

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.1120, 12.2912, 27.8261)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.1120, 12.2912, 27.8261)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(10.1120, 12.2912,
27.8261)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	006A8F
RGB	0, 106, 143
RGB Percent	0%, 42%, 56%
CMY	0.9999, 0.5843, 0.4392
CMYK	1.00, 0.26, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	196°, 100%, 28%
HSV	196°, 100%, 56%
XYZ	10.1120, 12.2912, 27.8261
YIQ	78.5240, -75.0530, -10.9650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

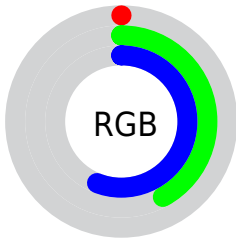
Format	Color
RYB	0, 61, 143
Decimal	27279
CIELab	41.68, -11.68, -27.48
CIELCh	42, 29.858, 246.973
Yxy	12.2912, 0.2013, 0.2447
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278217359 (0xFF006A8F)
YUV	78.5240, 31.7867, -68.8655
Hunter-Lab	35.0588, -9.8682, -22.5172

Details

The XYZ color **10.1120, 12.2912, 27.8261** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006699**. A complement of this color would be **11.9904, 7.1646, 0.7517**, and the grayscale version is **7.2942, 7.6740, 8.3570**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.6147, 29.9390, 57.2521**, and **3.4957, 3.9006, 10.6939** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.1114, 12.2900, 27.8262**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.6880, 13.1668, 27.9650**.

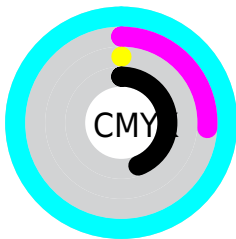
Distribution



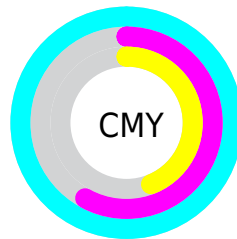
- Red (0%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.1120, 12.2912, 27.8261 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.1120, 12.2912, 27.8261 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.1120, 12.2912,
27.8261

■ 10.1120, 12.2912,
27.8261

■ 185.5065,
206.3237, 305.5208

■ 5.5361, 6.9423,
17.9567

■ 25.6537, 30.0244,
57.2264

■ 2.6031, 3.4261,
10.7498

■ 37.3503, 43.1774,
77.5945

■ 0.9475, 1.3580,
5.7868

■ 52.1511, 59.7007,
102.2991

■ 0.0000, 0.1855,
2.6492

■ 70.4215, 79.9786,
131.7590

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.9177

■ 92.5269, 104.3954,
166.3925

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 118.8326,

133.3356, 206.6183

149.7041,
167.1836, 252.8549

■ 10.1120, 12.2912,
27.8261

■ 10.1120, 12.2912,
27.8261

■ 10.1114, 12.2900,
27.8262

■ 10.6880, 13.1668,
27.9650

■ 11.4043, 14.1392,
28.1149

■ 12.3245, 15.2418,
28.2793

■ 13.4718, 16.4868,
28.4591

■ 14.8664, 17.8848,
28.6555

■ 16.5258, 19.4453,
28.8692

■ 18.4661, 21.1767,
29.1011

■ 20.7020, 23.0870,
29.3520

■ 23.2471, 25.1833,
29.6225

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.6318, 12.2912, 22.0217



10.1120, 12.2912, 27.8261



12.2009, 12.2912, 29.2699

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.1120, 12.2912, 27.8261



16.3786, 12.2912, 11.9722



9.3292, 12.2912, 5.8775

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.1120, 12.2912, 27.8261



11.9904, 7.1646, 0.7517

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.1788, 12.2912, 4.6290



10.1120, 12.2912, 27.8261



15.3784, 12.2912, 7.3631

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.1120, 12.2912, 27.8261



16.0004, 12.2912, 18.6742



13.4075, 12.2912, 5.0718



8.2209, 12.2912, 9.1996

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.1120, 12.2912, 27.8261



13.6976, 12.2912, 27.2585



13.4075, 12.2912, 5.0718



9.8753, 12.2912, 5.2577

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.1124, 12.2916, 27.8264



32.8268, 37.7118, 52.0870



10.1378, 19.7713, 4.9327



7.2157, 8.3726, 11.9080



69.3244, 72.9347, 79.4259



10.7221, 11.2805, 12.2844

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.1124, 12.2916, 27.8264



17.9640, 21.7218, 49.7840



5.5823, 3.2313, 26.3164



5.4438, 5.8833, 6.8774



8.9577, 10.9014, 24.6091



0.1035, 0.1399, 0.2412

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.9297, 6.8809, 14.2299



24.8719, 12.2922, 25.0976



16.6125, 16.4089, 2.2924



5.5675, 5.4875, 6.4863



12.3246, 6.0868, 12.6263



0.1268, 0.0618, 0.1681

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.1120, 12.2912, 27.8261 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.1120, 12.2912, 27.8261 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

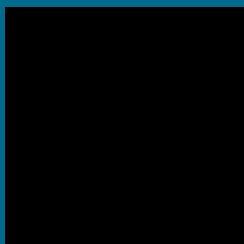
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.1120, 12.2912, 27.8261

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.1120, 12.2912, 27.8261.

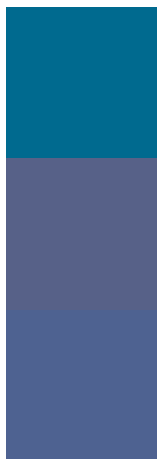


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.1120, 12.2912,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.1120, 12.2912, 27.8261

Protanopia

12.6491, 12.3532, 25.0103

Deuteranopia

12.6204, 12.3994, 28.5162



Tritanopia

8.6795, 12.2216, 18.7312

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.1120, 12.2912, 27.8261

Protanomaly

10.7929, 11.7906, 26.1331

Deuteranomaly

11.0031, 11.9991, 28.1217

Tritanomaly

9.1285, 12.2315, 21.6185

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.1120, 12.2912, 27.8261

Achromatopsia

7.4317, 7.8187, 8.5146

Achromatomaly

7.2860, 8.7822, 13.8815

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.1120, 12.2912, 27.8261 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 106, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 106, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 106, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 106, 143) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.1120, 12.2912, 27.8261 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 106, 143) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 106, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 106, 143)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 106, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 106, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 106,  
143) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.1120, 12.2912, 27.8261 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 106, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 106,  
143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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