

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.3010, 5.5156, 1.3536)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.3010, 5.5156, 1.3536)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(10.3034, 5.5268,
1.3343)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	870E17
RGB	135, 14, 23
RGB Percent	53%, 5%, 9%
CMY	0.4706, 0.9451, 0.9098
CMYK	0.00, 0.90, 0.83, 0.47
HSL	356°, 81%, 29%
HSV	356°, 90%, 53%
XYZ	10.3034, 5.5268, 1.3343
YIQ	51.2050, 69.2270, 28.4510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

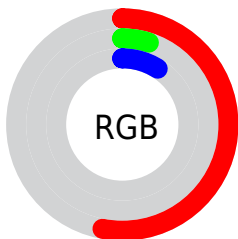
Format	Color
R_{YB}	135, 14, 23
Decimal	8850967
CIE _{Lab}	28.19, 47.95, 30.07
CIE _{LCh}	28, 56.600, 32.094
Yxy	5.5268, 0.6003, 0.3220
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287041047 (0xFF870E17)
YUV	51.2050, -13.9051, 73.4882
Hunter-Lab	23.5091, 37.0905, 13.0913

Details

The XYZ color **10.3034, 5.5268, 1.3343** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660000**. A complement of this color would be **12.6119, 18.9281, 22.7315**, and the grayscale version is **3.1812, 3.3469, 3.6447**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.9378, 16.8930, 7.0479**, and **2.9805, 1.5365, 0.1395** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.0548, 5.1850, 0.7726**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.7062, 6.0828, 2.2389**.

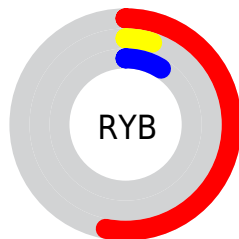
Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (5%)

Blue (9%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (5%)

Blue (9%)

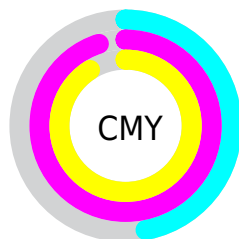


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (90%)

Yellow (83%)

Black (47%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (95%)

Yellow (91%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.3034, 5.5268, 1.3343 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.3034, 5.5268, 1.3343 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

