

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.2013, 6.8756, 25.9888)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.2013, 6.8756, 25.9888)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(10.2013, 6.8756,
25.9888)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	57398D
RGB	87, 57, 141
RGB Percent	34%, 22%, 55%
CMY	0.6588, 0.7765, 0.4471
CMYK	0.38, 0.60, 0.00, 0.45
HSL	261°, 42%, 39%
HSV	261°, 60%, 55%
XYZ	10.2013, 6.8756, 25.9888
YIQ	75.5460, -9.0840, 32.4840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

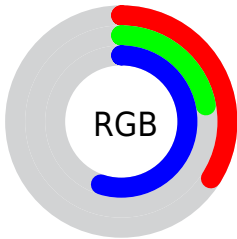
Format	Color
RYB	87, 57, 141
Decimal	5716365
CIELab	31.52, 32.78, -42.13
CIElCh	32, 53.378, 307.887
Yxy	6.8756, 0.2369, 0.1597
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283906445 (0xFF57398D)
YUV	75.5460, 32.2688, 10.0452
Hunter-Lab	26.2214, 23.5572, -40.4092

Details

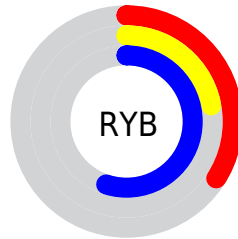
The XYZ color **10.2013, 6.8756, 25.9888** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663399**. A complement of this color would be **16.8191, 22.7248, 7.3710**, and the grayscale version is **6.7314, 7.0819, 7.7122**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.7171, 19.6187, 54.0611**, and **2.6366, 1.3412, 9.7928** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.8048, 5.2608, 25.7508**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.8983, 8.9329, 26.2966**.

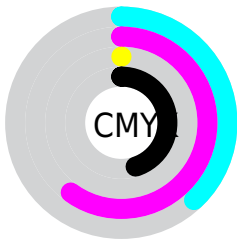
Distribution



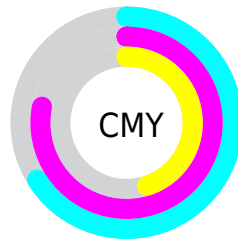
- Red (34%)
- Green (22%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (78%)
- Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.2013, 6.8756, 25.9888 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.2013, 6.8756, 25.9888 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.2013, 6.8756,
25.9888

