUV	26.0920, -12.8634, 19.2133
Hunter-Lab	10.6240, 6.0911, 6.6533

Details

The XYZ color **1.4691, 1.1287, 0.1404** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330000**. A complement of this color would be **0.9487, 1.0438, 2.9478**, and the grayscale version is **0.9937, 1.0455, 1.1385**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **7.1349, 6.2552, 3.6276**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **1.4691, 1.1288, 0.1404**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **1.5477, 1.2439, 0.2964**.

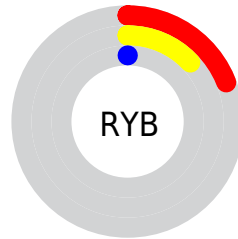
Distribution



Red (19%)

Green (8%)

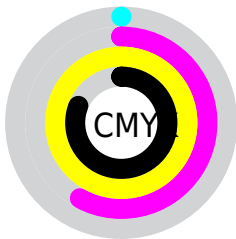
Blue (0%)



Red (19%)

Yellow (13%)

Blue (0%)

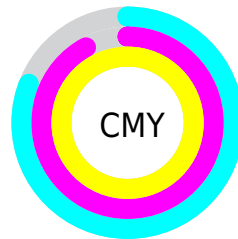


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (81%)



Cyan (81%)

Magenta (92%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 1.4691, 1.1287, 0.1404 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 1.4691, 1.1287, 0.1404 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 1.4691, 1.1287,
0.1404

■ 1.4691, 1.1287,
0.1404

■ 102.3434,
100.0533, 85.8503

■ 0.3047, 0.0023,
0.0000

■ 7.1182, 6.2443,
3.5808

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 12.4397, 11.2634,
7.3188


■ 19.9129, 18.4359,
13.0308


■ 29.9033, 28.1462,
21.1354


■ 42.7762, 40.7787,
32.0511


■ 58.8970, 56.7178,


46.1965


 78.6309, 76.3479,
63.9900


 1.4691, 1.1287,
0.1404


 1.4691, 1.1287,
0.1404


 1.4691, 1.1288,
0.1404

 1.5477, 1.2439,
0.2964

 1.6322, 1.3707,
0.4542

 1.7258, 1.5109,
0.6305

 1.8335, 1.6666,
0.8501

 1.9559, 1.8385,
1.1159

■ 2.0936, 2.0269,
1.4304

■ 2.2473, 2.2324,
1.7958

■ 2.4175, 2.4554,
2.2143

■ 2.6047, 2.6964,
2.6880

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



1.6908, 1.1287, 0.7166



1.4691, 1.1287, 0.1404



1.1641, 1.1287, 0.0000

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



1.4691, 1.1287, 0.1404



0.5804, 1.1287, 0.9916



1.2873, 1.1287, 3.4404

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



1.4691, 1.1287, 0.1404



0.9487, 1.0438, 2.9478

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0.9864, 1.1287, 3.6152



1.4691, 1.1287, 0.1404



0.6061, 1.1287, 1.9017

Square

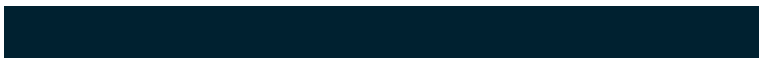
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



1.4691, 1.1287, 0.1404



0.6817, 1.1287, 0.3416



0.7519, 1.1287, 2.9593



1.5733, 1.1287, 2.5545

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



1.4691, 1.1287, 0.1404



0.9692, 1.1287, 0.0000



0.7519, 1.1287, 2.9593



1.1835, 1.1287, 3.5964

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



1.4691, 1.1288, 0.1404



3.5316, 3.4951, 2.7586



1.4285, 0.7122, 1.1608



1.0059, 0.9947, 0.7815



32.5443, 34.2392, 37.2864



1.2748, 1.3412, 1.4605

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



1.4691, 1.1288, 0.1404



2.2953, 1.7154, 0.2101



2.1196, 2.4298, 0.3573



0.7639, 0.7935, 0.8057



4.5373, 3.2813, 0.3942



31.3838, 21.5139, 2.4985

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



0.9487, 1.0438, 2.9478



1.4695, 1.5826, 4.6712



0.5769, 0.3002, 2.8239



0.7429, 0.7909, 0.9215



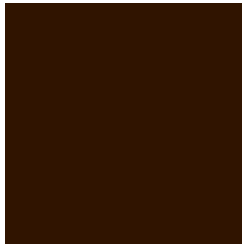
2.8733, 3.0136, 9.3829



19.4895, 19.5179, 66.4925

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 1.4691, 1.1287, 0.1404 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

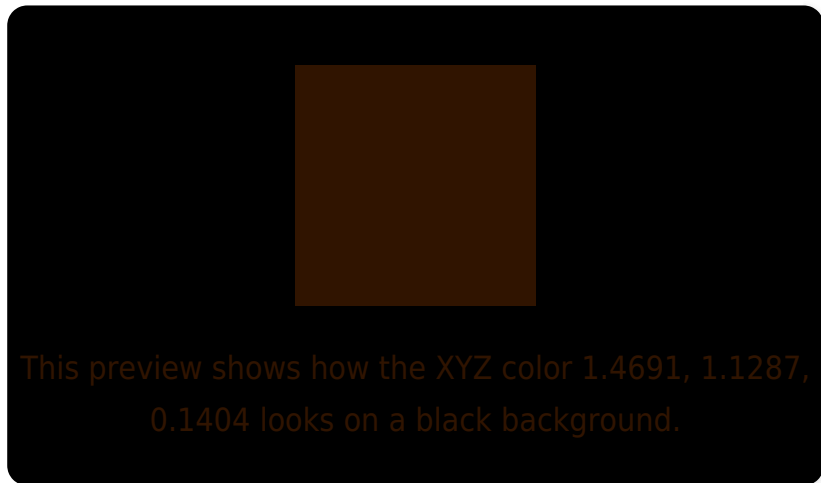
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

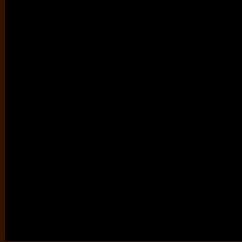
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 1.4691, 1.1287, 0.1404

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 1.4691, 1.1287, 0.1404.

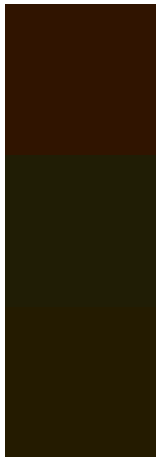


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 1.4691, 1.1287, 0.1404.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

1.4691, 1.1287, 0.1404

Protanopia

1.0624, 1.1968, 0.3186

Deuteranopia

1.1195, 1.1589, 0.1647



Tritanopia

1.5781, 1.1446, 0.7996

Trichromacy



Original Color

1.4691, 1.1287, 0.1404

Protanomaly

1.1852, 1.1574, 0.2471

Deuteranomaly

1.2017, 1.1044, 0.1498

Tritanomaly

1.5244, 1.1232, 0.5172

Monochromacy



Original Color

1.4691, 1.1287, 0.1404

Achromatopsia

0.9818, 1.0330, 1.1249

Achromatomaly

1.0875, 1.0338, 0.6725

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 1.4691, 1.1287, 0.1404 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(48, 20, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(48, 20, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(48, 20, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(48, 20, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 1.4691, 1.1287, 0.1404 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(48, 20, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(48, 20, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(48, 20, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(48, 20, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(48, 20, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(48, 20, 0) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 1.4691, 1.1287, 0.1404 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(48, 20, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(48, 20,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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