10.3034, 5.5268,
1.3343

10.3034, 5.5268,
1.3343

186.8327,
154.7909, 110.9908

5.6644, 2.5595,
0.0897

26.0092, 16.9411,
7.1245

2.6808, 0.9064,
0.0000

37.8066, 26.1570,
12.7450

0.9873, 0.0000,
0.0000

52.7209, 38.2245,
20.7404

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


71.1174, 53.5281,
31.5294

93.3615, 72.4522,
45.5303


119.8185, 95.3811,


63.1619


 150.8538,
122.6992, 84.8425


 10.3034, 5.5268,
1.3343


 10.3034, 5.5268,
1.3343


 10.0548, 5.1850,
0.7726


 10.7062, 6.0828,
2.2389

 10.0466, 5.1729,
0.7569

 11.3184, 6.9509,
3.5408

 12.1634, 8.1686,
5.2789

 13.2617, 9.7674,
7.4876

 14.6313, 11.7757,
10.1975

■ 16.2887, 14.2189,
13.4369

■ 18.2490, 17.1205,
17.2318

■ 20.5263, 20.5023,
21.6067

■ 23.1338, 24.3846,
26.5843

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.4608, 5.5268, 5.5408



10.3034, 5.5268, 1.3343



7.7639, 5.5268, 0.0000

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.3034, 5.5268, 1.3343



2.1061, 5.5268, 1.6701



5.4261, 5.5268, 31.8362

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.3034, 5.5268, 1.3343



12.6119, 18.9281, 22.7315

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



3.3519, 5.5268, 27.3564



10.3034, 5.5268, 1.3343



1.8252, 5.5268, 6.5213

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.3034, 5.5268, 1.3343



3.1369, 5.5268, 0.0452



2.2005, 5.5268, 16.3274



8.1550, 5.5268, 26.0332

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.3034, 5.5268, 1.3343



5.9239, 5.5268, 0.0000



2.2005, 5.5268, 16.3274



4.6349, 5.5268, 31.4777

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.3035, 5.5271, 1.3344



29.8333, 26.4438, 25.3518



12.9758, 6.4174, 23.4765



6.6880, 5.7975, 5.4416



65.7814, 69.2071, 75.3665



9.5508, 10.0482, 10.9424

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.3035, 5.5271, 1.3344



17.9663, 9.2535, 1.2224



11.9284, 8.8974, 1.5045



4.6856, 4.6939, 4.9566



9.2665, 4.7710, 0.7099



0.0330, 0.0169, 0.0070

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.3035, 5.5271, 1.3344



17.9663, 9.2535, 1.2224



7.7706, 8.2751, 24.1094



4.6856, 4.6939, 4.9566



9.2665, 4.7710, 0.7099



0.0330, 0.0169, 0.0070

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.3034, 5.5268, 1.3343 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

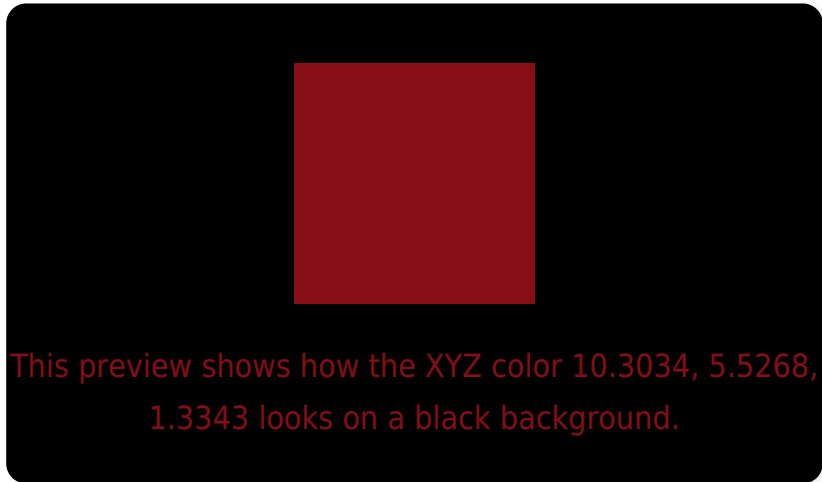
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.3034, 5.5268, 1.3343

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.3034, 5.5268, 1.3343.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.3034, 5.5268, 1.3343.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.3034, 5.5268, 1.3343

Protanopia

5.4271, 5.9201, 2.5257

Deuteranopia

5.8701, 5.8266, 1.0737



Tritanopia

10.2433, 5.5480, 0.8788

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.3034, 5.5268, 1.3343

Protanomaly

6.2754, 4.8369, 1.8992

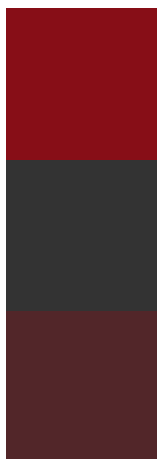
Deuteranomaly

6.7652, 4.9288, 1.0102

Tritanomaly

10.2560, 5.5300, 1.0170

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.3034, 5.5268, 1.3343

Achromatopsia

3.1466, 3.3105, 3.6051

Achromatomaly

4.5730, 3.3402, 2.5015

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.3034, 5.5268, 1.3343 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(135, 14, 23)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(135, 14, 23)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 14, 23) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(135, 14, 23) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.3034, 5.5268, 1.3343 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(135, 14, 23) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(135, 14, 23) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(135, 14, 23)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(135, 14, 23); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 14, 23);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 14,  
23) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.3034, 5.5268, 1.3343 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(135, 14, 23) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(135, 14,  
23) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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