

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.2647, 9.8718, 1.8948)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.2647, 9.8718, 1.8948)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(10.2647, 9.8718,
1.8948)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	735311
RGB	115, 83, 17
RGB Percent	45%, 33%, 7%
CMY	0.5490, 0.6745, 0.9333
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.85, 0.55
HSL	40°, 74%, 26%
HSV	40°, 85%, 45%
XYZ	10.2647, 9.8718, 1.8948
YIQ	85.0440, 40.2580, -13.7420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

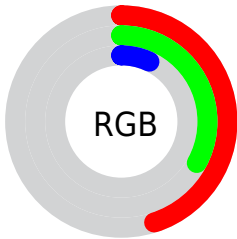
Format	Color
RYB	65, 115, 17
Decimal	7557905
CIELab	37.61, 7.02, 40.61
CIELCh	38, 41.208, 80.186
Yxy	9.8718, 0.4659, 0.4481
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285747985 (0xFF735311)
YUV	85.0440, -33.5457, 26.2714
Hunter-Lab	31.4194, 3.3318, 18.4180

Details

The XYZ color **10.2647, 9.8718, 1.8948** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **4.4241, 3.5537, 16.6724**, and the grayscale version is **8.7063, 9.1597, 9.9749**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.8122, 25.4419, 8.7046**, and **2.7430, 2.4430, 0.3270** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.9143, 9.2847, 1.4276**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.6745, 10.5084, 2.5962**.

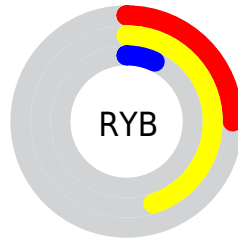
Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (33%)

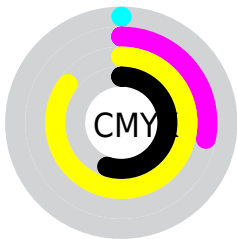
Blue (7%)



Red (25%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (7%)

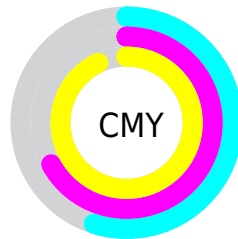


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (85%)

Black (55%)



Cyan (55%)

Magenta (67%)

Yellow (93%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.2647, 9.8718, 1.8948 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.2647, 9.8718, 1.8948 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.2647, 9.8718,
1.8948

