

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.5061, 11.2987, 14.0587)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.5061, 11.2987, 14.0587)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(10.5563, 11.3800,
13.9521)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	586065
RGB	88, 96, 101
RGB Percent	35%, 38%, 40%
CMY	0.6549, 0.6235, 0.6039
CMYK	0.13, 0.05, 0.00, 0.60
HSL	203°, 7%, 37%
HSV	203°, 13%, 40%
XYZ	10.5563, 11.3800, 13.9521
YIQ	94.1780, -6.3730, -0.1410

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

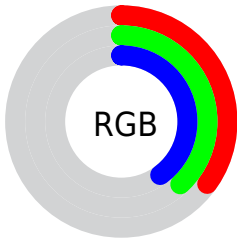
Format	Color
R_{YB}	88, 93, 101
Decimal	5791845
CIE Lab	40.21, -1.96, -3.91
CIE LCh	40, 4.373, 243.408
Yxy	11.3800, 0.2941, 0.3171
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283981925 (0xFF586065)
YUV	94.1780, 3.3632, -5.4181
Hunter-Lab	33.7343, -3.1778, -0.9077

Details

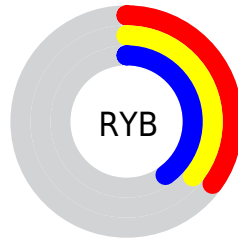
The XYZ color **10.5563, 11.3800, 13.9521** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **11.0427, 11.2999, 10.8318**, and the grayscale version is **10.6750, 11.2310, 12.2305**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.4276, 28.2280, 33.7614**, and **2.7613, 3.0398, 3.9312** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.3202, 10.2300, 13.7955**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.9431, 12.6343, 14.1213**.

Distribution



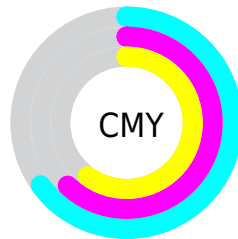
- Red (35%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.5563, 11.3800, 13.9521 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.5563, 11.3800, 13.9521 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.5563, 11.3800,
13.9521

■ 10.5563, 11.3800,
13.9521

188.5695,
200.2563, 228.3507

■ 5.8344, 6.3230,
7.9490

■ 26.4770, 28.3607,
33.7199

■ 2.7844, 3.0425,
3.9750

■ 38.4065, 41.0533,
48.3217

■ 1.0408, 1.1540,
1.6116

■ 53.4693, 57.0599,
66.6268

■ 0.0000, 0.0236,
0.2991

■ 72.0307, 76.7648,
89.0537

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 94.4561, 100.5525,
116.0210

