

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.5229, 12.1797, 30.8408)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.5229, 12.1797, 30.8408)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(10.4553, 12.1026,
30.6391)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	006896
RGB	0, 104, 150
RGB Percent	0%, 41%, 59%
CMY	0.9999, 0.5922, 0.4118
CMYK	1.00, 0.31, 0.00, 0.41
HSL	198°, 100%, 29%
HSV	198°, 100%, 59%
XYZ	10.4553, 12.1026, 30.6391
YIQ	78.1480, -76.7500, -7.7420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

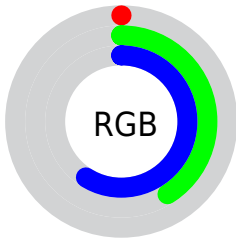
Format	Color
R_{YB}	0, 61, 150
Decimal	26774
CIE _{Lab}	41.38, -7.75, -32.13
CIE _{LCh}	41, 33.052, 256.439
Yxy	12.1026, 0.1965, 0.2275
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278216854 (0xFF006896)
YUV	78.1480, 35.4230, -68.5358
Hunter-Lab	34.7888, -7.2346, -27.8656

Details

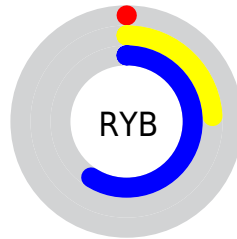
The XYZ color **10.4553, 12.1026, 30.6391** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006699**. A complement of this color would be **13.5557, 8.4398, 0.9152**, and the grayscale version is **7.2164, 7.5922, 8.2679**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.2766, 29.6871, 61.4720**, and **3.7153, 3.8271, 12.3473** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.4548, 12.1015, 30.6392**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.1287, 13.1562, 30.8072**.

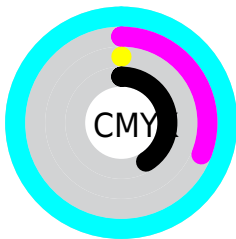
Distribution



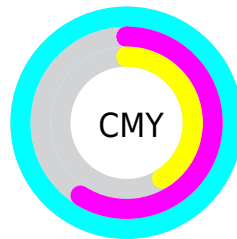
- Red (0%)
- Green (41%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Blue (59%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (41%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.4553, 12.1026, 30.6391 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.4553, 12.1026, 30.6391 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

10.4553, 12.1026,
30.6391

10.4553, 12.1026,
30.6391

187.8780,
205.0834, 319.1717

5.7664, 6.8136,
20.0680

26.2904, 29.6818,
61.7443

2.7429, 3.3458,
12.2599

38.1673, 42.7408,
83.1156

1.0193, 1.3148,
6.7963

53.1710, 59.1587,
108.9239

0.0000, 0.1526,
3.2585

71.6668, 79.3196,
139.5880

0.0000, 0.0000,
1.2281

94.0200, 103.6082,
175.5262

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0018

120.5961,

0.0000, 0.0000,

132.4088, 217.1573

0.0000

151.7603,
166.1057, 264.8996

■ 10.4553, 12.1026,
30.6391

■ 10.4553, 12.1026,
30.6391

■ 10.4548, 12.1015,
30.6392

■ 11.1287, 13.1562,
30.8072

■ 11.9689, 14.3338,
30.9903

■ 13.0435, 15.6709,
31.1917

■ 14.3791, 17.1818,
31.4129

■ 15.9984, 18.8786,
31.6551

■ 17.9215, 20.7723,
31.9193

■ 20.1665, 22.8729,
32.2064

■ 22.7502, 25.1893,
32.5173

■ 25.6880, 27.7301,
32.8529

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.6087, 12.1026, 25.2529



10.4553, 12.1026, 30.6391



12.8583, 12.1026, 30.3388

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.4553, 12.1026, 30.6391



16.5177, 12.1026, 9.7822



8.4744, 12.1026, 6.0105

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.4553, 12.1026, 30.6391



13.5557, 8.4398, 0.9152

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.2468, 12.1026, 4.1354



10.4553, 12.1026, 30.6391



14.9830, 12.1026, 5.7368

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.4553, 12.1026, 30.6391



16.5941, 12.1026, 16.5237



12.6188, 12.1026, 4.0566



7.5771, 12.1026, 10.3169

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.4553, 12.1026, 30.6391



14.4656, 12.1026, 26.9152



12.6188, 12.1026, 4.0566



8.9756, 12.1026, 5.1521

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.4558, 12.1030, 30.6394



35.3324, 40.1300, 56.8049



11.3807, 22.0026, 6.1313



7.4845, 8.5735, 12.5452



71.1368, 74.8414, 81.5023



11.3376, 11.9280, 12.9896

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.4558, 12.1030, 30.6394



18.2901, 21.0360, 54.0176



5.9701, 3.1316, 29.1442



5.8155, 6.2651, 7.3725



8.7001, 10.0950, 25.4210



0.1326, 0.1759, 0.3199

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.0768, 7.4841, 13.7469



26.5251, 13.1742, 23.8310



19.2949, 19.9182, 2.8283



5.9603, 5.8792, 6.8973



12.5185, 6.2124, 11.4773



0.1664, 0.0813, 0.2100

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.4553, 12.1026, 30.6391 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.4553, 12.1026, 30.6391 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.4553, 12.1026, 30.6391

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.4553, 12.1026, 30.6391.

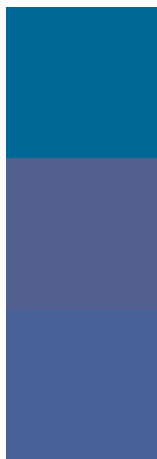


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.4553, 12.1026,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.4553, 12.1026, 30.6391

Protanopia

12.6205, 12.1428, 27.6652

Deuteranopia

12.3964, 12.0816, 31.3844



Tritanopia

8.5149, 11.9861, 18.3878

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.4553, 12.1026, 30.6391

Protanomaly

11.0663, 11.7291, 28.8748

Deuteranomaly

11.1818, 11.8842, 30.9827

Tritanomaly

9.1540, 12.0739, 22.2701

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.4553, 12.1026, 30.6391

Achromatopsia

7.2414, 7.6185, 8.2966

Achromatomaly

7.2223, 8.4940, 14.3555

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.4553, 12.1026, 30.6391 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 104, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 104, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 104, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 104, 150) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.4553, 12.1026, 30.6391 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 104, 150) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 104, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 104, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 104, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 104, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 104,  
150) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.4553, 12.1026, 30.6391 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 104, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 104,  
150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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