

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.1822, 13.9775, 5.9480)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.1822, 13.9775, 5.9480)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(10.1862, 13.9348,
5.8942)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	537138
RGB	83, 113, 56
RGB Percent	33%, 44%, 22%
CMY	0.6745, 0.5569, 0.7804
CMYK	0.27, 0.00, 0.50, 0.56
HSL	92°, 34%, 33%
HSV	92°, 50%, 44%
XYZ	10.1862, 13.9348, 5.8942
YIQ	97.5320, 0.4170, -24.0870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

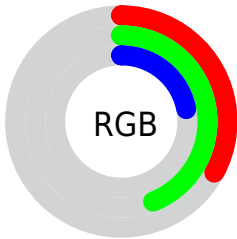
Format	Color
RYB	56, 113, 86
Decimal	5468472
CIELab	44.14, -21.72, 28.03
CIELCh	44, 35.463, 127.774
Yxy	13.9348, 0.3394, 0.4643
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283658552 (0xFF537138)
YUV	97.5320, -20.4753, -12.7446
Hunter-Lab	37.3293, -16.6184, 16.7688

Details

The XYZ color **10.1862, 13.9348, 5.8942** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336633**. A complement of this color would be **8.2332, 5.9995, 16.3477**, and the grayscale version is **11.5427, 12.1438, 13.2246**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.7853, 32.9781, 18.1031**, and **2.6382, 4.1598, 0.9510** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.4381, 13.5780, 4.5760**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.0424, 14.3410, 7.5439**.

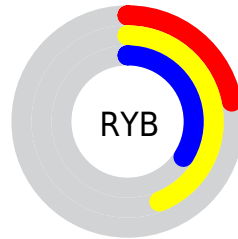
Distribution



Red (33%)

Green (44%)

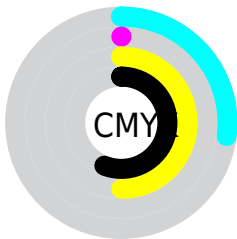
Blue (22%)



Red (22%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (34%)

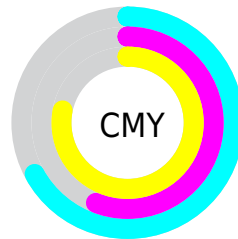


Cyan (27%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (50%)

Black (56%)



Cyan (67%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (78%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.1862, 13.9348, 5.8942 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.1862, 13.9348, 5.8942 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.1862, 13.9348,
5.8942

■ 10.1862, 13.9348,
5.8942

186.0219,
216.8248, 167.3963

■ 5.5858, 8.0753,
2.7131

■ 25.7916, 32.9733,
18.1848

■ 2.6331, 4.1432,
0.9500

■ 37.5274, 46.9211,
28.1313

■ 0.9629, 1.7540,
0.0000

■ 52.3723, 64.3338,
41.1701

■ 0.0000, 0.4582,
0.0000

■ 70.6918, 85.5959,
57.7196

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 92.8511, 111.0916,
78.1985

■ 119.2157,

141.2054, 103.0252

150.1508,
176.3217, 132.6183

■ 10.1862, 13.9348,
5.8942

■ 10.1862, 13.9348,
5.8942

■ 9.4381, 13.5780,
4.5760

■ 11.0424, 14.3410,
7.5439

■ 8.7917, 13.2665,
3.5658

■ 12.0108, 14.7969,
9.5445

■ 8.2415, 12.9983,
2.8387

■ 13.0961, 15.3051,
11.9150

■ 7.7807, 12.7707,
2.3655

■ 14.3027, 15.8674,
14.6729

■ 7.4013, 12.5820,
2.0385

■ 15.6348, 16.4854,
17.8345

■ 17.0961, 17.1610,
21.4150

■ 18.6903, 17.8957,
25.4291

■ 20.4210, 18.6909,
29.8905

■ 22.2915, 19.5482,
34.8127

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.5229, 13.9348, 4.3845



10.1862, 13.9348, 5.8942



8.8231, 13.9348, 10.0129

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.1862, 13.9348, 5.8942



11.2930, 13.9348, 34.6275



19.3934, 13.9348, 13.1629

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.1862, 13.9348, 5.8942



8.2332, 5.9995, 16.3477

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.9406, 13.9348, 21.8561



10.1862, 13.9348, 5.8942



13.9935, 13.9348, 36.4145

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.1862, 13.9348, 5.8942



9.3958, 13.9348, 26.8457



16.8611, 13.9348, 31.1042



18.0226, 13.9348, 7.4950

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.1862, 13.9348, 5.8942



8.5216, 13.9348, 14.5758



16.8611, 13.9348, 31.1042



19.4526, 13.9348, 15.7855

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.1865, 13.9354, 5.8945



24.5113, 27.9004, 23.7358



10.8085, 10.3649, 5.1725



5.5889, 6.4152, 5.3078



55.7959, 58.7016, 63.9261



6.5000, 6.8385, 7.4471

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.1865, 13.9354, 5.8945



16.6311, 24.1836, 7.7519



8.2737, 12.9466, 5.9274



3.4813, 3.8335, 3.6298



8.3725, 14.2599, 2.3112



40.7249, 70.5285, 11.4669

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.2332, 5.9995, 16.3477



12.6799, 8.1425, 28.8788



11.1522, 7.5104, 16.2065



3.3695, 3.3788, 4.2288



5.4363, 2.4120, 17.9006



26.0785, 11.4983, 89.1240

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.1862, 13.9348, 5.8942 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.1862, 13.9348, 5.8942 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

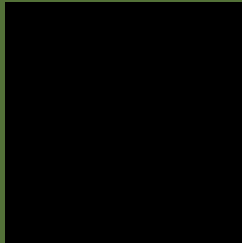
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.1862, 13.9348, 5.8942

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.1862, 13.9348, 5.8942.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.1862, 13.9348,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.1862, 13.9348, 5.8942

Protanopia

12.6631, 13.8025, 5.3649

Deuteranopia

14.0037, 13.7515, 6.0539



Tritanopia

12.7658, 14.0285, 18.2546

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.1862, 13.9348, 5.8942

Protanomaly

11.5171, 13.6653, 5.5207

Deuteranomaly

12.2696, 13.5856, 5.9786

Tritanomaly

11.6088, 13.8693, 12.6549

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.1862, 13.9348, 5.8942

Achromatopsia

11.6093, 12.2139, 13.3009

Achromatomaly

10.9258, 12.6522, 10.0499

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.1862, 13.9348, 5.8942 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(83, 113, 56)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(83, 113, 56)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(83, 113, 56) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(83, 113, 56) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.1862, 13.9348, 5.8942 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(83, 113, 56) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(83, 113, 56) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(83, 113, 56)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(83, 113, 56); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 113, 56);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 113,  
56) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.1862, 13.9348, 5.8942 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(83, 113, 56) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(83, 113,  
56) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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