

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.1837, 4.6097, 29.3975)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.1837, 4.6097, 29.3975)
contains.

XYZ(10.1211, 4.5817, 29.2051)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(10.1211, 4.5817,
29.2051)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5E0096
RGB	94, 0, 150
RGB Percent	37%, 0%, 59%
CMY	0.6314, 1.0000, 0.4118
CMYK	0.37, 1.00, 0.00, 0.41
HSL	278°, 100%, 29%
HSV	278°, 100%, 59%
XYZ	10.1211, 4.5817, 29.2051
YIQ	45.2060, 7.8740, 66.5780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

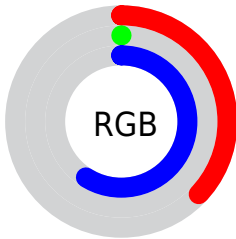
Format	Color
RYB	94, 0, 150
Decimal	6160534
CIELab	25.51, 58.08, -57.42
CIELCh	26, 81.668, 315.328
Yxy	4.5817, 0.2305, 0.1043
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284350614 (0xFF5E0096)
YUV	45.2060, 51.6634, 42.7923
Hunter-Lab	21.4049, 46.9434, -65.9125

Details

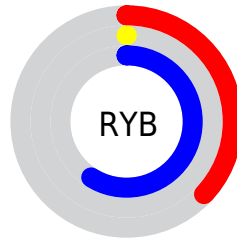
The XYZ color **10.1211, 4.5817, 29.2051** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660099**. A complement of this color would be **12.5372, 22.6535, 3.7118**, and the grayscale version is **2.4640, 2.5924, 2.8231**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.6043, 14.9061, 59.2853**, and **2.9322, 1.2569, 11.6433** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.1213, 4.5818, 29.2052**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.8875, 5.2304, 29.2900**.

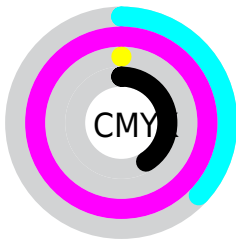
Distribution



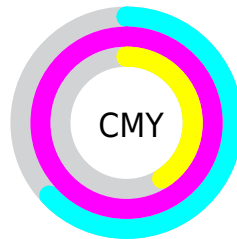
- Red (37%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (59%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (41%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.1211, 4.5817, 29.2051 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.1211, 4.5817, 29.2051 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

10.1211, 4.5817,
29.2051

10.1211, 4.5817,
29.2051

185.5698,
145.7083, 312.2726

5.5422, 2.0040,
18.9891

25.6706, 14.9082,
59.4489

2.6068, 0.6098,
11.4857

37.3720, 23.4257,
80.3137

0.9494, 0.0000,
6.2763

52.1782, 34.6920,
105.5653

0.0000, 0.0000,
2.9423

70.4547, 49.0914,
135.6221

0.0000, 0.0000,
1.0652


92.5667, 67.0084,
170.9027


0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


118.8797, 88.8272,

211.8256

 149.7589,
114.9324, 258.8094


 10.1211, 4.5817,
29.2051


 10.1211, 4.5817,
29.2051


 10.1213, 4.5818,
29.2052

 10.8875, 5.2304,
29.2900

 11.8188, 6.1461,
29.4177

 12.9741, 7.4455,
29.6076

 14.3769, 9.1744,
29.8674

 16.0474, 11.3720,
30.2035

■ 18.0035, 14.0729,
30.6217

■ 20.2614, 17.3084,
31.1272

■ 22.8359, 21.1071,
31.7248

■ 25.7409, 25.4958,
32.4188

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



6.1290, 4.5817, 46.2374



10.1211, 4.5817, 29.2051



13.0460, 4.5817, 10.6853

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.1211, 4.5817, 29.2051



6.0466, 4.5817, 0.0000



0.7613, 4.5817, 11.0021

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.1211, 4.5817, 29.2051



12.5372, 22.6535, 3.7118

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0.7554, 4.5817, 1.7928



10.1211, 4.5817, 29.2051



2.9610, 4.5817, 0.0000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.1211, 4.5817, 29.2051



