

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.0578, 4.9115, 19.0415)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.0578, 4.9115, 19.0415)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(10.1032, 4.9404,
19.1600)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6E097B
RGB	110, 9, 123
RGB Percent	43%, 4%, 48%
CMY	0.5686, 0.9647, 0.5176
CMYK	0.11, 0.93, 0.00, 0.52
HSL	293°, 86%, 26%
HSV	293°, 93%, 48%
XYZ	10.1032, 4.9404, 19.1600
YIQ	52.1950, 23.6020, 56.8660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

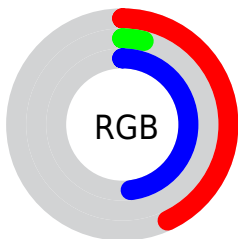
Format	Color
R_{YB}	110, 9, 123
Decimal	7211387
CIE _{Lab}	26.56, 53.39, -38.69
CIE _{LCh}	27, 65.930, 324.069
Y _{xy}	4.9404, 0.2954, 0.1444
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285401467 (0xFF6E097B)
YUV	52.1950, 34.9069, 50.6950
Hunter-Lab	22.2270, 42.2392, -35.5499

Details

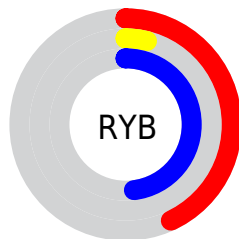
The XYZ color **10.1032, 4.9404, 19.1600** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660066**. A complement of this color would be **7.4633, 14.3564, 2.6363**, and the grayscale version is **3.2455, 3.4145, 3.7184**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.6068, 15.6404, 42.7436**, and **2.8899, 1.3509, 6.4118** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.8786, 4.6796, 19.1216**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.4554, 5.3834, 19.2270**.

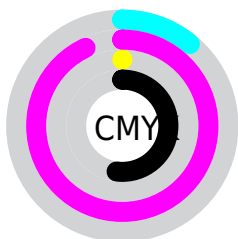
Distribution



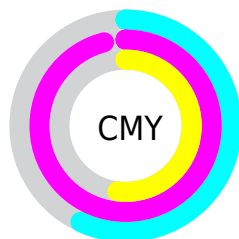
- Red (43%)
- Green (4%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (93%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (52%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (96%)
- Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.1032, 4.9404, 19.1600 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.1032, 4.9404, 19.1600 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

10.1032, 4.9404,
19.1600

10.1032, 4.9404,
19.1600

185.4453,
149.2470, 259.7827

5.5302, 2.2123,
11.6080

25.6373, 15.6894,
42.8446

2.5995, 0.7267,
6.3580

37.3292, 24.4791,
59.8142

0.9457, 0.0000,
2.9917

52.1248, 36.0581,
80.7601

0.0000, 0.0000,
1.0904


70.3894, 50.8108,
106.1008


0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


92.4884, 69.1217,
136.2549

118.7871, 91.3751,

171.6409


 149.6510,
117.9554, 212.6773


 10.1032, 4.9404,
19.1600

 10.1032, 4.9404,
19.1600


 9.8786, 4.6796,
19.1216

 10.4554, 5.3834,
19.2270

 10.9211, 6.0496,
19.3311

 11.5151, 6.9681,
19.4771

 12.2495, 8.1634,
19.6691

 13.1351, 9.6568,
19.9106

■ 14.1815, 11.4677,
20.2050

■ 15.3976, 13.6138,
20.5552

■ 16.7916, 16.1113,
20.9638

■ 18.3711, 18.9757,
21.4334

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



7.0777, 4.9404, 32.4441



10.1032, 4.9404, 19.1600



11.7451, 4.9404, 7.0207

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.1032, 4.9404, 19.1600



5.2384, 4.9404, 0.0000



1.4243, 4.9404, 13.7232

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.1032, 4.9404, 19.1600



7.4633, 14.3564, 2.6363

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



1.2458, 4.9404, 4.0160



10.1032, 4.9404, 19.1600



2.9189, 4.9404, 0.0000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.1032, 4.9404, 19.1600



