

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.3102, 8.2464, 3.2388)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.3102, 8.2464, 3.2388)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(10.3102, 8.2464,
3.2388)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	79432A
RGB	121, 67, 42
RGB Percent	47%, 26%, 16%
CMY	0.5255, 0.7372, 0.8353
CMYK	0.00, 0.45, 0.65, 0.53
HSL	19°, 48%, 32%
HSV	19°, 65%, 47%
XYZ	10.3102, 8.2464, 3.2388
YIQ	80.2960, 40.2090, 3.6730

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

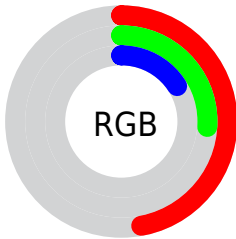
Format	Color
R_{YB}	121, 79, 42
Decimal	7947050
CIE Lab	34.49, 20.83, 25.08
CIE LCh	34, 32.603, 50.300
Yxy	8.2464, 0.4730, 0.3784
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286137130 (0xFF79432A)
YUV	80.2960, -18.8799, 35.6974
Hunter-Lab	28.7165, 13.8335, 13.4146

Details

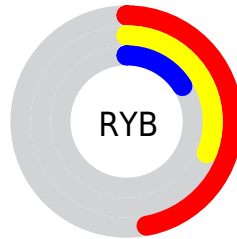
The XYZ color **10.3102, 8.2464, 3.2388** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663300**. A complement of this color would be **8.5886, 10.2379, 19.6124**, and the grayscale version is **7.7132, 8.1149, 8.8371**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.1383, 22.5425, 12.2060**, and **2.7412, 1.8390, 0.2105** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.6685, 7.2587, 2.1132**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.0880, 9.4016, 4.7327**.

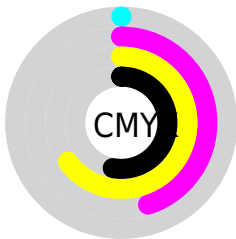
Distribution



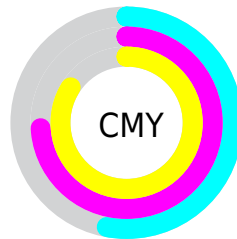
- Red (47%)
- Green (26%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (16%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (74%)
- Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.3102, 8.2464, 3.2388 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.3102, 8.2464, 3.2388 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.3102, 8.2464,
3.2388

