

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.2035, 4.8514, 18.9412)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.2035, 4.8514, 18.9412)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(10.1949, 4.8499,
18.8111)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	70007A
RGB	112, 0, 122
RGB Percent	44%, 0%, 48%
CMY	0.5608, 1.0000, 0.5216
CMYK	0.08, 1.00, 0.00, 0.52
HSL	295°, 100%, 24%
HSV	295°, 100%, 48%
XYZ	10.1949, 4.8499, 18.8111
YIQ	47.3960, 27.5900, 61.6860

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

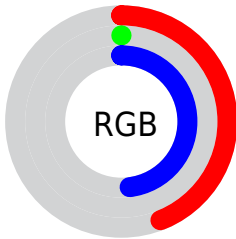
Format	Color
R_{YB}	112, 0, 122
Decimal	7340154
CIE _{Lab}	26.30, 55.23, -38.45
CIE _{LCh}	26, 67.296, 325.150
Yxy	4.8499, 0.3011, 0.1433
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285530234 (0xFF70007A)
YUV	47.3960, 36.7798, 56.6577
Hunter-Lab	22.0225, 44.0939, -35.2284

Details

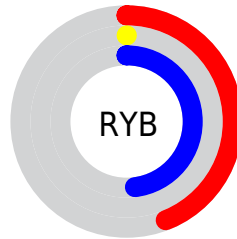
The XYZ color **10.1949, 4.8499, 18.8111** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660066**. A complement of this color would be **7.0849, 13.9837, 2.3260**, and the grayscale version is **2.7046, 2.8454, 3.0987**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.7413, 15.4449, 42.1819**, and **2.9733, 1.3977, 6.2440** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.1949, 4.8499, 18.8112**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.4570, 5.1839, 18.8618**.

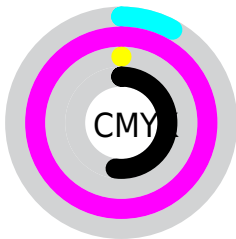
Distribution



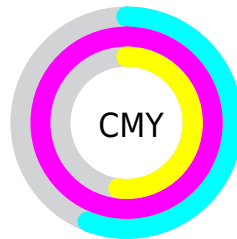
- Red (44%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (52%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.1949, 4.8499, 18.8111 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.1949, 4.8499, 18.8111 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.1949, 4.8499,
18.8111

■ 10.1949, 4.8499,
18.8111

186.0822,
148.3655, 257.7918

■ 5.5916, 2.1595,
11.3584

■ 25.8078, 15.4935,
42.2471

■ 2.6367, 0.6978,
6.1913

■ 37.5482, 24.2154,
59.0675

■ 0.9647, 0.0000,
2.8911

■ 52.3982, 35.7166,
79.8476

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
1.0393


■ 70.7234, 50.3814,
105.0059


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 92.8891, 68.5944,
134.9609


■ 119.2605, 90.7397,


170.1312

 150.2031,
117.2020, 210.9353

 10.1949, 4.8499,
18.8111

 10.1949, 4.8499,
18.8111


 10.1949, 4.8499,
18.8112

 10.4570, 5.1839,
18.8618

 10.7875, 5.6528,
18.9349

 11.2326, 6.3489,
19.0458

 11.8057, 7.2989,
19.1990

 12.5183, 8.5255,
19.3982

■ 13.3804, 10.0493,
19.6469

■ 14.4015, 11.8887,
19.9481

■ 15.5899, 14.0606,
20.3047

■ 16.9534, 16.5808,
20.7192

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



7.1368, 4.8499, 32.6395



10.1949, 4.8499, 18.8111



11.7948, 4.8499, 6.6154

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.1949, 4.8499, 18.8111



5.0548, 4.8499, 0.0000



1.3612, 4.8499, 14.2473

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.1949, 4.8499, 18.8111



7.0849, 13.9837, 2.3260

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



1.1650, 4.8499, 4.1388



10.1949, 4.8499, 18.8111



2.7630, 4.8499, 0.0000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.1949, 4.8499, 18.8111