■ 10.2013, 6.8756,
25.9888

186.1266,
166.6260, 296.3308

■ 5.5959, 3.3844,
16.5896

■ 25.8197, 19.7225,
54.2407

■ 2.6393, 1.3356,
9.7834

■ 37.5634, 29.8470,
73.9305

■ 0.9660, 0.1685,
5.1519

■ 52.4173, 42.9515,
97.8876

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
2.2764

■ 70.7467, 59.4202,
126.5305

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.7179

■ 92.9170, 79.6376,
160.2777

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 119.2935,

103.9881, 199.5478

150.2415,
132.8561, 244.7593

■ 10.2013, 6.8756,
25.9888

■ 10.2013, 6.8756,
25.9888

■ 8.8048, 5.2608,
25.7508

■ 11.8983, 8.9329,
26.2966

■ 7.6875, 4.0527,
25.5766

■ 13.9132, 11.4631,
26.6788

■ 6.8264, 3.2111,
25.4595

■ 16.2630, 14.4945,
27.1401

■ 6.1667, 2.6334,
25.3828

■ 18.9632, 18.0533,
27.6846

■ 6.1409, 2.6104,
25.3797

■ 22.0284, 22.1634,
28.3164

■ 25.4721, 26.8476,
29.0391

■ 29.3072, 32.1271,
29.8560

■ 33.5459, 38.0221,
30.7704

■ 38.2001, 44.5520,
31.7855

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



7.2614, 6.8756, 33.3438



10.2013, 6.8756, 25.9888



12.5028, 6.8756, 14.4554

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.2013, 6.8756, 25.9888



8.6531, 6.8756, 0.3423



2.6683, 6.8756, 9.6789

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.2013, 6.8756, 25.9888



16.8191, 22.7248, 7.3710

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.8527, 6.8756, 3.2188



10.2013, 6.8756, 25.9888



5.8588, 6.8756, 0.1031

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.2013, 6.8756, 25.9888



11.4532, 6.8756, 1.6165



3.8730, 6.8756, 0.8544



3.2754, 6.8756, 20.5458

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.2013, 6.8756, 25.9888



13.0854, 6.8756, 8.0389



3.8730, 6.8756, 0.8544



2.6437, 6.8756, 6.9597

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.2016, 6.8758, 25.9890



34.5770, 33.1518, 49.7044



12.2454, 14.2935, 27.3130



7.4241, 7.0073, 11.0407



67.5393, 71.0566, 77.3807



10.1266, 10.6539, 11.6021

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.2016, 6.8758, 25.9890



15.1276, 8.7104, 46.0118



15.2334, 9.4698, 26.2245



5.3000, 5.3429, 6.7807



5.6154, 2.3884, 23.1421



0.0761, 0.0344, 0.2223

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.3171, 9.7369, 16.1111



25.4742, 14.5169, 25.1427



12.7606, 20.6326, 7.1811



5.5456, 5.4788, 6.3711



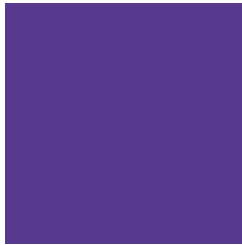
11.7313, 5.8495, 9.5022



0.1227, 0.0601, 0.1464

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.2013, 6.8756, 25.9888 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

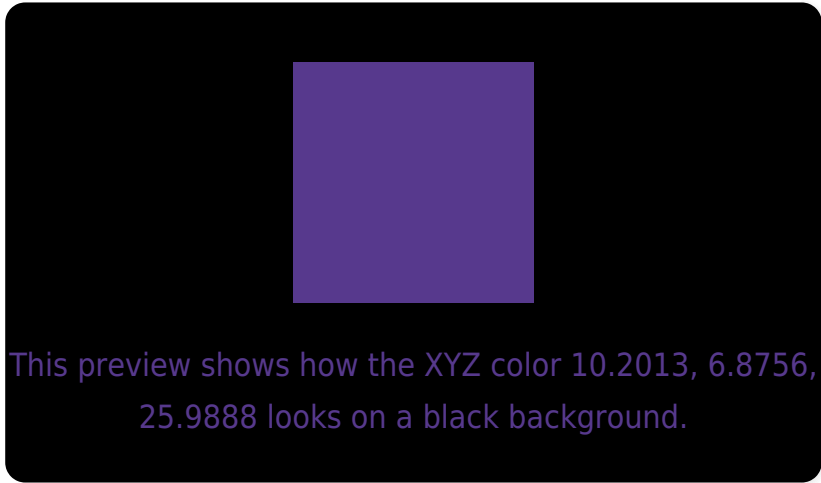
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

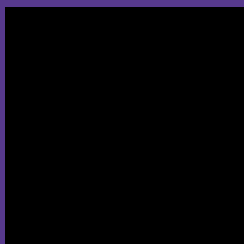
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.2013, 6.8756, 25.9888

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.2013, 6.8756, 25.9888.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.2013, 6.8756,

25.9888.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.2013, 6.8756, 25.9888

Protanopia

8.0671, 6.9346, 31.0503

Deuteranopia

6.8875, 6.8901, 23.5212



Tritanopia

6.7208, 6.9326, 8.5733

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.2013, 6.8756, 25.9888

Protanomaly

8.0276, 6.4913, 29.2636

Deuteranomaly

7.2391, 6.3695, 24.5148

Tritanomaly

7.6898, 6.7558, 13.4691

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.2013, 6.8756, 25.9888

Achromatopsia

6.8694, 7.2272, 7.8704

Achromatomaly

7.7366, 6.8818, 12.9771

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.2013, 6.8756, 25.9888 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(87, 57, 141)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(87, 57, 141)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 57, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(87, 57, 141) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.2013, 6.8756, 25.9888 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(87, 57, 141) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(87, 57, 141) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(87, 57, 141)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(87, 57, 141); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 57, 141);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 57,  
141) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.2013, 6.8756, 25.9888 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(87, 57, 141) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(87, 57,  
141) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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