

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.4730, 10.7801, 10.4413)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.4730, 10.7801, 10.4413)
contains.

XYZ(10.4984, 10.7670, 10.5417)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(10.4984, 10.7670,
10.5417)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	625B57
RGB	98, 91, 87
RGB Percent	38%, 36%, 34%
CMY	0.6157, 0.6431, 0.6588
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.11, 0.62
HSL	22°, 6%, 36%
HSV	22°, 11%, 38%
XYZ	10.4984, 10.7670, 10.5417
YIQ	92.6370, 5.4560, 0.2400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

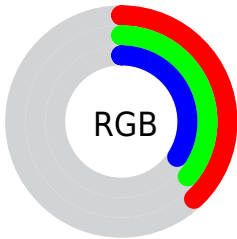
Format	Color
R_{YB}	98, 93, 87
Decimal	6445911
CIE _{Lab}	39.19, 2.03, 3.31
CIE _{LCh}	39, 3.885, 58.444
Yxy	10.7670, 0.3301, 0.3385
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284635991 (0xFF625B57)
YUV	92.6370, -2.7790, 4.7034
Hunter-Lab	32.8131, -0.3127, 3.9214

Details

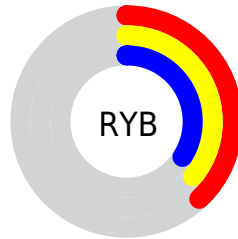
The XYZ color **10.4984, 10.7670, 10.5417** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **10.1377, 10.9132, 13.1275**, and the grayscale version is **10.3256, 10.8633, 11.8302**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.4347, 27.2455, 27.5326**, and **2.7725, 2.7740, 2.5798** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.6140, 9.5960, 8.4038**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.4821, 12.0493, 12.9812**.

Distribution



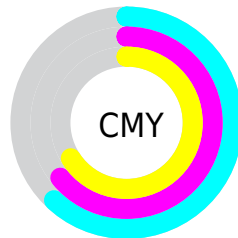
- Red (38%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (34%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (34%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (62%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (66%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.4984, 10.7670, 10.5417 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.4984, 10.7670, 10.5417 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.4984, 10.7670,
10.5417

