

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.1164, 5.4665, 2.6198)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.1164, 5.4665, 2.6198)
contains.

XYZ(10.1164, 5.4665, 2.6198)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(10.1164, 5.4665,
2.6198)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	841129
RGB	132, 17, 41
RGB Percent	52%, 7%, 16%
CMY	0.4824, 0.9333, 0.8392
CMYK	0.00, 0.87, 0.69, 0.48
HSL	347°, 77%, 29%
HSV	347°, 87%, 52%
XYZ	10.1164, 5.4665, 2.6198
YIQ	54.1210, 60.8360, 31.8440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

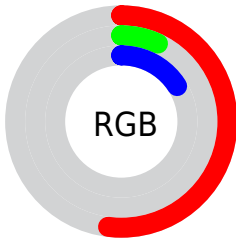
Format	Color
R_{YB}	132, 17, 41
Decimal	8655145
CIE _{Lab}	28.02, 47.19, 18.17
CIE _{LCh}	28, 50.570, 21.052
Yxy	5.4665, 0.5558, 0.3003
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286845225 (0xFF841129)
YUV	54.1210, -6.4687, 68.2999
Hunter-Lab	23.3805, 36.3182, 9.7229

Details

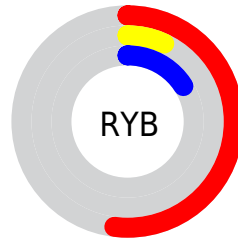
The XYZ color **10.1164, 5.4665, 2.6198** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990033**. A complement of this color would be **11.1899, 17.7046, 17.0176**, and the grayscale version is **3.5245, 3.7080, 4.0380**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.6816, 16.7804, 10.6895**, and **2.9017, 1.4959, 0.1358** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.7985, 5.0848, 1.7308**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.5927, 6.0877, 3.8006**.

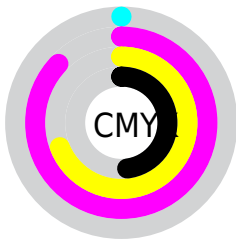
Distribution



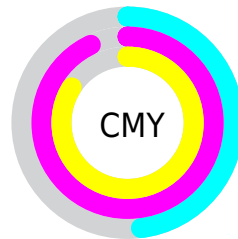
- Red (52%)
- Green (7%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Blue (16%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (87%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (93%)
- Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.1164, 5.4665, 2.6198 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.1164, 5.4665, 2.6198 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

