

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.5067, 10.3638, 0.3729)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.5067, 10.3638, 0.3729)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(10.6639, 10.4375,
1.4526)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	755600
RGB	117, 86, 0
RGB Percent	46%, 34%, 0%
CMY	0.5412, 0.6627, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.26, 1.00, 0.54
HSL	44°, 100%, 23%
HSV	44°, 100%, 46%
XYZ	10.6639, 10.4375, 1.4526
YIQ	85.4650, 46.0820, -20.1740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

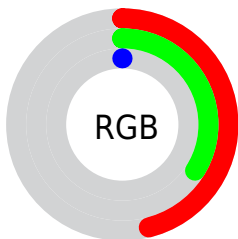
Format	Color
RYB	42, 117, 0
Decimal	7689728
CIELab	38.62, 5.74, 46.73
CIElCh	39, 47.083, 82.999
Yxy	10.4375, 0.4728, 0.4628
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285879808 (0xFF755600)
YUV	85.4650, -42.1342, 27.6562
Hunter-Lab	32.3071, 2.3816, 19.9492

Details

The XYZ color **10.6639, 10.4375, 1.4526** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996600**. A complement of this color would be **3.7009, 2.2643, 17.0714**, and the grayscale version is **8.8118, 9.2707, 10.0958**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.6114, 26.4977, 7.4534**, and **2.9073, 2.6759, 0.3633** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.6640, 10.4378, 1.4526**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.9816, 10.9696, 1.8770**.

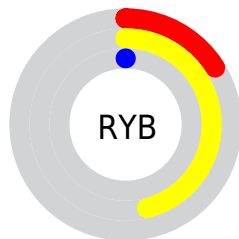
Distribution



Red (46%)

Green (34%)

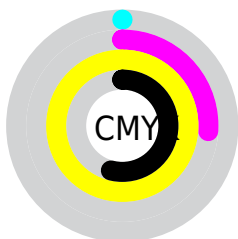
Blue (0%)



Red (16%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (0%)

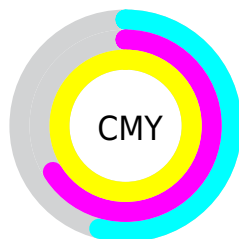


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (54%)



Cyan (54%)

Magenta (66%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.6639, 10.4375, 1.4526 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.6639, 10.4375, 1.4526 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.6639, 10.4375,
1.4526

■ 10.6639, 10.4375,
1.4526

■ 189.3033,
193.7667, 113.1960

■ 5.9069, 5.6900,
0.1822

■ 26.6755, 26.6152,
7.4816

■ 2.8287, 2.6575,
0.0000

■ 38.6608, 38.8142,
13.2696

■ 1.0638, 0.9557,
0.0000

■ 53.7862, 54.2658,
21.4648


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 72.4172, 73.3544,
32.4856


■ 94.9190, 96.4644,
46.7506


■ 121.6571,


123.9802, 64.6783


 152.9967,
156.2861, 86.6873


 10.6639, 10.4375,
1.4526


 10.6639, 10.4375,
1.4526


 10.6640, 10.4378,
1.4526

 10.9816, 10.9696,
1.8770

 11.3395, 11.5349,
2.4608

 11.7605, 12.1429,
3.3222

 12.2506, 12.7964,
4.4929

 12.8152, 13.4977,
6.0004

■ 13.4591, 14.2488,
7.8691

■ 14.1865, 15.0518,
10.1210

■ 15.0014, 15.9084,
12.7767

■ 15.9076, 16.8203,
15.8548

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.9513, 10.4375, 2.4632



10.6639, 10.4375, 1.4526



7.7719, 10.4375, 1.7870

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.6639, 10.4375, 1.4526



5.3882, 10.4375, 19.4110



15.4739, 10.4375, 25.0210

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.6639, 10.4375, 1.4526



3.7009, 2.2643, 17.0714

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.4326, 10.4375, 35.3870



10.6639, 10.4375, 1.4526



6.7521, 10.4375, 31.1386

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.6639, 10.4375, 1.4526



5.1078, 10.4375, 9.4108



9.2125, 10.4375, 38.0704



17.0788, 10.4375, 13.5718

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.6639, 10.4375, 1.4526



6.3897, 10.4375, 2.9005



9.2125, 10.4375, 38.0704



14.5588, 10.4375, 28.9473

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.6641, 10.4380, 1.4528



25.2972, 26.8384, 17.7845



7.5861, 3.8820, 1.6599



5.7146, 6.0598, 3.7698



57.3938, 60.3827, 65.7568



6.9614, 7.3239, 7.9757

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.6641, 10.4380, 1.4528



18.9825, 18.4636, 2.5633



10.5486, 14.8811, 2.3165



3.8885, 4.1100, 3.9306



11.7366, 11.4745, 1.5962



56.4654, 54.4592, 7.5356

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



3.7009, 2.2643, 17.0714



6.5267, 3.8538, 30.5369



3.6709, 1.5216, 16.9297



3.5723, 3.7332, 4.6225



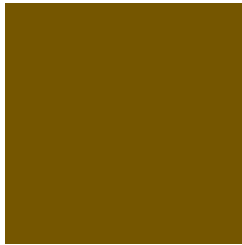
4.0658, 2.4713, 18.8053



19.1999, 10.8165, 91.4361

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.6639, 10.4375, 1.4526 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.6639, 10.4375, 1.4526 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.6639, 10.4375, 1.4526

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.6639, 10.4375, 1.4526.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.6639, 10.4375,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.6639, 10.4375, 1.4526

Protanopia

9.4590, 10.5532, 1.7394

Deuteranopia

10.6107, 10.5294, 1.4731



Tritanopia

12.4335, 10.4742, 10.1705

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.6639, 10.4375, 1.4526

Protanomaly

9.8624, 10.5092, 1.6235

Deuteranomaly

10.6107, 10.5294, 1.4731

Tritanomaly

11.4526, 10.3035, 4.9996

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.6639, 10.4375, 1.4526

Achromatopsia

8.6345, 9.0842, 9.8927

Achromatomaly

8.8441, 9.3047, 4.8199

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.6639, 10.4375, 1.4526 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 86, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 86, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 86, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 86, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.6639, 10.4375, 1.4526 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 86, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 86, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 86, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(117, 86, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 86, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 86, 0)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.6639, 10.4375, 1.4526 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 86, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117, 86,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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