

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.4801, 6.8999, 0.2439)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.4801, 6.8999, 0.2439)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(10.5322, 6.9386,
0.7842)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	842F00
RGB	132, 47, 0
RGB Percent	52%, 18%, 0%
CMY	0.4824, 0.8157, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.64, 1.00, 0.48
HSL	21°, 100%, 26%
HSV	21°, 100%, 52%
XYZ	10.5322, 6.9386, 0.7842
YIQ	67.0570, 65.7470, 3.4030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

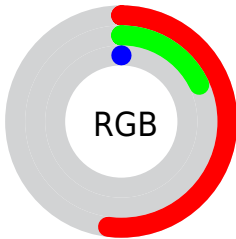
Format	Color
RYB	132, 73, 0
Decimal	8662784
CIELab	31.67, 34.70, 43.38
CIELCh	32, 55.551, 51.346
Yxy	6.9386, 0.5769, 0.3801
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286852864 (0xFF842F00)
YUV	67.0570, -33.0591, 56.9550
Hunter-Lab	26.3412, 25.2738, 16.6737

Details

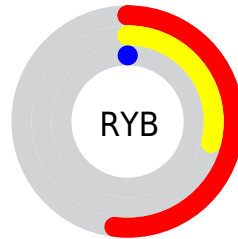
The XYZ color **10.5322, 6.9386, 0.7842** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993300**. A complement of this color would be **7.4129, 8.1621, 23.0142**, and the grayscale version is **5.3879, 5.6685, 6.1730**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.5673, 19.9776, 5.3615**, and **2.8240, 1.4558, 0.1322** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.5323, 6.9389, 0.7842**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.9799, 7.7157, 1.2982**.

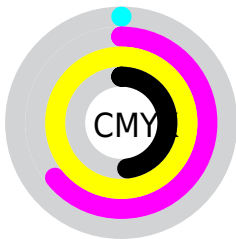
Distribution



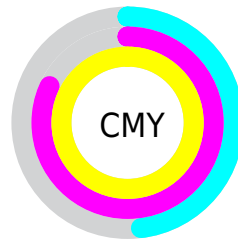
- Red (52%)
- Green (18%)
- Blue (0%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Black (48%)





- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.5322, 6.9386, 0.7842 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.5322, 6.9386, 0.7842 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.5322, 6.9386,
0.7842


