

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.1416, 12.5000, 8.7987)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.1416, 12.5000, 8.7987)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(10.1938, 12.6034,
8.7329)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	56694C
RGB	86, 105, 76
RGB Percent	34%, 41%, 30%
CMY	0.6627, 0.5882, 0.7020
CMYK	0.18, 0.00, 0.28, 0.59
HSL	99°, 16%, 35%
HSV	99°, 28%, 41%
XYZ	10.1938, 12.6034, 8.7329
YIQ	96.0130, -2.0150, -13.0470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

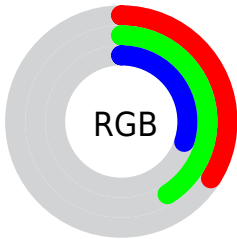
Format	Color
R_{YB}	76, 105, 95
Decimal	5663052
CIE Lab	42.16, -13.13, 14.02
CIE LCh	42, 19.211, 133.113
Yxy	12.6034, 0.3233, 0.3997
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283853132 (0xFF56694C)
YUV	96.0130, -9.8664, -8.7814
Hunter-Lab	35.5013, -10.8729, 10.2662

Details

The XYZ color **10.1938, 12.6034, 8.7329** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **9.8542, 8.6221, 14.5102**, and the grayscale version is **11.1452, 11.7256, 12.7692**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.7435, 30.4918, 23.9307**, and **2.6488, 3.5815, 1.9182** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.2550, 12.1586, 6.9365**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.2539, 13.1046, 10.8467**.

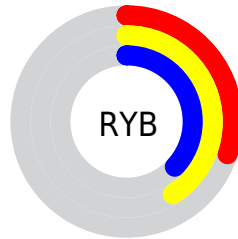
Distribution



Red (34%)

Green (41%)

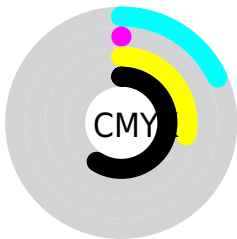
Blue (30%)



Red (30%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (37%)

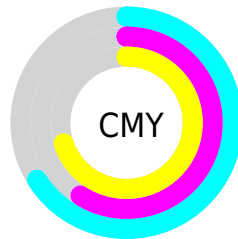


Cyan (18%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (28%)

Black (59%)



Cyan (66%)

Magenta (59%)

Yellow (70%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.1938, 12.6034, 8.7329 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.1938, 12.6034, 8.7329 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.1938, 12.6034,
8.7329

■ 10.1938, 12.6034,
8.7329

186.0746,
208.3600, 191.5168

■ 5.5909, 7.1560,
4.4729

■ 25.8058, 30.5894,
23.9526

■ 2.6362, 3.5599,
1.8882

■ 37.5455, 43.8968,
35.7495

■ 0.9645, 1.4305,
0.4852

■ 52.3950, 60.5931,
50.8958

■ 0.0000, 0.2391,
0.0000

■ 70.7194, 81.0625,
69.8100

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 92.8843, 105.6895,
92.9106

119.2548,

134.8585, 120.6163

150.1965,
168.9539, 153.3455

■ 10.1938, 12.6034,
8.7329

■ 10.1938, 12.6034,
8.7329

■ 9.2550, 12.1586,
6.9365

■ 11.2539, 13.1046,
10.8467

■ 8.4318, 11.7665,
5.4412

■ 12.4386, 13.6625,
13.2912

■ 7.7198, 11.4255,
4.2309

■ 13.7524, 14.2794,
16.0801

■ 7.1135, 11.1332,
3.2874

■ 15.1992, 14.9571,
19.2261

■ 6.6072, 10.8871,
2.5903

■ 16.7827, 15.6972,
22.7412

■ 6.1944, 10.6843,
2.1165

■ 18.5065, 16.5015,
26.6368

■ 5.8589, 10.5182,
1.7932

■ 20.3741, 17.3713,
30.9239

■ 5.7865, 10.4824,
1.7183

■ 22.3887, 18.3082,
35.6130

■ 24.5537, 19.3136,
40.7142

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.3651, 12.6034, 7.3855



10.1938, 12.6034, 8.7329



9.5324, 12.6034, 11.5570

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.1938, 12.6034, 8.7329



11.1968, 12.6034, 22.7383



14.8665, 12.6034, 12.0102

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.1938, 12.6034, 8.7329



9.8542, 8.6221, 14.5102

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.8124, 12.6034, 16.1440



10.1938, 12.6034, 8.7329



12.6149, 12.6034, 22.9271

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.1938, 12.6034, 8.7329



10.0791, 12.6034, 19.8501



13.9617, 12.6034, 20.3236



14.1042, 12.6034, 9.0075

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.1938, 12.6034, 8.7329



9.4343, 12.6034, 14.1558



13.9617, 12.6034, 20.3236



14.9449, 12.6034, 13.2991

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.1941, 12.6039, 8.7332



22.1357, 24.3991, 23.5137



11.2095, 11.6830, 8.5019



5.1239, 5.6866, 5.3800



52.6788, 55.4222, 60.3547



5.6320, 5.9254, 6.4527

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.1941, 12.6039, 8.7332



17.1639, 22.0517, 13.5365



9.4934, 12.2246, 9.5169



3.1533, 3.4908, 3.3250



7.2886, 13.2526, 2.1739



36.2839, 67.0871, 11.0368

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.8542, 8.6221, 14.5102



16.4461, 13.6656, 25.7019



10.7425, 9.1052, 13.4141



3.1212, 3.1143, 3.8715



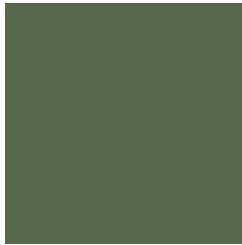
6.2777, 2.8633, 17.1441



31.0284, 14.0953, 87.3115

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.1938, 12.6034, 8.7329 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.1938, 12.6034, 8.7329 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.1938, 12.6034, 8.7329

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.1938, 12.6034, 8.7329.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.1938, 12.6034,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.1938, 12.6034, 8.7329

Protanopia

11.7278, 12.5305, 8.1038

Deuteranopia

12.6698, 12.4475, 8.9426



Tritanopia

11.7284, 12.6356, 16.2888

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.1938, 12.6034, 8.7329

Protanomaly

11.0353, 12.4544, 8.3009

Deuteranomaly

11.6271, 12.4628, 8.8139

Tritanomaly

11.0289, 12.4897, 13.1387

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.1938, 12.6034, 8.7329

Achromatopsia

11.1181, 11.6971, 12.7381

Achromatomaly

10.6786, 11.9203, 11.1892

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.1938, 12.6034, 8.7329 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(86, 105, 76) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(86, 105, 76)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(86, 105, 76) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(86, 105, 76) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.1938, 12.6034, 8.7329 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(86, 105, 76) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(86, 105, 76) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(86, 105, 76)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(86, 105, 76); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 105, 76);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 105,  
76) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.1938, 12.6034, 8.7329 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(86, 105, 76) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(86, 105,  
76) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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