

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.1877, 5.7132, 6.0347)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.1877, 5.7132, 6.0347)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(10.1877, 5.7132,
6.0347)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7F1B44
RGB	127, 27, 68
RGB Percent	50%, 11%, 27%
CMY	0.5020, 0.8941, 0.7333
CMYK	0.00, 0.79, 0.46, 0.50
HSL	335°, 65%, 30%
HSV	335°, 79%, 50%
XYZ	10.1877, 5.7132, 6.0347
YIQ	61.5740, 46.4390, 33.9510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

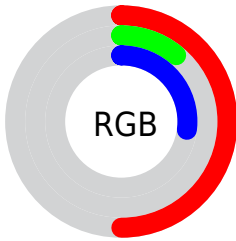
Format	Color
R_{YB}	127, 27, 68
Decimal	8330052
CIE _{Lab}	28.68, 44.94, 0.78
CIE _{LCh}	29, 44.944, 0.989
Yxy	5.7132, 0.4644, 0.2605
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286520132 (0xFF7F1B44)
YUV	61.5740, 3.1680, 57.3786
Hunter-Lab	23.9023, 34.2517, 1.7625

Details

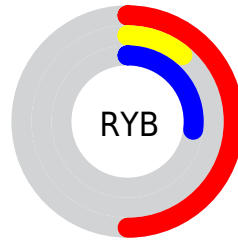
The XYZ color **10.1877, 5.7132, 6.0347** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660033**. A complement of this color would be **9.7214, 16.0838, 11.3973**, and the grayscale version is **4.5087, 4.7435, 5.1657**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.8620, 17.3362, 18.5061**, and **2.8480, 1.4479, 1.0491** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.7427, 5.1660, 4.8292**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.7883, 6.5246, 7.4364**.

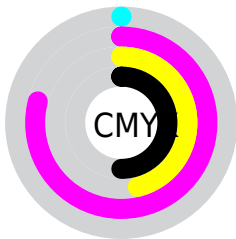
Distribution



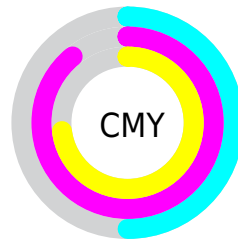
- Red (50%)
- Green (11%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Blue (27%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (79%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Black (50%)




- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (89%)
- Yellow (73%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.1877, 5.7132, 6.0347 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.1877, 5.7132, 6.0347 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.1877, 5.7132,
6.0347