■ 10.4984, 10.7670,
10.5417

188.1734,
196.0620, 205.1190

■ 5.7954, 5.9104,
5.6493

■ 26.3701, 27.2285,
27.4331

■ 2.7606, 2.7907,
2.5677

■ 38.2695, 39.6022,
40.2692

■ 1.0284, 1.0234,
0.8757

■ 53.2984, 55.2503,
56.5902

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 71.8222, 74.5573,
76.8148

■ 94.2063, 97.9076,
101.3614

120.8159,

125.6856, 130.6486

152.0165,
158.2755, 165.0950

■ 10.4984, 10.7670,
10.5417

■ 10.4984, 10.7670,
10.5417

■ 9.6140, 9.5960,
8.4038

■ 11.4821, 12.0493,
12.9812

■ 8.8247, 8.5318,
6.5551

■ 12.5672, 13.4444,
15.7327

■ 8.1274, 7.5717,
4.9830

■ 13.7570, 14.9555,
18.8071

■ 7.5185, 6.7125,
3.6741

■ 15.0544, 16.5852,
22.2145

■ 6.9939, 5.9507,
2.6137

■ 16.4620, 18.3363,
25.9644

■ 6.5495, 5.2825,
1.7856

■ 17.9825, 20.2110,
30.0663

■ 6.1806, 4.7038,
1.1718

■ 19.6183, 22.2120,
34.5289

■ 5.8815, 4.2103,
0.7496

■ 21.3720, 24.3416,
39.3609

■ 5.6576, 3.8378,
0.4426

■ 23.2458, 26.6020,
44.5705

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.6810, 10.7670, 11.0526



10.4984, 10.7670, 10.5417



10.2473, 10.7670, 10.3456

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.4984, 10.7670, 10.5417



9.7406, 10.7670, 11.6845



10.4744, 10.7670, 13.0321

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.4984, 10.7670, 10.5417



10.1377, 10.9132, 13.1275

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.2201, 10.7670, 13.2185



10.4984, 10.7670, 10.5417



9.7991, 10.7670, 12.4209

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.4984, 10.7670, 10.5417



9.8123, 10.7670, 10.9878



9.9735, 10.7670, 12.9903



10.6670, 10.7670, 12.4912

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.4984, 10.7670, 10.5417



10.0759, 10.7670, 10.4131



9.9735, 10.7670, 12.9903



10.3932, 10.7670, 13.1393

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.4987, 10.7675, 10.5419



19.7867, 20.6817, 21.9103



10.4724, 10.2240, 12.0466



4.6754, 4.8799, 5.1387



49.6657, 52.2522, 56.9026



4.8358, 5.0876, 5.5404

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.4987, 10.7675, 10.5419



18.0483, 18.4088, 17.6193



10.9723, 11.7147, 10.6998



2.6400, 2.7232, 2.7306



7.4944, 5.0316, 0.5762



39.2589, 25.3239, 2.8188

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.1377, 10.9132, 13.1275



17.3041, 18.7091, 22.9491



9.6785, 9.9948, 12.9745



2.5687, 2.7520, 3.2410



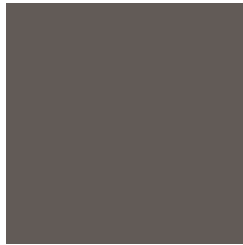
5.2130, 5.7288, 16.2187



26.9909, 28.8881, 86.3580

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.4984, 10.7670, 10.5417 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

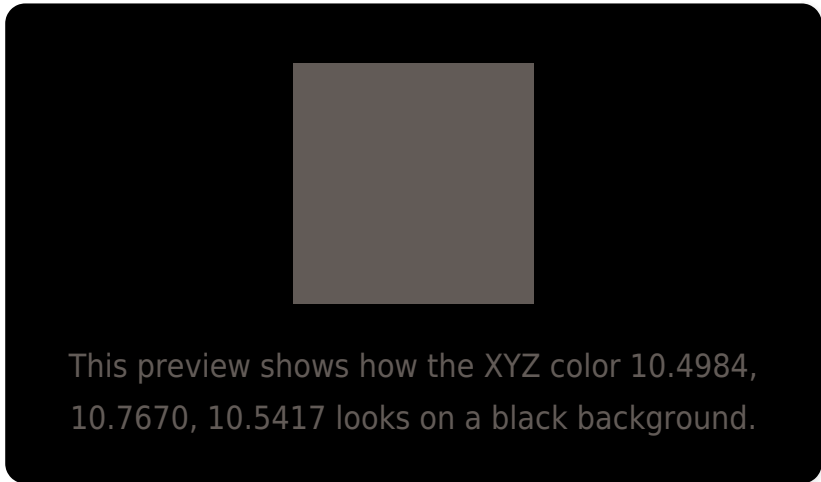
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

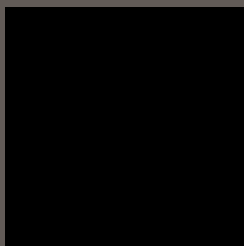
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

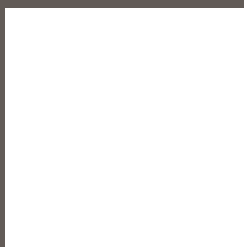
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.4984, 10.7670, 10.5417

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.4984, 10.7670, 10.5417.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.4984, 10.7670,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.4984, 10.7670, 10.5417

Protanopia

10.3079, 10.7918, 10.7723

Deuteranopia

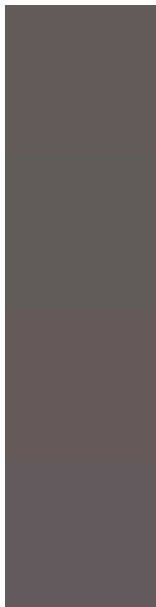
10.8862, 10.7164, 10.5115



Tritanopia

10.9594, 10.8280, 12.8217

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.4984, 10.7670, 10.5417

Protanomaly

10.4125, 10.8457, 10.7771

Deuteranomaly

10.7433, 10.7672, 10.5289

Tritanomaly

10.7775, 10.7553, 11.8639

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.4984, 10.7670, 10.5417

Achromatopsia

10.4043, 10.9462, 11.9204

Achromatomaly

10.4348, 10.8425, 11.4404

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.4984, 10.7670, 10.5417 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(98, 91, 87) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(98, 91, 87)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(98, 91, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(98, 91, 87) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.4984, 10.7670, 10.5417 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(98, 91, 87) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(98, 91, 87) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(98, 91, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(98, 91, 87); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 91, 87);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 91, 87)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.4984, 10.7670, 10.5417 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(98, 91, 87) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(98, 91,  
87) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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