

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.3313, 16.0897, 7.7349)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.3313, 16.0897, 7.7349)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(10.3036, 16.0847,
7.7159)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3E7D42
RGB	62, 125, 66
RGB Percent	24%, 49%, 26%
CMY	0.7569, 0.5098, 0.7412
CMYK	0.50, 0.00, 0.47, 0.51
HSL	124°, 34%, 37%
HSV	124°, 50%, 49%
XYZ	10.3036, 16.0847, 7.7159
YIQ	99.4370, -18.6090, -31.7050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

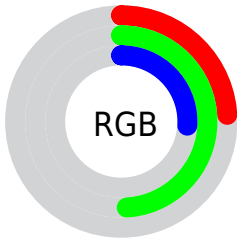
Format	Color
RYB	62, 121, 125
Decimal	4095298
CIELab	47.09, -33.51, 26.00
CIElCh	47, 42.418, 142.190
Yxy	16.0847, 0.3021, 0.4716
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282285378 (0xFF3E7D42)
YUV	99.4370, -16.4844, -32.8322
Hunter-Lab	40.1057, -24.3264, 16.6673

Details

The XYZ color **10.3036, 16.0847, 7.7159** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336633**. A complement of this color would be **13.6317, 9.1860, 19.1442**, and the grayscale version is **12.0142, 12.6399, 13.7649**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.9543, 36.6560, 21.9270**, and **2.6674, 5.0956, 1.5048** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.2976, 15.6025, 6.0481**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.5614, 16.6895, 9.7651**.

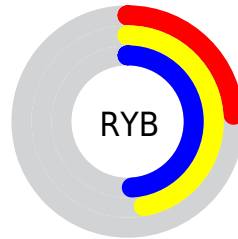
Distribution



Red (24%)

Green (49%)

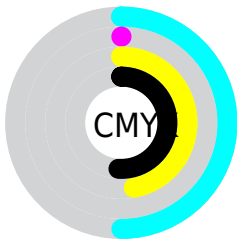
Blue (26%)



Red (24%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (49%)

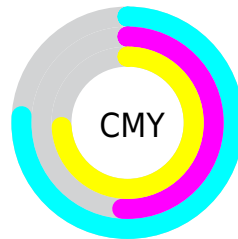


Cyan (50%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (47%)

Black (51%)



Cyan (76%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (74%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.3036, 16.0847, 7.7159 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.3036, 16.0847, 7.7159 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.3036, 16.0847,
7.7159

■ 10.3036, 16.0847,
7.7159

186.8341,
229.8410, 183.3370

■ 5.6645, 9.5841,
3.8285

■ 26.0095, 36.7452,
21.9365

■ 2.6809, 5.1241,
1.5318

■ 37.8071, 51.6739,
33.1068

■ 0.9873, 2.3203,
0.2414

■ 52.7215, 70.1807,
47.5418

■ 0.0000, 0.7844,
0.0000

■ 71.1181, 92.6501,
65.6602

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 93.3624, 119.4664,
87.8803

119.8195,

151.0141, 114.6208

150.8550,
187.6775, 146.3002

■ 10.3036, 16.0847,
7.7159

■ 10.3036, 16.0847,
7.7159

■ 9.2976, 15.6025,
6.0481

■ 11.5614, 16.6895,
9.7651

■ 8.5254, 15.2326,
4.7370

■ 13.0852, 17.4224,
12.2159

■ 7.9684, 14.9665,
3.7571

■ 14.8894, 18.2908,
15.0887

■ 7.6046, 14.7936,
3.0787

■ 16.9872, 19.3011,
18.4020

■ 7.3774, 14.6852,
2.6737

■ 19.3908, 20.4592,
22.1733

■ 22.1118, 21.7708,
26.4189

■ 25.1613, 23.2412,
31.1546

■ 28.5496, 24.8754,
36.3954

■ 32.2867, 26.6784,
42.1556

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.7420, 16.0847, 4.5673



10.3036, 16.0847, 7.7159



9.2389, 16.0847, 14.8740

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.3036, 16.0847, 7.7159



14.3362, 16.0847, 46.6671



22.9157, 16.0847, 10.8588

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.3036, 16.0847, 7.7159



13.6317, 9.1860, 19.1442

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



23.5281, 16.0847, 20.4482



10.3036, 16.0847, 7.7159



18.1524, 16.0847, 44.1619

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.3036, 16.0847, 7.7159



11.3080, 16.0847, 39.2016



21.6657, 16.0847, 33.3176



20.1070, 16.0847, 5.8008

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.3036, 16.0847, 7.7159



9.3069, 16.0847, 22.2060



21.6657, 16.0847, 33.3176



23.4018, 16.0847, 13.5335

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.3040, 16.0854, 7.7163



28.4874, 33.6319, 29.9074



16.2086, 19.1425, 7.3981



6.3346, 7.5801, 6.5733



60.6688, 63.8283, 69.5090



7.9400, 8.3535, 9.0970

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.3040, 16.0854, 7.7163



16.4847, 27.8602, 10.5542



11.4620, 16.5486, 13.8144



4.2863, 4.8228, 4.6787



7.6985, 15.3260, 2.7850



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.6317, 9.1860, 19.1442



23.1359, 14.0542, 33.3832



12.0409, 8.5497, 10.7671



4.4867, 4.4079, 5.3677



12.1811, 5.8921, 18.0751



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.3036, 16.0847, 7.7159 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.3036, 16.0847, 7.7159 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.3036, 16.0847, 7.7159

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.3036, 16.0847, 7.7159.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.3036, 16.0847,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.3036, 16.0847, 7.7159

Protanopia

14.5528, 15.8434, 6.7059

Deuteranopia

16.1229, 15.8313, 8.1672



Tritanopia

13.3552, 16.0519, 22.8165

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.3036, 16.0847, 7.7159

Protanomaly

12.3981, 15.5590, 7.0524

Deuteranomaly

13.1636, 15.4281, 7.9143

Tritanomaly

11.9857, 16.0343, 15.8278

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.3036, 16.0847, 7.7159

Achromatopsia

11.8596, 12.4772, 13.5877

Achromatomaly

10.9206, 13.3917, 11.0261

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.3036, 16.0847, 7.7159 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(62, 125, 66)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(62, 125, 66)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(62, 125, 66) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(62, 125, 66) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.3036, 16.0847, 7.7159 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(62, 125, 66) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(62, 125, 66) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(62, 125, 66)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(62, 125, 66); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(62, 125, 66);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(62, 125,  
66) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.3036, 16.0847, 7.7159 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(62, 125, 66) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(62, 125,  
66) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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