121.1108,

128.8074, 147.9473

152.3601,
161.9139, 185.2510

■ 10.5563, 11.3800,
13.9521

■ 10.5563, 11.3800,
13.9521

■ 9.3202, 10.2300,
13.7955

■ 11.9431, 12.6343,
14.1213

■ 8.2281, 9.1795,
13.6503

■ 13.4849, 13.9946,
14.3026

■ 7.2742, 8.2256,
13.5164

■ 15.1871, 15.4643,
14.4965

■ 6.4522, 7.3644,
13.3935

■ 17.0546, 17.0462,
14.7035

■ 5.7549, 6.5920,
13.2812

■ 19.0920, 18.7431,
14.9236

■ 5.1746, 5.9040,
13.1790

■ 21.3037, 20.5576,
15.1573

■ 4.7025, 5.2954,
13.0864

■ 23.6940, 22.4923,
15.4047

■ 4.3256, 4.7591,
13.0027

■ 26.2670, 24.5495,
15.6662

■ 4.0806, 4.4029,
12.9469

■ 29.0267, 26.7317,
15.9420

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.3348, 11.3800, 13.3376



10.5563, 11.3800, 13.9521



10.8512, 11.3800, 14.1418

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.5563, 11.3800, 13.9521



11.4116, 11.3800, 12.2914



10.4971, 11.3800, 11.0428

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.5563, 11.3800, 13.9521



11.0427, 11.2999, 10.8318

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.7816, 11.3800, 10.7908



10.5563, 11.3800, 13.9521



11.3126, 11.3800, 11.4901

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.5563, 11.3800, 13.9521



11.3486, 11.3800, 13.1570



11.0806, 11.3800, 10.9507



10.3010, 11.3800, 11.6551

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.5563, 11.3800, 13.9521



11.0507, 11.3800, 13.9948



11.0806, 11.3800, 10.9507



10.5853, 11.3800, 10.9145

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.5566, 11.3805, 13.9524



20.1936, 21.4129, 24.2055



10.6534, 12.1723, 12.1402



4.9329, 5.2367, 5.9515



51.1593, 53.8236, 58.6138



5.2251, 5.4972, 5.9864

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.5566, 11.3805, 13.9524



17.5579, 19.0173, 23.8820



9.9891, 10.2455, 13.7632



2.8197, 3.0174, 3.5658



5.3098, 5.6914, 16.9630



26.8285, 27.9537, 88.1830

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.9681, 10.5909, 12.5330



18.3952, 17.4379, 20.9876



11.6362, 12.4870, 11.0296



2.8935, 2.8721, 3.3119



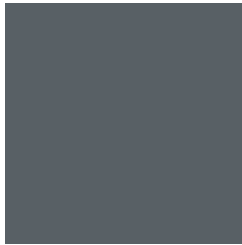
8.1628, 4.0781, 6.2558



42.1370, 21.0948, 30.3283

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.5563, 11.3800, 13.9521 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.5563, 11.3800, 13.9521 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

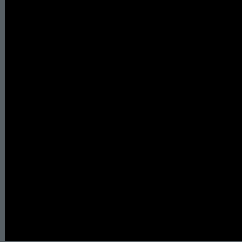
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

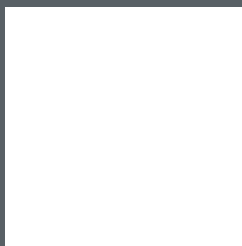
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.5563, 11.3800, 13.9521

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.5563, 11.3800, 13.9521.

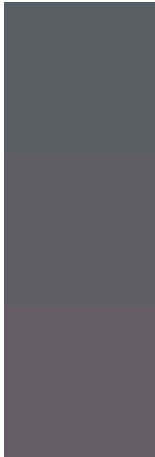


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.5563, 11.3800,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.5563, 11.3800, 13.9521

Protanopia

11.0223, 11.3584, 13.6680

Deuteranopia

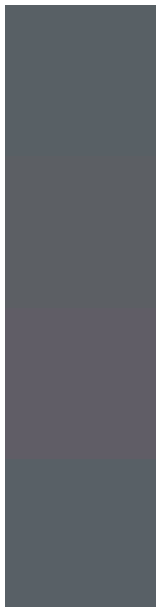
11.5922, 11.3803, 14.1560



Tritanopia

10.6556, 11.4197, 14.4746

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.5563, 11.3800, 13.9521

Protanomaly

10.8061, 11.3798, 13.6836

Deuteranomaly

11.1365, 11.2748, 14.1597

Tritanomaly

10.6056, 11.3998, 14.2118

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.5563, 11.3800, 13.9521

Achromatopsia

10.6392, 11.1932, 12.1894

Achromatomaly

10.6635, 11.3228, 12.9328

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.5563, 11.3800, 13.9521 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(88, 96, 101) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(88, 96, 101)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(88, 96, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(88, 96, 101) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.5563, 11.3800, 13.9521 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

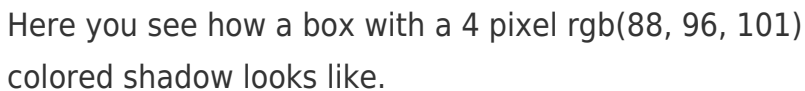
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(88, 96, 101) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(88, 96, 101) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(88, 96, 101)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(88, 96, 101); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 96, 101);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 96,  
101) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.5563, 11.3800, 13.9521 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(88, 96, 101) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(88, 96,  
101) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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