

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.3674, 7.3272, 2.9475)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.3674, 7.3272, 2.9475)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(10.3706, 7.3281,
2.9657)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7E3729
RGB	126, 55, 41
RGB Percent	49%, 22%, 16%
CMY	0.5059, 0.7843, 0.8392
CMYK	0.00, 0.56, 0.67, 0.51
HSL	10°, 51%, 33%
HSV	10°, 67%, 49%
XYZ	10.3706, 7.3281, 2.9657
YIQ	74.6330, 46.8100, 10.6980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

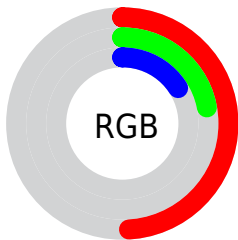
Format	Color
R_{YB}	126, 58, 41
Decimal	8271657
CIE Lab	32.54, 29.69, 23.52
CIE LCh	33, 37.875, 38.385
Yxy	7.3281, 0.5019, 0.3546
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286461737 (0xFF7E3729)
YUV	74.6330, -16.5811, 45.0489
Hunter-Lab	27.0705, 21.0094, 12.4538

Details

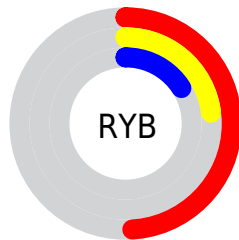
The XYZ color **10.3706, 7.3281, 2.9657** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993333**. A complement of this color would be **10.4740, 13.5651, 21.8048**, and the grayscale version is **6.6450, 6.9911, 7.6133**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.1991, 20.6560, 11.6230**, and **2.7376, 1.5080, 0.1468** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.7372, 6.3587, 1.8381**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.1814, 8.5398, 4.5001**.

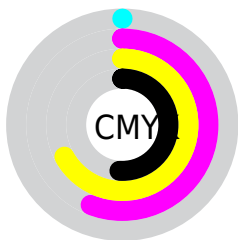
Distribution



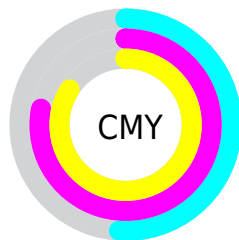
- Red (49%)
- Green (22%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Blue (16%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (78%)
- Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.3706, 7.3281, 2.9657 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.3706, 7.3281, 2.9657 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.3706, 7.3281,
2.9657

