

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.4127, 25.7260, 18.1615)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.4127, 25.7260, 18.1615)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(16.6042, 29.0459,
18.3670)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00A86A
RGB	0, 168, 106
RGB Percent	0%, 66%, 42%
CMY	0.9999, 0.3412, 0.5843
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.37, 0.34
HSL	158°, 100%, 33%
HSV	158°, 100%, 66%
XYZ	16.6042, 29.0459, 18.3670
YIQ	110.7000, -80.2260, -54.8980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

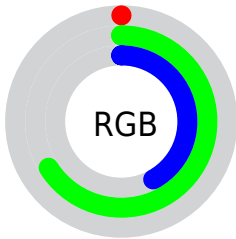
Format	Color
RYB	0, 103, 168
Decimal	43114
CIELab	60.82, -51.62, 21.95
CIElCh	61, 56.091, 156.969
Yxy	29.0459, 0.2594, 0.4537
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278233194 (0xFF00A86A)
YUV	110.7000, -2.3171, -97.0839
Hunter-Lab	53.8942, -39.3211, 17.5201

Details

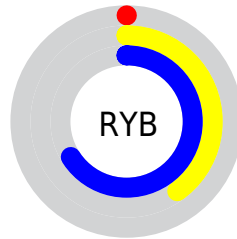
The XYZ color **16.6042, 29.0459, 18.3670** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009966**. A complement of this color would be **17.0191, 8.6734, 5.3367**, and the grayscale version is **15.0473, 15.8309, 17.2398**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.1416, 58.0041, 41.5861**, and **6.7810, 12.3401, 6.0275** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.6045, 29.0469, 18.3662**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.1669, 29.2982, 20.1388**.

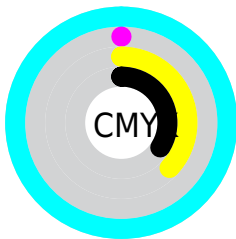
Distribution



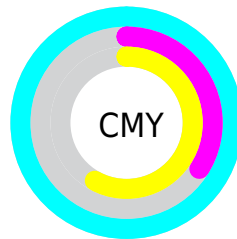
- Red (0%)
- Green (66%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (66%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Black (34%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.6042, 29.0459, 18.3670 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.6042, 29.0459, 18.3670 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.6042, 29.0459,
18.3670

■ 16.6042, 29.0459,
18.3670

■ 226.0820,
297.4315, 255.2368

■ 10.0462, 19.1155,
11.0416

■ 37.1930, 58.1500,
41.4840

■ 5.4921, 11.7538,
5.9803

■ 51.9546, 78.0925,
58.1128

■ 2.5765, 6.5763,
2.7645

■ 70.1815, 102.1413,
78.6798

■ 0.9340, 3.1985,
0.9757

■ 92.2389, 130.6806,
103.6035

■ 0.0000, 1.2362,
0.0000

■ 118.4924,
164.0948, 133.3025

■ 0.0000, 0.0910,
0.0000

■ 149.3071,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

202.7685, 168.1954

0.0000

185.0486,
247.0859, 208.7006

■ 16.6042, 29.0459,
18.3670

■ 16.6042, 29.0459,
18.3670

■ 16.6045, 29.0469,
18.3662

■ 17.1669, 29.2982,
20.1388

■ 17.9442, 29.6575,
22.0441

■ 19.0155, 30.1656,
24.0899

■ 20.4162, 30.8406,
26.2801

■ 22.1764, 31.6981,
28.6183

■ 24.3229, 32.7518,
31.1081

■ 26.8796, 34.0140,
33.7528

■ 29.8687, 35.4959,
36.5554

■ 33.3104, 37.2082,
39.5190

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.0005, 29.0459, 9.1607



16.6042, 29.0459, 18.3670



15.8917, 29.0459, 36.7555

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.6042, 29.0459, 18.3670



29.3446, 29.0459, 90.6227



40.4018, 29.0459, 13.0944

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.6042, 29.0459, 18.3670



17.0191, 8.6734, 5.3367

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



44.0059, 29.0459, 26.9975



16.6042, 29.0459, 18.3670



36.9329, 29.0459, 75.8148

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.6042, 29.0459, 18.3670



22.4741, 29.0459, 84.8858



42.6358, 29.0459, 50.0941



33.4679, 29.0459, 7.1881

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.6042, 29.0459, 18.3670



16.8961, 29.0459, 53.5709



42.6358, 29.0459, 50.0941



42.0939, 29.0459, 16.6800

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.6050, 29.0471, 18.3677



48.4956, 61.5827, 60.9713



16.1443, 29.1101, 4.7683



10.1460, 13.2128, 12.8614



80.6108, 84.8088, 92.3568



14.7206, 15.4872, 16.8656

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.6050, 29.0471, 18.3677



30.0235, 52.6652, 32.7651



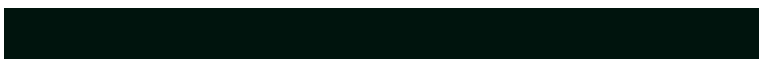
17.7217, 24.1342, 40.7715



7.6283, 8.4844, 9.0289



12.5639, 21.9443, 14.0024



0.3291, 0.5433, 0.4639

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.0191, 8.6734, 5.3367



30.7867, 15.6998, 9.1803



16.3925, 8.8119, 0.8373



7.6413, 7.5864, 8.4284



12.8744, 6.5585, 4.1500



0.3379, 0.1695, 0.2311

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.6042, 29.0459, 18.3670 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.6042, 29.0459, 18.3670 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 16.6042, 29.0459, 18.3670

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.6042, 29.0459, 18.3670.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.6042, 29.0459,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.6042, 29.0459, 18.3670

Protanopia

26.5371, 28.6899, 15.4483

Deuteranopia

29.0973, 28.5839, 19.3129



Tritanopia

21.9771, 29.1194, 43.9975

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.6042, 29.0459, 18.3670



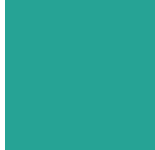
Protanomaly

19.2227, 26.7980, 16.2160



Deuteranomaly

20.0275, 26.1897, 18.7514



Tritanomaly

19.3213, 28.7764, 32.9698

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.6042, 29.0459, 18.3670



Achromatopsia

15.1092, 15.8961, 17.3108



Achromatomaly

13.6101, 18.9462, 17.4077

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.6042, 29.0459, 18.3670 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 168, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 168, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 168, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 168, 106) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.6042, 29.0459, 18.3670 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 168, 106) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 168, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 168, 106)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 168, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 168, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 168,  
106) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.6042, 29.0459, 18.3670 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 168, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 168,  
106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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