8.3367, 4.9404, 0.0000



1.6737, 4.9404, 0.4972



2.3075, 4.9404, 27.7293

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.1032, 4.9404, 19.1600



11.5167, 4.9404, 2.5686



1.6737, 4.9404, 0.4972



1.2980, 4.9404, 9.7293

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.1034, 4.9406, 19.1601



26.2270, 21.9954, 36.4198



3.9807, 2.0737, 18.9294



5.9980, 4.8663, 8.5262



60.6688, 63.8283, 69.5090



7.9400, 8.3535, 9.0970

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.1034, 4.9406, 19.1601



17.6142, 8.3409, 34.2382



9.6885, 4.9754, 7.9047



4.1117, 4.0554, 5.0092



10.2165, 4.8395, 19.7810



48.2778, 22.8501, 94.3358

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.4110, 4.4644, 1.1777



14.7393, 7.5855, 1.2734



7.8315, 14.4784, 5.7144



4.0152, 4.0218, 4.2776



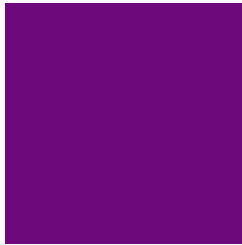
8.5311, 4.3886, 0.8218



40.5272, 20.8672, 3.0405

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.1032, 4.9404, 19.1600 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

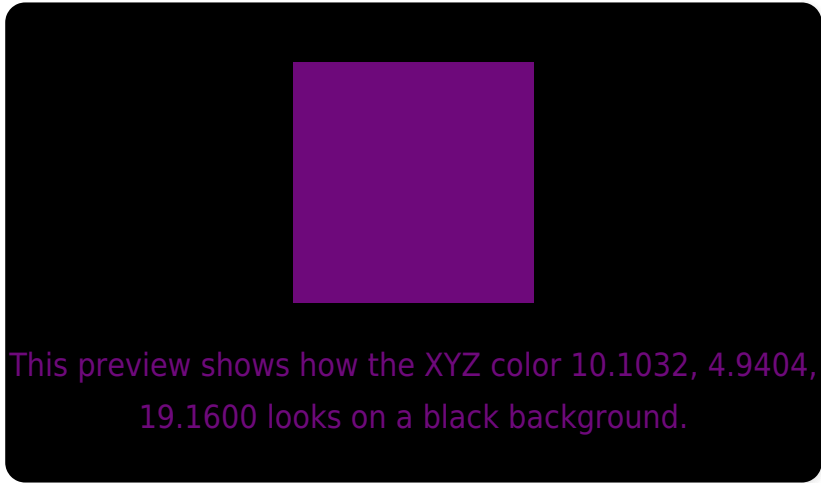
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

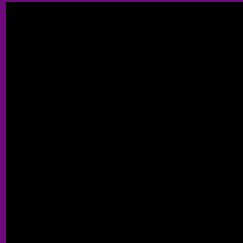
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.1032, 4.9404, 19.1600

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.1032, 4.9404, 19.1600.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.1032, 4.9404,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.1032, 4.9404, 19.1600

Protanopia

6.0111, 5.2485, 22.8865

Deuteranopia

5.3692, 5.2958, 17.2622



Tritanopia

7.0850, 5.2113, 3.8813

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.1032, 4.9404, 19.1600



Protanomaly

5.7014, 3.7638, 21.1949



Deuteranomaly

5.6843, 3.9387, 17.9134



Tritanomaly

7.6561, 4.6372, 7.6993

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.1032, 4.9404, 19.1600



Achromatopsia

3.2640, 3.4340, 3.7396



Achromatomaly

4.7537, 3.2283, 7.5803

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.1032, 4.9404, 19.1600 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 9, 123)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 9, 123)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 9, 123) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 9, 123) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.1032, 4.9404, 19.1600 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 9, 123) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 9, 123) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 9, 123) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(110, 9, 123); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 9, 123);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 9,  
123) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.1032, 4.9404, 19.1600 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 9, 123) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110, 9,  
123) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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