10.0367, 4.5817, 0.0000



1.3416, 4.5817, 0.0000



1.3638, 4.5817, 29.6563

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.1211, 4.5817, 29.2051



13.3998, 4.5817, 3.5650



1.3416, 4.5817, 0.0000



0.6990, 4.5817, 6.7485

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.1214, 4.5818, 29.2052



35.5056, 30.1802, 54.8753



6.9931, 5.1780, 29.4852



7.5217, 6.1873, 12.0827



71.1368, 74.8414, 81.5023



11.3376, 11.9280, 12.9896

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.1214, 4.5818, 29.2052



17.6635, 7.9836, 51.5313



16.7769, 8.1638, 22.7013



5.8276, 5.8021, 7.2825



8.4306, 3.8187, 24.2238



0.1359, 0.0636, 0.2980

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.2915, 6.7696, 4.3474



23.3780, 11.9153, 7.2586



11.0116, 21.8549, 4.1891



5.8850, 5.8491, 6.5006



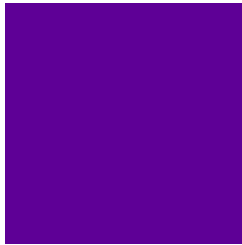
11.0382, 5.6203, 3.6822



0.1485, 0.0742, 0.1158

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.1211, 4.5817, 29.2051 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

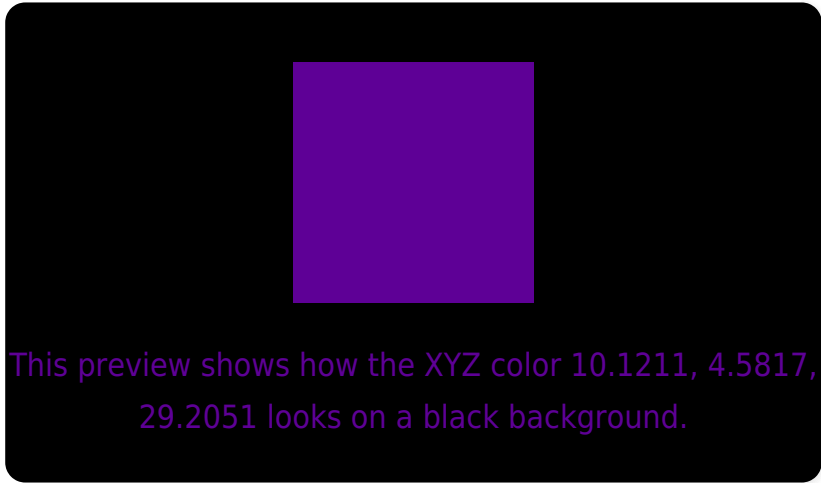
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

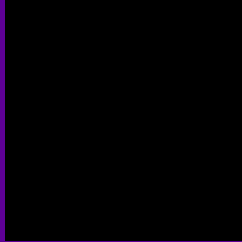
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.1211, 4.5817, 29.2051

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.1211, 4.5817, 29.2051.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.1211, 4.5817,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.1211, 4.5817, 29.2051

Protanopia

5.6312, 4.9225, 21.4222

Deuteranopia

4.7595, 4.9283, 15.7393



Tritanopia

5.5217, 5.0646, 5.3892

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.1211, 4.5817, 29.2051

Protanomaly

5.9006, 3.5973, 24.0503

Deuteranomaly

5.1543, 3.4066, 19.7879

Tritanomaly

6.3260, 4.0514, 11.2751

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.1211, 4.5817, 29.2051

Achromatopsia

2.4942, 2.6241, 2.8577

Achromatomaly

4.0506, 2.5600, 8.4643

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.1211, 4.5817, 29.2051 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(94, 0, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 0, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 0, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 0, 150) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.1211, 4.5817, 29.2051 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 0, 150) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 0, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(94, 0, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 0, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 0, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 0, 150)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.1211, 4.5817, 29.2051 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 0, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 0,  
150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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