

Converting Colors

XYZ(1.5561, 3.3015, 25.8586)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(1.5561, 3.3015, 25.8586)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(6.8748, 6.0573,
26.0061)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00448D
RGB	0, 68, 141
RGB Percent	0%, 27%, 55%
CMY	0.9999, 0.7333, 0.4471
CMYK	1.00, 0.52, 0.00, 0.45
HSL	211°, 100%, 28%
HSV	211°, 100%, 55%
XYZ	6.8748, 6.0573, 26.0061
YIQ	55.9900, -63.9610, 8.2870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

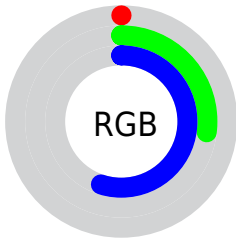
Format	Color
R _Y B	0, 46, 141
Decimal	17549
CIE Lab	29.56, 11.96, -45.54
CIE LCh	30, 47.088, 284.716
Yxy	6.0573, 0.1766, 0.1556
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278207629 (0xFF00448D)
YUV	55.9900, 41.9099, -49.1032
Hunter-Lab	24.6116, 6.7905, -45.4213

Details

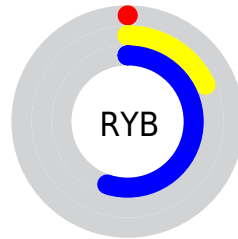
The XYZ color **6.8748, 6.0573, 26.0061** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003366**. A complement of this color would be **13.3684, 10.4303, 1.3092**, and the grayscale version is **3.7121, 3.9054, 4.2530**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **19.3744, 17.9509, 54.0735**, and **2.2374, 1.5221, 9.8487** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **6.8743, 6.0562, 26.0061**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **7.5272, 7.0905, 26.1713**.

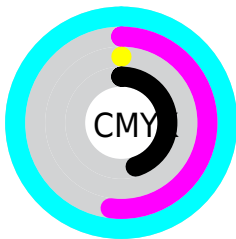
Distribution



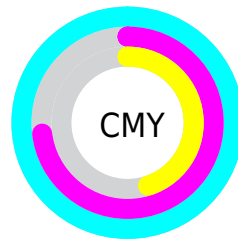
- Red (0%)
- Green (27%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (73%)
- Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 6.8748, 6.0573, 26.0061 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 6.8748, 6.0573, 26.0061 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 6.8748, 6.0573,
26.0061

■ 6.8748, 6.0573,
26.0061

161.1868,
159.5834, 296.4185

■ 3.4296, 2.8800,
16.6024

■ 19.4281, 18.0499,
54.2690

■ 1.3848, 1.0694,
9.7925

■ 29.2669, 27.6339,
73.9653

■ 0.2453, 0.0000,
5.1578

■ 41.9676, 40.1223,
97.9295

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
2.2798

■ 57.8955, 55.8995,
126.5801

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.7199

■ 77.4160, 75.3498,
160.3358

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 100.8945, 98.8576,

199.6151

128.6963,
126.8073, 244.8365

■ 6.8748, 6.0573,
26.0061

■ 6.8748, 6.0573,
26.0061

■ 6.8743, 6.0562,
26.0061

■ 7.5272, 7.0905,
26.1713

■ 8.3555, 8.2988,
26.3609

■ 9.4236, 9.7180,
26.5785

■ 10.7557, 11.3631,
26.8258

■ 12.3724, 13.2471,
27.1043

■ 14.2923, 15.3821,
27.4152

■ 16.5322, 17.7790,
27.7598

■ 19.1076, 20.4480,
28.1392

■ 22.0329, 23.3987,
28.5546

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4.7330, 6.0573, 25.9302



6.8748, 6.0573, 26.0061



9.1907, 6.0573, 19.1252

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



6.8748, 6.0573, 26.0061



9.2305, 6.0573, 1.2749



2.6149, 6.0573, 3.9366

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



6.8748, 6.0573, 26.0061



13.3684, 10.4303, 1.3092

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



3.3072, 6.0573, 1.2473



6.8748, 6.0573, 26.0061



6.9196, 6.0573, 0.3871

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



6.8748, 6.0573, 26.0061



10.7642, 6.0573, 4.0177



4.7679, 6.0573, 0.3786



2.6086, 6.0573, 10.0908

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



6.8748, 6.0573, 26.0061



10.3730, 6.0573, 13.0696



4.7679, 6.0573, 0.3786



2.7656, 6.0573, 2.7156

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



6.8751, 6.0575, 26.0063



29.3250, 31.5428, 49.6706



10.7231, 19.5291, 9.4832



6.2070, 6.6814, 11.0419



67.5393, 71.0566, 77.3807



10.1266, 10.6539, 11.6021

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



6.8751, 6.0575, 26.0063



12.1434, 10.5111, 46.5167



4.8376, 1.9388, 25.3187



5.3307, 5.6572, 6.8398



6.2838, 5.5536, 23.7178



0.0820, 0.0968, 0.2341

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.0281, 6.0805, 6.0085



21.4551, 10.8544, 10.3128



20.1142, 24.5088, 3.6711



5.5104, 5.4647, 6.1858



10.9749, 5.5470, 5.5190



0.1160, 0.0574, 0.1109

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 6.8748, 6.0573, 26.0061 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 6.8748, 6.0573, 26.0061 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 6.8748, 6.0573, 26.0061

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 6.8748, 6.0573, 26.0061.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 6.8748, 6.0573,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

6.8748, 6.0573, 26.0061

Protanopia

7.0293, 6.0565, 25.6095

Deuteranopia

5.9555, 6.0900, 19.9304



Tritanopia

4.2857, 6.0733, 9.1300

Trichromacy



Original Color

6.8748, 6.0573, 26.0061

Protanomaly

6.9068, 5.9933, 25.6037

Deuteranomaly

6.2825, 6.1182, 21.9689

Tritanomaly

4.9475, 5.8970, 13.9742

Monochromacy



Original Color

6.8748, 6.0573, 26.0061

Achromatopsia

3.7589, 3.9546, 4.3066

Achromatomaly

4.0637, 4.2949, 9.6316

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 6.8748, 6.0573, 26.0061 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 68, 141)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 68, 141)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 68, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 68, 141) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 6.8748, 6.0573, 26.0061 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 68, 141) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 68, 141) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 68, 141)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 68, 141); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 68, 141);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 68, 141)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 6.8748, 6.0573, 26.0061 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 68, 141) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 68,  
141) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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