■ 10.3706, 7.3281,
2.9657

187.2959,
170.3628, 135.9226

■ 5.7095, 3.6681,
1.0771

■ 26.1337, 20.6303,
11.5437

■ 2.7082, 1.4897,
0.0000

■ 37.9663, 31.0413,
19.0702

■ 1.0014, 0.2815,
0.0000

■ 52.9203, 44.4714,
29.3131

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 71.3608, 61.3050,
42.6910

■ 93.6532, 81.9266,
59.6223

■ 120.1630,

06.7205, 80.5256

151.2555,
136.0711, 105.8195

10.3706, 7.3281,
2.9657

10.3706, 7.3281,
2.9657

9.7372, 6.3587,
1.8381

11.1814, 8.5398,
4.5001

9.2669, 5.6140,
1.0776

12.1815, 10.0075,
6.4749

8.9367, 5.0727,
0.6000

13.3822, 11.7453,
8.9209

8.8679, 4.9631,
0.4906

14.7938, 13.7659,
11.8657

16.4259, 16.0812,
15.3351

■ 18.2875, 18.7025,
19.3528

■ 20.3871, 21.6404,
23.9413

■ 22.7328, 24.9049,
29.1216

■ 25.3321, 28.5058,
34.9139

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.4173, 7.3281, 6.5013



10.3706, 7.3281, 2.9657



8.4534, 7.3281, 1.5510

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.3706, 7.3281, 2.9657



4.0073, 7.3281, 4.6170



7.5314, 7.3281, 24.2099

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.3706, 7.3281, 2.9657



10.4740, 13.5651, 21.8048

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



5.6627, 7.3281, 22.8812



10.3706, 7.3281, 2.9657



3.8533, 7.3281, 9.6653

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.3706, 7.3281, 2.9657



4.8706, 7.3281, 2.1438



4.4011, 7.3281, 16.7728



9.5877, 7.3281, 19.8384

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.3706, 7.3281, 2.9657



7.0723, 7.3281, 1.3105



4.4011, 7.3281, 16.7728



6.8591, 7.3281, 24.4443

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.3708, 7.3285, 2.9658



28.0076, 27.0252, 25.0569



12.3918, 7.2194, 16.4370



6.2192, 5.9324, 5.3770



60.6688, 63.8283, 69.5090



7.9400, 8.3535, 9.0970

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.3708, 7.3285, 2.9658



16.6561, 10.4335, 2.4329



13.2101, 13.0071, 3.9123



4.3806, 4.4500, 4.5482



9.0953, 5.0871, 0.5025



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.4740, 13.5651, 21.8048



16.7812, 22.1170, 38.1289



6.9177, 6.4526, 20.6194



4.3880, 4.7701, 5.5027



9.0685, 11.9555, 22.0796



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.3706, 7.3281, 2.9657 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

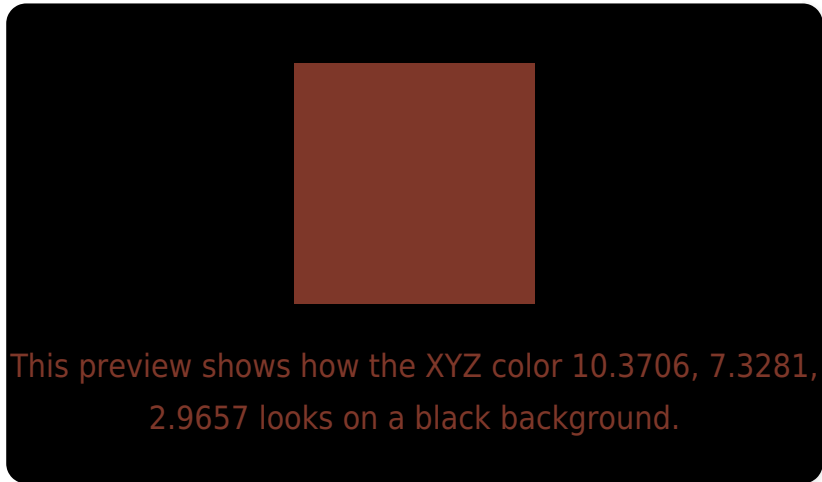
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

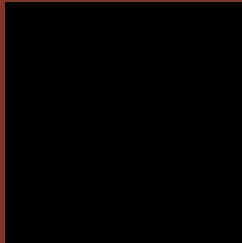
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.3706, 7.3281, 2.9657

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.3706, 7.3281, 2.9657.



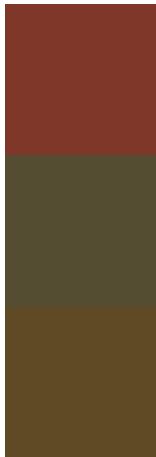
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.3706, 7.3281, 2.9657.

2.9657.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.3706, 7.3281, 2.9657

Protanopia

6.8644, 7.4143, 3.9750

Deuteranopia

7.5020, 7.4640, 2.7956



Tritanopia

10.7393, 7.3438, 4.5928

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.3706, 7.3281, 2.9657

Protanomaly

7.7669, 7.1061, 3.5470

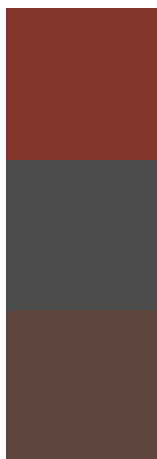
Deuteranomaly

8.3009, 7.2184, 2.7895

Tritanomaly

10.6691, 7.3894, 3.9959

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.3706, 7.3281, 2.9657

Achromatopsia

6.6877, 7.0360, 7.6622

Achromatomaly

7.5804, 6.8728, 5.6297

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.3706, 7.3281, 2.9657 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(126, 55, 41)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(126, 55, 41)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(126, 55, 41) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(126, 55, 41) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.3706, 7.3281, 2.9657 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(126, 55, 41) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(126, 55, 41) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(126, 55, 41)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(126, 55, 41); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 55, 41);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 55,  
41) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.3706, 7.3281, 2.9657 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(126, 55, 41) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(126, 55,  
41) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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