■ 10.3102, 8.2464,
3.2388

186.8796,
177.6521, 139.3463

■ 5.6690, 4.2530,
1.2178

■ 26.0218, 22.4401,
12.2122

■ 2.6836, 1.8161,
0.0000

■ 37.8228, 33.4092,
20.0017

■ 0.9887, 0.4972,
0.0000

■ 52.7411, 47.4723,
30.5512

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 71.1421, 65.0138,
44.2791

■ 93.3911, 86.4182,
61.6040

■ 119.8534,

112.0697, 82.9445

150.8945,
142.3529, 108.7191

10.3102, 8.2464,
3.2388

10.3102, 8.2464,
3.2388

9.6685, 7.2587,
2.1132

11.0880, 9.4016,
4.7327

9.1531, 6.4289,
1.3223

12.0095, 10.7308,
6.6236

8.7511, 5.7470,
0.8118

13.0822, 12.2415,
8.9377

8.5877, 5.4701,
0.6032

14.3130, 13.9406,
11.6990

15.7084, 15.8344,
14.9294

■ 17.2744, 17.9291,
18.6496

■ 19.0168, 20.2304,
22.8791

■ 20.9411, 22.7439,
27.6360

■ 23.0523, 25.4749,
32.9379

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.6276, 8.2464, 5.9140



10.3102, 8.2464, 3.2388



8.4466, 8.2464, 2.2541

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.3102, 8.2464, 3.2388



4.8533, 8.2464, 7.3842



9.1247, 8.2464, 22.1531

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.3102, 8.2464, 3.2388



8.5886, 10.2379, 19.6124

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



7.2593, 8.2464, 23.0456



10.3102, 8.2464, 3.2388



4.9767, 8.2464, 12.9534

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.3102, 8.2464, 3.2388



5.4281, 8.2464, 3.9536



5.7963, 8.2464, 19.1923



10.8726, 8.2464, 17.0875

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.3102, 8.2464, 3.2388



7.2248, 8.2464, 2.2614



5.7963, 8.2464, 19.1923



8.4848, 8.2464, 23.0112

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.3104, 8.2468, 3.2390



26.7902, 26.5440, 23.6130



10.8848, 6.5896, 12.0809



5.9993, 5.8976, 5.1079



59.0181, 62.0916, 67.6177



7.4413, 7.8288, 8.5256

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.3104, 8.2468, 3.2390



16.8566, 12.2718, 3.0534



13.3750, 14.3760, 4.2605



4.0923, 4.2030, 4.2201



9.1937, 5.8434, 0.6433



43.1694, 26.5022, 2.8402

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.5886, 10.2379, 19.6124



13.4711, 16.0360, 34.7782



5.9091, 4.8788, 18.7193



4.0052, 4.3086, 5.0637



6.9789, 8.0402, 20.5694



32.4996, 36.7719, 97.8546

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.3102, 8.2464, 3.2388 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

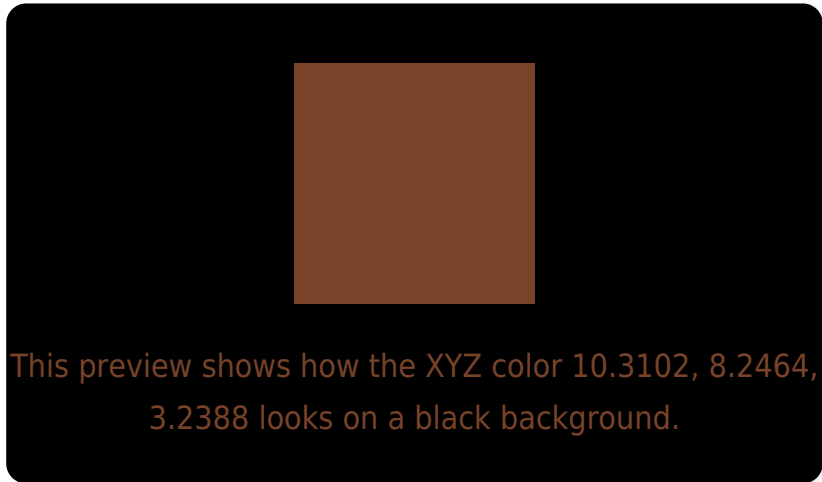
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

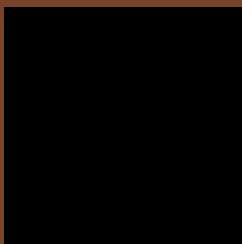
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

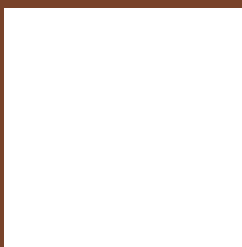
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.3102, 8.2464, 3.2388

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.3102, 8.2464, 3.2388.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.3102, 8.2464,

3.2388.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.3102, 8.2464, 3.2388

Protanopia

7.7468, 8.4135, 3.9050

Deuteranopia

8.4742, 8.3687, 3.1762



Tritanopia

11.0452, 8.2951, 6.4878

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.3102, 8.2464, 3.2388

Protanomaly

8.4944, 8.2639, 3.6300

Deuteranomaly

9.0334, 8.2458, 3.2133

Tritanomaly

10.7058, 8.2339, 5.1627

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.3102, 8.2464, 3.2388

Achromatopsia

7.6249, 8.0220, 8.7359

Achromatomaly

8.2188, 7.8584, 6.2379

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.3102, 8.2464, 3.2388 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(121, 67, 42)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(121, 67, 42)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 67, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(121, 67, 42) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.3102, 8.2464, 3.2388 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(121, 67, 42) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(121, 67, 42) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(121, 67, 42)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(121, 67, 42); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 67, 42);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 67,  
42) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.3102, 8.2464, 3.2388 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(121, 67, 42) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(121, 67,  
42) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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