

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.2950, 10.0043, 2.5631)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.2950, 10.0043, 2.5631)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(10.3315, 10.0068,
2.5494)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	72541D
RGB	114, 84, 29
RGB Percent	45%, 33%, 11%
CMY	0.5529, 0.6706, 0.8863
CMYK	0.00, 0.26, 0.75, 0.55
HSL	39°, 59%, 28%
HSV	39°, 75%, 45%
XYZ	10.3315, 10.0068, 2.5494
YIQ	86.7000, 35.5350, -10.7450

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

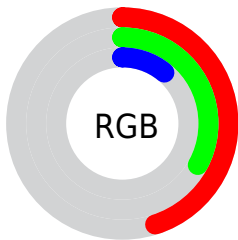
Format	Color
RYB	75, 114, 29
Decimal	7492637
CIELab	37.85, 6.49, 35.64
CIElCh	38, 36.222, 79.678
Yxy	10.0068, 0.4514, 0.4372
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285682717 (0xFF72541D)
YUV	86.7000, -28.4461, 23.9421
Hunter-Lab	31.6335, 2.9394, 17.3652

Details

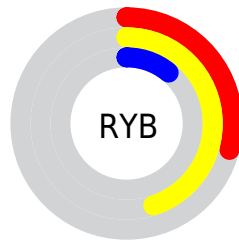
The XYZ color **10.3315, 10.0068, 2.5494** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **5.1078, 4.6038, 16.5387**, and the grayscale version is **9.0487, 9.5199, 10.3672**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.0542, 25.7319, 10.4310**, and **2.7754, 2.5078, 0.3378** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.9125, 9.3542, 1.8385**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.8211, 10.7171, 3.5418**.

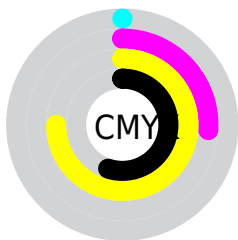
Distribution



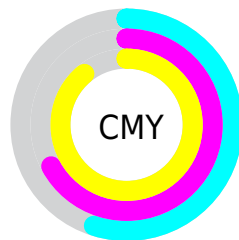
- Red (45%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (11%)



- Red (29%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (11%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Black (55%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (89%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.3315, 10.0068, 2.5494 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.3315, 10.0068, 2.5494 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.3315, 10.0068,
2.5494

■ 10.3315, 10.0068,
2.5494

187.0265,
190.7206, 130.3967

■ 5.6832, 5.4035,
0.8662

■ 26.0612, 25.8083,
10.4947

■ 2.6923, 2.4859,
0.0000

■ 37.8734, 37.7752,
17.5971

■ 0.9932, 0.8696,
0.0000

■ 52.8043, 52.9655,
27.3441

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 71.2192, 71.7635,
40.1543

■ 93.4836, 94.5536,
56.4460

■ 119.9627,

121.7202, 76.6380

151.0219,
153.6478, 101.1487

10.3315, 10.0068,
2.5494

10.3315, 10.0068,
2.5494

9.9125, 9.3542,
1.8385

10.8211, 10.7171,
3.5418

9.5548, 8.7540,
1.3642

11.3862, 11.4864,
4.8425

9.3727, 8.4441,
1.1359

12.0317, 12.3175,
6.4756

12.7621, 13.2127,
8.4630

13.5814, 14.1738,
10.8245

■ 14.4933, 15.2030,
13.5783

■ 15.5013, 16.3020,
16.7416

■ 16.6088, 17.4725,
20.3306

■ 17.8188, 18.7161,
24.3605

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.6930, 10.0068, 3.7787



10.3315, 10.0068, 2.5494



8.0893, 10.0068, 2.7593

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.3315, 10.0068, 2.5494



5.9046, 10.0068, 15.7782



13.3256, 10.0068, 21.4052

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.3315, 10.0068, 2.5494



5.1078, 4.6038, 16.5387

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.0906, 10.0068, 27.8529



10.3315, 10.0068, 2.5494



6.9112, 10.0068, 23.7957

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.3315, 10.0068, 2.5494



5.7688, 10.0068, 8.7668



8.7354, 10.0068, 28.8714



14.5984, 10.0068, 13.3440

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.3315, 10.0068, 2.5494



6.9422, 10.0068, 3.7333



8.7354, 10.0068, 28.8714



12.6465, 10.0068, 23.9514

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.3317, 10.0073, 2.5496



24.1731, 25.2588, 19.9305



8.1988, 4.7842, 4.7896



5.5201, 5.7610, 4.4008



55.7959, 58.7016, 63.9261



6.5000, 6.8385, 7.4471

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.3317, 10.0073, 2.5496



16.9875, 15.7193, 2.6396



11.7943, 14.9870, 3.4337



3.5476, 3.7277, 3.6059



10.4178, 9.3681, 1.2591



51.0626, 45.0004, 5.9946

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



5.1078, 4.6038, 16.5387



7.3178, 5.7717, 28.7039



4.3648, 2.5516, 16.1818



3.3050, 3.4753, 4.2508



4.2195, 3.0294, 18.0839



20.2743, 13.6004, 89.8357

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.3315, 10.0068, 2.5494 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.3315, 10.0068, 2.5494 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.3315, 10.0068, 2.5494

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.3315, 10.0068, 2.5494.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.3315, 10.0068,

2.5494.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.3315, 10.0068, 2.5494

Protanopia

9.1460, 10.1154, 2.6987

Deuteranopia

10.1524, 10.0305, 2.5634



Tritanopia

11.9069, 10.0994, 9.9161

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.3315, 10.0068, 2.5494

Protanomaly

9.5498, 10.0764, 2.6699

Deuteranomaly

10.2803, 10.0964, 2.5694

Tritanomaly

11.2327, 10.0484, 6.3485

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.3315, 10.0068, 2.5494

Achromatopsia

9.0590, 9.5307, 10.3790

Achromatomaly

9.2409, 9.5903, 6.5183

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.3315, 10.0068, 2.5494 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(114, 84, 29)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(114, 84, 29)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(114, 84, 29) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(114, 84, 29) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.3315, 10.0068, 2.5494 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(114, 84, 29) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(114, 84, 29) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(114, 84, 29) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(114, 84, 29); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 84, 29);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 84,  
29) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.3315, 10.0068, 2.5494 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(114, 84, 29) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(114, 84,  
29) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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