8.1845, 4.8499, 0.0000



1.5617, 4.8499, 0.4821



2.2650, 4.8499, 28.6519

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.1949, 4.8499, 18.8111



11.4996, 4.8499, 2.3077



1.5617, 4.8499, 0.4821



1.2298, 4.8499, 10.0962

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.1951, 4.8501, 18.8112



25.1955, 20.6599, 35.0527



3.6234, 1.6261, 18.5353



5.6170, 4.4634, 7.9722



59.0181, 62.0916, 67.6177



7.4413, 7.8288, 8.5256

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.1951, 4.8501, 18.8112



17.8820, 8.5046, 33.0920



9.1690, 4.5949, 6.3936



4.1236, 4.0616, 5.0098



10.7304, 5.1045, 19.8050



50.8420, 24.1720, 94.4558

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.0810, 4.1597, 0.6644



14.1926, 7.3082, 1.0420



7.5536, 14.1567, 5.4477



4.0104, 4.0199, 4.2525



8.5063, 4.3787, 0.6909



40.4406, 20.8326, 2.5843

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.1949, 4.8499, 18.8111 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

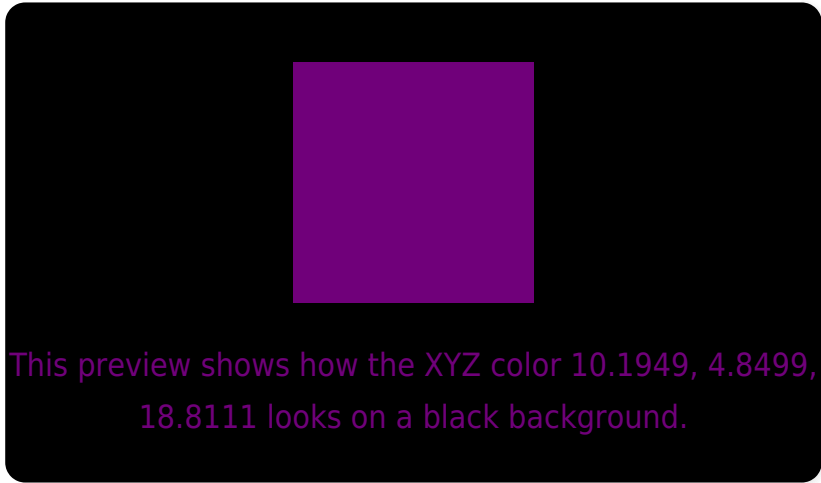
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

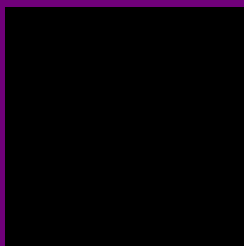
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.1949, 4.8499, 18.8111

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.1949, 4.8499, 18.8111.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.1949, 4.8499,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.1949, 4.8499, 18.8111

Protanopia

6.0806, 5.2762, 23.2522

Deuteranopia

5.5026, 5.4588, 16.9833



Tritanopia

7.2480, 5.2365, 3.7607

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.1949, 4.8499, 18.8111

Protanomaly

5.7025, 3.6007, 21.5135

Deuteranomaly

5.8212, 3.9056, 17.5866

Tritanomaly

7.7734, 4.5800, 7.4955

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.1949, 4.8499, 18.8111

Achromatopsia

2.7019, 2.8426, 3.0956

Achromatomaly

4.2988, 2.7626, 6.7852

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.1949, 4.8499, 18.8111 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 0, 122)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 0, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 0, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 0, 122) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.1949, 4.8499, 18.8111 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 0, 122) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 0, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 0, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 0, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 0, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 0,  
122) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.1949, 4.8499, 18.8111 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 0, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112, 0,  
122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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