 10.5322, 6.9386,
0.7842


 188.4048,
167.1525, 99.3367


 5.8182, 3.4237,
0.0000

 26.4325, 19.8496,
5.3571


 2.7744, 1.3567,
0.0000


 38.3495, 30.0145,
10.0973

 1.0356, 0.1845,
0.0000

 53.3982, 43.1649,
17.0351

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 71.9440, 59.6851,
26.5890

 94.3522, 79.9596,
39.1776


 120.9881,


104.3727, 55.2194

 152.2172,
133.3089, 75.1329

 10.5322, 6.9386,
0.7842


 10.5322, 6.9386,
0.7842


 10.5323, 6.9389,
0.7842

 10.9799, 7.7157,
1.2982

 11.5402, 8.6492,
2.0622

 12.2420, 9.7562,
3.2101

 13.0963, 11.0461,
4.7862

 14.1134, 12.5277,
6.8288

■ 15.3022, 14.2088,
9.3717

■ 16.6709, 16.0971,
12.4459

■ 18.2273, 18.1996,
16.0795

■ 19.9787, 20.5232,
20.2987

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.9372, 6.9386, 3.2381



10.5322, 6.9386, 0.7842



7.4330, 6.9386, 0.0000

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.5322, 6.9386, 0.7842



2.5942, 6.9386, 5.4763



8.7399, 6.9386, 32.6921

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.5322, 6.9386, 0.7842



7.4129, 8.1621, 23.0142

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



5.8223, 6.9386, 35.0753



10.5322, 6.9386, 0.7842



2.7620, 6.9386, 14.6158

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.5322, 6.9386, 0.7842



3.2375, 6.9386, 1.4574



3.7862, 6.9386, 26.9449



11.7164, 6.9386, 21.7326

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.5322, 6.9386, 0.7842



5.5976, 6.9386, 0.0093



3.7862, 6.9386, 26.9449



7.7043, 6.9386, 34.7287

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.5323, 6.9390, 0.7843



29.1941, 28.1204, 21.5298



11.1873, 5.5742, 9.2482



6.5875, 6.2596, 4.5371



64.0503, 67.3860, 73.3833



8.9945, 9.4630, 10.3052

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.5323, 6.9390, 0.7843



18.4221, 11.9615, 1.3378



15.3318, 16.5379, 2.3841



4.7983, 4.9401, 4.9300



10.2028, 6.7282, 0.7609



0.0418, 0.0362, 0.0048

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.4129, 8.1621, 23.0142



12.9134, 14.0886, 40.4919



4.4115, 2.1593, 22.0137



4.6658, 5.0072, 5.9213



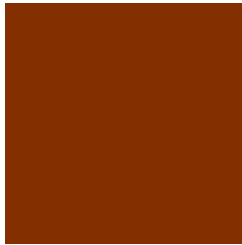
7.1827, 7.9133, 22.2855



0.0318, 0.0412, 0.0795

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.5322, 6.9386, 0.7842 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

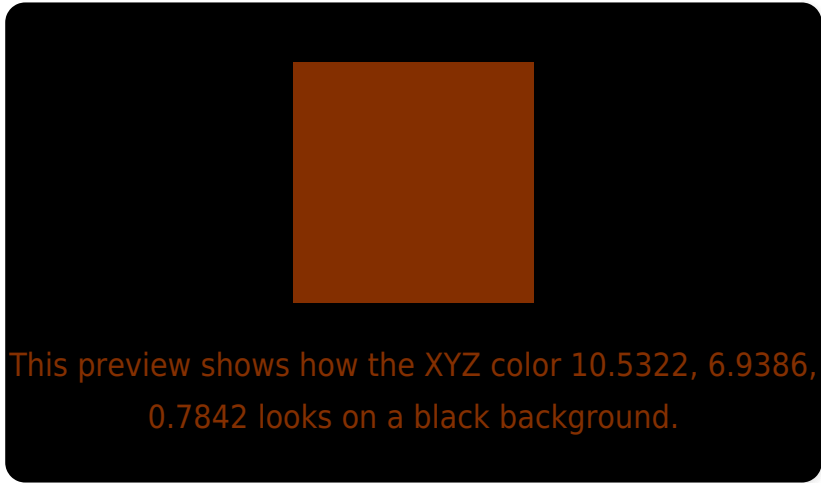
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

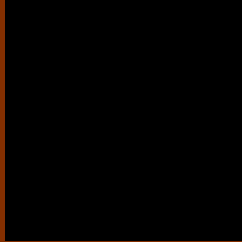
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.5322, 6.9386, 0.7842

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.5322, 6.9386, 0.7842.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.5322, 6.9386,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.5322, 6.9386, 0.7842

Protanopia

6.4100, 7.1319, 1.4542

Deuteranopia

7.1412, 7.1215, 0.9982



Tritanopia

11.0667, 6.9852, 3.3498

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.5322, 6.9386, 0.7842

Protanomaly

7.4191, 6.6251, 1.1462

Deuteranomaly

8.0842, 6.8062, 0.8876

Tritanomaly

10.8330, 6.9520, 1.9333

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.5322, 6.9386, 0.7842

Achromatopsia

5.3350, 5.6128, 6.1124

Achromatomaly

6.3663, 5.6303, 3.0367

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.5322, 6.9386, 0.7842 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(132, 47, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(132, 47, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 47, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(132, 47, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.5322, 6.9386, 0.7842 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(132, 47, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(132, 47, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(132, 47, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(132, 47, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 47, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 47, 0)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.5322, 6.9386, 0.7842 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(132, 47, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(132, 47,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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