

# Converting Colors

XYZ(10.2256, 15.3041, 19.2755)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(10.2256, 15.3041, 19.2755)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(10.1704, 15.2034,  
19.2281)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	007A75
RGB	0, 122, 117
RGB Percent	0%, 48%, 46%
CMY	0.9999, 0.5216, 0.5412
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.04, 0.52
HSL	178°, 100%, 24%
HSV	178°, 100%, 48%
XYZ	10.1704, 15.2034, 19.2281
YIQ	84.9520, -71.1070, -27.4190

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

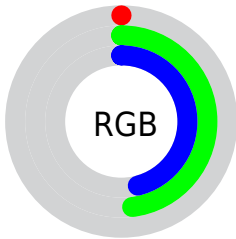
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 62, 122
Decimal	31349
CIELab	45.91, -29.48, -5.46
CIELCh	46, 29.986, 190.498
Yxy	15.2034, 0.2280, 0.3409
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278221429 (0xFF007A75)
YUV	84.9520, 15.7997, -74.5029
Hunter-Lab	38.9915, -21.6759, -1.9439

# Details

The XYZ color **10.1704, 15.2034, 19.2281** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **8.0539, 4.1490, 0.5203**, and the grayscale version is **8.6042, 9.0523, 9.8580**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.7997, 35.2300, 42.9764**, and **3.3915, 5.0644, 6.4290** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.1707, 15.2039, 19.2283**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.3548, 15.2954, 19.3910**.

# Distribution



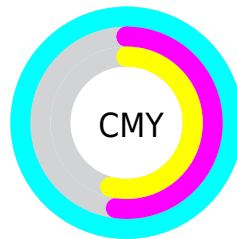
- Red (0%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (46%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (52%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (54%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.1704, 15.2034, 19.2281 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.1704, 15.2034, 19.2281 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



10.1704, 15.2034,  
19.2281

10.1704, 15.2034,  
19.2281

185.9123,  
224.5941, 260.1697

5.5752, 8.9623,  
11.6567

25.7623, 35.2096,  
42.9610

2.6267, 4.7166,  
6.3907

37.4897, 49.7435,  
59.9596

0.9596, 2.0819,  
3.0115

52.3253, 67.8104,  
80.9377

0.0000, 0.6544,  
1.1005

70.6343, 89.7947,  
106.3139

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

92.7821, 116.0808,  
136.5066

119.1342,

147.0532, 171.9345

150.0558,  
183.0961, 213.0160

■ 10.1704, 15.2034,  
19.2281

■ 10.1704, 15.2034,  
19.2281

■ 10.1707, 15.2039,  
19.2283

■ 10.3548, 15.2954,  
19.3910

■ 10.6164, 15.4268,  
19.5580

■ 11.0088, 15.6257,  
19.7320

■ 11.5473, 15.8998,  
19.9136

■ 12.2451, 16.2561,  
20.1035

■ 13.1139, 16.7005,  
20.3022

■ 14.1645, 17.2385,  
20.5102

■ 15.4066, 17.8753,  
20.7281

■ 16.8492, 18.6155,  
20.9561

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.3278, 15.2034, 12.3197



10.1704, 15.2034, 19.2281



11.0537, 15.2034, 27.3672

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.1704, 15.2034, 19.2281



17.8503, 15.2034, 29.5900



16.1383, 15.2034, 6.5784

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.1704, 15.2034, 19.2281



8.0539, 4.1490, 0.5203

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.4801, 15.2034, 9.0463



10.1704, 15.2034, 19.2281



19.5457, 15.2034, 21.6617

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.1704, 15.2034, 19.2281



15.3562, 15.2034, 34.4089



19.7887, 15.2034, 14.1399



13.5809, 15.2034, 6.2767



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.1704, 15.2034, 19.2281



12.1818, 15.2034, 31.9064



19.7887, 15.2034, 14.1399



16.9844, 15.2034, 7.1387

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.1709, 15.2040, 19.2285



24.7720, 30.2516, 36.0551



7.0363, 13.9590, 2.3239



5.5153, 6.8408, 8.2155



59.0181, 62.0916, 67.6177



7.4413, 7.8288, 8.5256



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.1709, 15.2040, 19.2285



17.8802, 26.7424, 33.7616



5.5266, 5.4323, 19.1702



4.1003, 4.5097, 5.0621



10.7070, 16.0065, 20.2397



50.9940, 76.3206, 96.1274



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.0539, 4.1490, 0.5203



14.1557, 7.2935, 0.8478



9.3882, 6.8614, 0.8299



4.0043, 4.0175, 4.2205



8.4782, 4.3674, 0.5432



40.3648, 20.8022, 2.1850



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.1704, 15.2034, 19.2281 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.1704, 15.2034, 19.2281 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

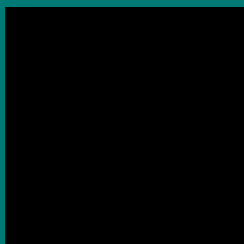
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 10.1704, 15.2034, 19.2281

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.1704, 15.2034, 19.2281.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.1704, 15.2034,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

10.1704, 15.2034, 19.2281

### Protanopia

14.5533, 15.1442, 16.6241

### Deuteranopia

15.4153, 15.1993, 20.2104



## Tritanopia

11.1717, 15.2643, 23.4766

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

10.1704, 15.2034, 19.2281

## Protanomaly

11.3555, 14.2822, 17.4875

## Deuteranomaly

11.8568, 14.3221, 19.9088

## Tritanomaly

10.7702, 15.2746, 21.7827

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

10.1704, 15.2034, 19.2281

## Achromatopsia

8.6345, 9.0842, 9.8927

## Achromatomaly

8.0467, 10.3827, 12.8892

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.1704, 15.2034, 19.2281 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 122, 117)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 122, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 122, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 122, 117) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.1704, 15.2034, 19.2281 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 122, 117) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 122, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 122, 117)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 122, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 122, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 122,  
117) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.1704, 15.2034, 19.2281 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 122, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 122,  
117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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