 10.1877, 5.7132,
6.0347


186.0323,
156.4973, 168.6973


 5.5868, 2.6715,
2.7971

 25.7944, 17.3331,
18.4818

 2.6338, 0.9627,
0.9920


 37.5310, 26.6801,
28.5283

 0.9632, 0.0000,
0.0000

 52.3768, 38.8976,
41.6815

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 70.6972, 54.3701,
58.3600

 92.8576, 73.4819,
78.9823

 119.2234, 96.6174,

103.9669

150.1598,
124.1611, 133.7324

10.1877, 5.7132,
6.0347

10.1877, 5.7132,
6.0347

9.7427, 5.1660,
4.8292

10.7883, 6.5246,
7.4364

9.4127, 4.8041,
3.8010

11.5594, 7.6287,
9.0443

9.3737, 4.7605,
3.6815

12.5148, 9.0512,
10.8679

13.6664, 10.8146,
12.9160

15.0253, 12.9396,
15.1966

■ 16.6016, 15.4449,
17.7174

■ 18.4047, 18.3482,
20.4857

■ 20.4437, 21.6660,
23.5084

■ 22.7267, 25.4138,
26.7923

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



9.4799, 5.7132, 13.1367



10.1877, 5.7132, 6.0347



9.3851, 5.7132, 2.1300

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.1877, 5.7132, 6.0347



3.6985, 5.7132, 0.7631



3.7872, 5.7132, 21.4282

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.1877, 5.7132, 6.0347



9.7214, 16.0838, 11.3973

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.7795, 5.7132, 13.6797



10.1877, 5.7132, 6.0347



2.7377, 5.7132, 2.2933

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.1877, 5.7132, 6.0347



5.3649, 5.7132, 0.3150



2.4469, 5.7132, 6.4105



5.4961, 5.7132, 24.6939

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.1877, 5.7132, 6.0347



8.1923, 5.7132, 1.0161



2.4469, 5.7132, 6.4105



3.3713, 5.7132, 19.0968

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.1879, 5.7135, 6.0348



28.0340, 24.9554, 29.0403



7.9997, 4.2635, 20.4799



6.3699, 5.5360, 6.4861



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.1879, 5.7135, 6.0348



17.0115, 8.7879, 7.2465



9.5613, 5.8133, 1.6554



4.3952, 4.3712, 4.8855



9.4530, 4.8009, 3.7094



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.1879, 5.7135, 6.0348



17.0115, 8.7879, 7.2465



10.8402, 14.8799, 22.3794



4.3952, 4.3712, 4.8855



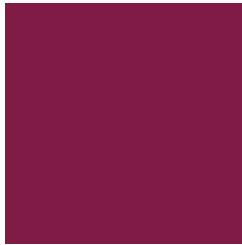
9.4530, 4.8009, 3.7094



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.1877, 5.7132, 6.0347 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

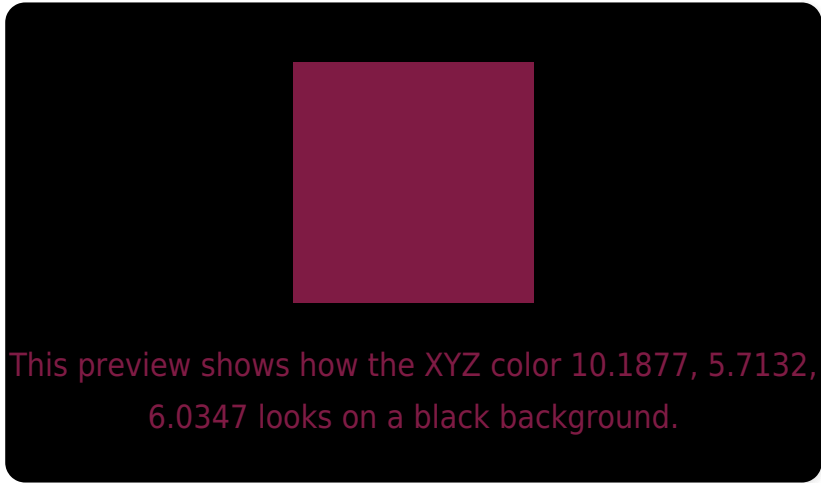
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.1877, 5.7132, 6.0347

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.1877, 5.7132, 6.0347.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.1877, 5.7132,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.1877, 5.7132, 6.0347

Protanopia

6.0488, 5.9637, 10.9575

Deuteranopia

6.0462, 5.9929, 5.5407



Tritanopia

9.4223, 5.7553, 2.3645

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.1877, 5.7132, 6.0347

Protanomaly

6.6722, 5.1492, 8.8258

Deuteranomaly

7.0060, 5.3244, 5.6595

Tritanomaly

9.6815, 5.7367, 3.3933

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.1877, 5.7132, 6.0347

Achromatopsia

4.5787, 4.8172, 5.2459

Achromatomaly

5.8615, 4.5452, 5.4189

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.1877, 5.7132, 6.0347 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 27, 68)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 27, 68)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 27, 68) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 27, 68) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.1877, 5.7132, 6.0347 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 27, 68) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 27, 68) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 27, 68) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 27, 68); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 27, 68);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 27,  
68) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.1877, 5.7132, 6.0347 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 27, 68) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127, 27,  
68) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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