

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.1729, 13.5978, 22.1961)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.1729, 13.5978, 22.1961)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(10.1368, 13.5492,
22.1597)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	19717F
RGB	25, 113, 127
RGB Percent	10%, 44%, 50%
CMY	0.9019, 0.5569, 0.5020
CMYK	0.80, 0.11, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	188°, 67%, 30%
HSV	188°, 80%, 50%
XYZ	10.1368, 13.5492, 22.1597
YIQ	88.2840, -56.9420, -14.3020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

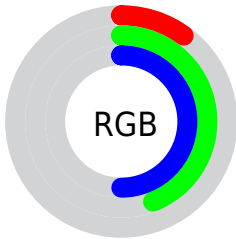
Format	Color
R_{YB}	25, 72, 127
Decimal	1667455
CIE _{Lab}	43.58, -19.69, -14.92
CIE _{LCh}	44, 24.707, 217.147
Yxy	13.5492, 0.2211, 0.2955
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279857535 (0xFF19717F)
YUV	88.2840, 19.0870, -55.5001
Hunter-Lab	36.8092, -15.2595, -9.9270

Details

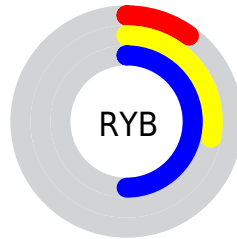
The XYZ color **10.1368, 13.5492, 22.1597** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **9.6539, 6.0339, 1.5761**, and the grayscale version is **9.3070, 9.7917, 10.6632**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.7179, 32.2803, 48.0553**, and **3.2654, 4.3307, 7.8715** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.6995, 13.0381, 22.0843**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.7211, 14.1422, 22.2436**.

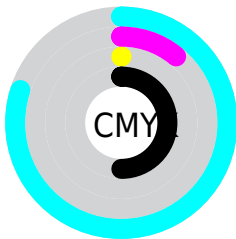
Distribution



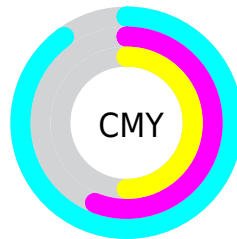
- Red (10%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (10%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.1368, 13.5492, 22.1597 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.1368, 13.5492, 22.1597 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

10.1368, 13.5492,
22.1597

10.1368, 13.5492,
22.1597

185.6789,
214.4081, 276.3598

5.5527, 7.8078,
13.7749

25.6998, 32.2870,
47.9154

2.6131, 3.9722,
7.8273

37.4095, 46.0522,
66.1233

0.9526, 1.6580,
3.8984

52.2251, 63.2607,
88.4426

0.0000, 0.3963,
1.5698

70.5119, 84.2970,
115.2920

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.2691

92.6354, 109.5456,
147.0898

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

118.9608,

139.3906, 184.2547

149.8535,
174.2167, 227.2052

■ 10.1368, 13.5492,
22.1597

■ 10.1368, 13.5492,
22.1597

■ 9.6995, 13.0381,
22.0843

■ 10.7211, 14.1422,
22.2436

■ 9.3603, 12.5913,
22.0160

■ 11.4683, 14.8244,
22.3359

■ 12.3934, 15.6041,
22.4376

■ 13.5096, 16.4878,
22.5494

■ 14.8286, 17.4818,
22.6717

■ 16.3614, 18.5916,
22.8052

■ 18.1180, 19.8226,
22.9502

■ 20.1077, 21.1795,
23.1072

■ 22.3396, 22.6671,
23.2767

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



9.5309, 13.5492, 16.1172



10.1368, 13.5492, 22.1597



11.4879, 13.5492, 26.8969

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.1368, 13.5492, 22.1597



16.6159, 13.5492, 19.2851



12.4212, 13.5492, 6.5107

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.1368, 13.5492, 22.1597



9.6539, 6.0339, 1.5761

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.3762, 13.5492, 6.9569



10.1368, 13.5492, 22.1597



16.9294, 13.5492, 13.4676

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.1368, 13.5492, 22.1597



15.2555, 13.5492, 24.9684



16.0738, 13.5492, 9.2131



10.7615, 13.5492, 7.7906

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.1368, 13.5492, 22.1597



12.6940, 13.5492, 28.1430



16.0738, 13.5492, 9.2131



13.0640, 13.5492, 6.4705

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.1372, 13.5497, 22.1600



28.0809, 32.4196, 40.7339



8.3503, 15.5296, 4.4430



6.3819, 7.4505, 9.5201



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.1372, 13.5497, 22.1600



16.9025, 22.7058, 39.4481



5.9767, 5.2287, 20.7732



4.3977, 4.7894, 5.5059



9.4393, 12.6971, 22.2032



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.0811, 6.4000, 16.2218



20.7726, 10.2348, 27.2298



12.5509, 11.8280, 2.5417



4.4736, 4.4026, 5.2983



11.6415, 5.6763, 15.2337



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.1368, 13.5492, 22.1597 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.1368, 13.5492, 22.1597 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

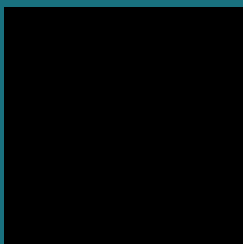
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.1368, 13.5492, 22.1597

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.1368, 13.5492, 22.1597.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.1368, 13.5492,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.1368, 13.5492, 22.1597

Protanopia

13.2267, 13.4873, 19.3589

Deuteranopia

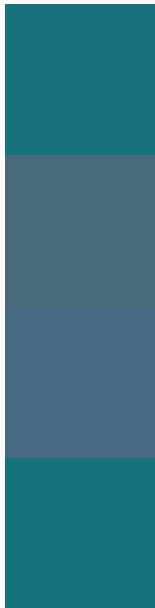
13.7199, 13.5157, 23.0048



Tritanopia

9.8810, 13.6134, 20.8458

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.1368, 13.5492, 22.1597

Protanomaly

11.3394, 13.0909, 20.3415

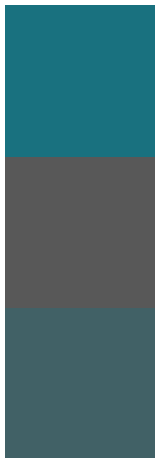
Deuteranomaly

11.6126, 13.0277, 22.6714

Tritanomaly

9.9863, 13.6604, 21.1792

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.1368, 13.5492, 22.1597

Achromatopsia

9.2757, 9.7587, 10.6273

Achromatomaly

8.8529, 10.6325, 14.1561

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.1368, 13.5492, 22.1597 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(25, 113, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(25, 113, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(25, 113, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(25, 113, 127) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.1368, 13.5492, 22.1597 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(25, 113, 127) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(25, 113, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(25, 113, 127)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(25, 113, 127); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(25, 113, 127);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(25, 113,  
127) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.1368, 13.5492, 22.1597 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(25, 113, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(25, 113,  
127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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