■ 10.2647, 9.8718,
1.8948

186.5654,
189.7546, 120.7212

■ 5.6384, 5.3140,
0.4894

■ 25.9374, 25.5541,
8.7511

■ 2.6650, 2.4327,
0.0000

■ 37.7145, 37.4474,
15.1129

■ 0.9792, 0.8426,
0.0000

■ 52.6059, 52.5547,
23.9884


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 70.9770, 71.2604,
35.7962

■ 93.1932, 93.9488,
50.9548


■ 119.6197,


121.0044, 69.8829


 150.6220,
152.8115, 92.9988


 10.2647, 9.8718,
1.8948


 10.2647, 9.8718,
1.8948


 9.9143, 9.2847,
1.4276


 10.6745, 10.5084,
2.5962

 9.7558, 9.0159,
1.2261

 11.1529, 11.1972,
3.5813

 11.7055, 11.9414,
4.8785

 12.3373, 12.7433,
6.5126

 13.0528, 13.6051,
8.5060

■ 13.8561, 14.5287,
10.8789

■ 14.7508, 15.5160,
13.6502

■ 15.7406, 16.5687,
16.8375

■ 16.8287, 17.6885,
20.4573

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.9779, 9.8718, 3.0560



10.2647, 9.8718, 1.8948



7.7551, 9.8718, 2.1142

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.2647, 9.8718, 1.8948



5.4161, 9.8718, 16.5117



13.7909, 9.8718, 22.8311

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.2647, 9.8718, 1.8948



4.4241, 3.5537, 16.6724

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.2238, 9.8718, 30.6749



10.2647, 9.8718, 1.8948



6.5218, 9.8718, 26.0044

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.2647, 9.8718, 1.8948



5.2549, 9.8718, 8.4799



8.5530, 9.8718, 32.0483



15.2491, 9.8718, 13.3899

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.2647, 9.8718, 1.8948



6.5022, 9.8718, 3.0820



8.5530, 9.8718, 32.0483



13.0089, 9.8718, 25.8963

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.2649, 9.8723, 1.8950



24.5906, 25.7665, 18.8126



7.8393, 4.2733, 3.3920



5.7712, 6.0385, 4.2037



57.3938, 60.3827, 65.7568



6.9614, 7.3239, 7.9757

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.2649, 9.8723, 1.8950



17.3461, 15.8976, 2.1543



11.3413, 14.9359, 2.8156



3.8707, 4.0743, 3.9247



11.1330, 10.2672, 1.3950



53.4474, 48.4234, 6.5297

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4.4241, 3.5537, 16.6724



6.6448, 4.4235, 29.5481



3.9330, 1.9677, 16.3922



3.5893, 3.7672, 4.6282



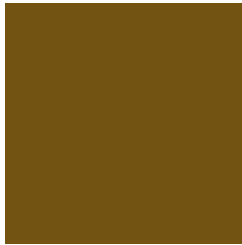
4.2953, 2.9303, 18.8818



20.2265, 12.8696, 91.7783

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.2647, 9.8718, 1.8948 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

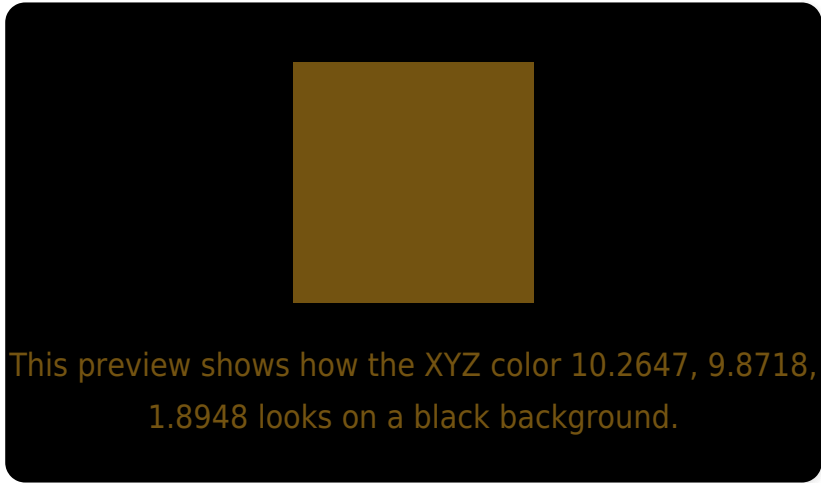
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.2647, 9.8718, 1.8948

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.2647, 9.8718, 1.8948.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.2647, 9.8718,

1.8948.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.2647, 9.8718, 1.8948

Protanopia

8.9455, 9.9011, 2.0557

Deuteranopia

9.9459, 9.8228, 1.8620



Tritanopia

11.8230, 9.8542, 9.4625

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.2647, 9.8718, 1.8948

Protanomaly

9.3431, 9.8633, 1.9836

Deuteranomaly

10.0739, 9.8888, 1.8680

Tritanomaly

11.0566, 9.7593, 5.4387

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.2647, 9.8718, 1.8948

Achromatopsia

8.6345, 9.0842, 9.8927

Achromatomaly

8.8098, 9.1537, 5.5775

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.2647, 9.8718, 1.8948 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 83, 17)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(115, 83, 17)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 83, 17) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 83, 17) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.2647, 9.8718, 1.8948 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 83, 17) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 83, 17) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(115, 83, 17)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(115, 83, 17); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 83, 17);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 83,  
17) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.2647, 9.8718, 1.8948 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 83, 17) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115, 83,  
17) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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