10.1164, 5.4665,
2.6198

10.1164, 5.4665,
2.6198

185.5371,
154.2335, 131.3603

5.5391, 2.5235,
0.9026

25.6619, 16.8138,
10.6749

2.6049, 0.8884,
0.0000

37.3608, 25.9868,
17.8513

0.9484, 0.0000,
0.0000

52.1642, 38.0053,
27.6848

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


70.4375, 53.2536,
40.5942


92.5462, 72.1162,
56.9979


118.8554, 94.9775,

77.3145


 149.7306,
122.2217, 101.9624


 10.1164, 5.4665,
2.6198


 10.1164, 5.4665,
2.6198


 9.7985, 5.0848,
1.7308


 10.5927, 6.0877,
3.8006

 9.7198, 4.9872,
1.5202

 11.2611, 7.0099,
5.3015

 12.1404, 8.2657,
7.1446

 13.2470, 9.8834,
9.3496

 14.5958, 11.8880,
11.9350

■ 16.2001, 14.3026,
14.9177

■ 18.0725, 17.1483,
18.3138

■ 20.2246, 20.4446,
22.1383

■ 22.6674, 24.2102,
26.4057

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.4740, 5.4665, 8.0007



10.1164, 5.4665, 2.6198



8.2687, 5.4665, 0.6285

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.1164, 5.4665, 2.6198



2.5885, 5.4665, 1.1686



4.5761, 5.4665, 27.1343

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.1164, 5.4665, 2.6198



11.1899, 17.7046, 17.0176

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.9976, 5.4665, 20.8260



10.1164, 5.4665, 2.6198



2.0778, 5.4665, 4.2869

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.1164, 5.4665, 2.6198



3.8419, 5.4665, 0.0786



2.2033, 5.4665, 11.3299



6.8353, 5.4665, 25.3880

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.1164, 5.4665, 2.6198



6.6646, 5.4665, 0.0342



2.2033, 5.4665, 11.3299



3.9603, 5.4665, 25.7832

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.1165, 5.4668, 2.6199



28.7001, 25.4417, 26.5777



10.4391, 5.1983, 22.2828



6.4758, 5.6117, 5.8085



64.0503, 67.3860, 73.3833



8.9945, 9.4630, 10.3052

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.1165, 5.4668, 2.6199



17.0750, 8.7663, 2.4328



10.7401, 7.1924, 1.3530



4.7094, 4.7034, 5.0820



9.4130, 4.8295, 1.4810



0.0348, 0.0176, 0.0168

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.1165, 5.4668, 2.6199



17.0750, 8.7663, 2.4328



8.8979, 10.7886, 23.4431



4.7094, 4.7034, 5.0820



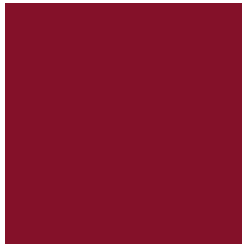
9.4130, 4.8295, 1.4810



0.0348, 0.0176, 0.0168

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.1164, 5.4665, 2.6198 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

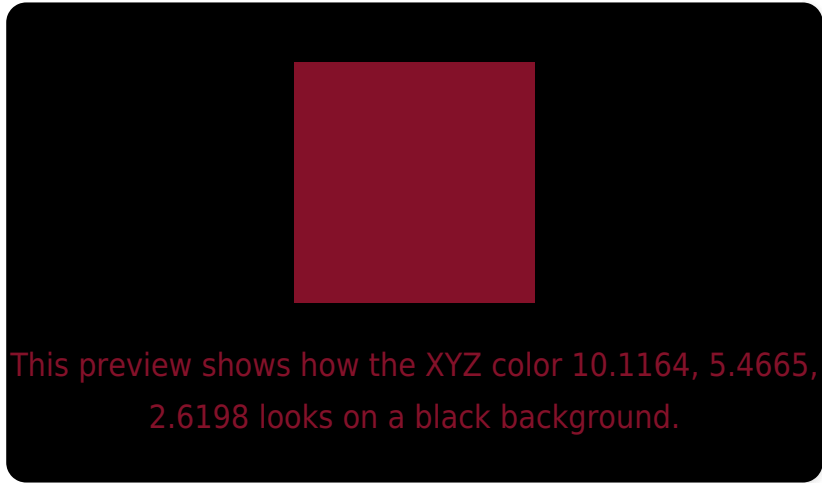
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

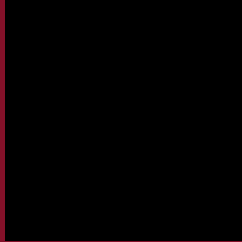
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.1164, 5.4665, 2.6198

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.1164, 5.4665, 2.6198.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.1164, 5.4665,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.1164, 5.4665, 2.6198

Protanopia

5.5290, 5.8277, 4.9711

Deuteranopia

5.8498, 5.7868, 2.3987



Tritanopia

9.7823, 5.4533, 1.2465

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.1164, 5.4665, 2.6198

Protanomaly

6.3342, 4.8242, 3.8461

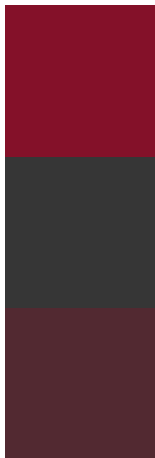
Deuteranomaly

6.7577, 5.0142, 2.3619

Tritanomaly

9.8198, 5.4094, 1.6252

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.1164, 5.4665, 2.6198

Achromatopsia

3.5063, 3.6889, 4.0173

Achromatomaly

4.8270, 3.6015, 3.3465

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.1164, 5.4665, 2.6198 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(132, 17, 41)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(132, 17, 41)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 17, 41) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(132, 17, 41) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.1164, 5.4665, 2.6198 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(132, 17, 41) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(132, 17, 41) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(132, 17, 41)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(132, 17, 41); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 17, 41);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 17,  
41) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.1164, 5.4665, 2.6198 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(132, 17, 41) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(132, 17,  
41) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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